

THE NAPAN

Vol. XLVII, No 40 - E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CAN

Robert Light

Manufacturer and Dealer in

Lumber,
Lath,
Shingles,
Cedar Posts and Stakes,
Patent Roofing,
Hardwood Flooring,
Doors,
Sash,
Blinds,
Mouldings,
Verandah Columns,
Stairs and Brackets,
and Interior Finish.

Machine Work Done Promptly.

Telephone 53.

Your Lawn Mower

WILL RUN EASILY
CUT PROPERLY
AND LAST LONGER,

If you have it sharpened on
our New Machine built
specially for sharpening
Lawn Mowers.

Machines called for and
delivered.

The Napanee Bicycle Works
W. J. NORMILE, Prop.

TO MY WALLPAPER FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS.

I wish to thank you for your past
patronage and hope that if I have given
you good satisfaction and you are satisfied
with my WALL PAPERS in regard to
Fast Colors and the length of rolls, and
the way that I have served you, I hope
that I will see all your smiling faces at my
store looking for Lloyd's Wallpapers, as
they are the best money can buy.

JUST A WORD

I have a good many Samples of 21 inch
Paper, meaning a great saving, also

I still sell the Border
by the Roll.

If you do not see my PAPERS you will be
sorry when you see your neighbour's.

GOT AT

LLOYD'S
OLD STAND.

YOUNG MEN and WOMEN!

A Modern Business Education will increase
your earning power and make you independent
for life.

-THE-

Kingston College

Kingston, Ont.

Is a High-Grade Institution, giving thorough
and practical courses in all Commercial
branches. Students may enter at any time of

LENNOX FALL FAIR

Beautiful weather, large crowd, enormous
exhibits, all combined to make the Lennox
Fall Fair a success in every way. The
exhibits this year equalled that of former
years, and in some lines was far better
than usual. There was a noticeable increase
in the poultry exhibit, not only in numbers
but in the quality of the birds shown.
Among the exhibits of horses and cattle
were to be seen some really extra choice
specimens, and the capacity of the pens
were taxed to the limit in order to accom-
modate the number shown. The sheep ex-
hibit was also large, and the quality as good
as usual, which is saying but little, but
means a lot, as all who visit the Lennox
Fair know that the grade of sheep shown
is equal to any shown at the larger fairs.
There was a slight falling off in the swine
exhibit, but there were some fine porkers to
be seen.

The exhibits in the palace were all tastily
arranged and presented a very pleasing ap-
pearance. There was one deplorable fact
noticeable, and that is the falling off of the
displays by our merchants. Whatever the
cause, whether from lack of inducements,
or from indifference on the part of the
merchants, this question should be looked
into, and an endeavor made to have more
of this class of exhibits. The space for
such exhibits could be easily arranged for,
and there is nothing which adds more to
the picturesqueness of the interior of the
palace than the wares of our merchants
tastily arranged.

FIRST DAY.

Quite a number of people visited the fair
grounds on Tuesday afternoon and witness-
ed the races which resulted as follows:

Free-for-all—

Pat McGuinness.....	2 1 1
Dr Pulkinghorn.....	1 2 2
Geo Chambers.....	3 2 2
Farmers' race—	
Ed Kaylor.....	1 1 1
Pat McGuinness.....	2 2 3
Dr Pulkinghorn.....	3 2 2
McCormick.....	4 2 4

THE BABY SHOW.

The palace was crowded to the doors
on Thursday evening to see the babies
and watch the judging, and incidentally
to look at the other displays. There was
an unusually large number of babies to
be judged, two lines the full length of
the platform. The Napanee band furnished
good music for the occasion, and kept the
crowd in good humor. After the judging
of the babies Mr. J. Lockie Wilson, of
Toronto, delivered a spirited address,
on Fairs and the way to conduct them.
The lecturer was listened to with atten-
tion and generously applauded.

The prize winners were: Boys—1st,
Maurice Martin, 2nd, Robert Bruce,
3rd Henry D. Emmons.

Girls—1st, Madeline Kelly, 2nd,
Hazel Clark, 3rd May Louise Laneture.
In addition to the above sixteen
babies each received a handsome doll.

IN THE PALACE.

The display on the first floor was equal
to that of former years, with the exception
of the apple exhibit, which was somewhat
larger than usual. Entering the palace
from the south wing the first thing which
strikes the eye was the usual beautiful dis-
play of the Gibbard Furniture Co., consist-
ing of bedsteads, bureaus, wash-stands, beau-
tifully upholstered chairs, fancy chairs etc.,
which reflects great credit upon the man-
ufacturing propensities of the Gibbard
Furniture Co.

Our Line of Fall Hats

IS COMPLETE.

You can buy Hats at many stores
but you can't buy the Hat for you at
every store. A short stout man
requires an entirely different Hat
from a tall slender figure.

With our large variety of Hats we
have a correct Hat for every head
and face.

—SOFT HATS—

\$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 & \$2.50.

—STIFF HATS—

\$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50 & \$3.00.

J. L. BOYES,

CLASS 1—ROAD AND CARRIAGE HORSES.

Judges—C W Hamby, G C Colquhoun.
Stallion, 3 years old and over—A O Sine,
J McAllister
Brood mare and foal by her side—W
Nugent, H Aylsworth, A Rutan
Foal of 1908—F P Carscallan, R Parks,
A Rutan
3-year-old gelding or mare—S G Hogle,
J Valentine, Jno Hudson
2-year-old gelding or mare—C O Kayler,
H Aylsworth, J Black
1-year-old of any sex—S G Hogle, E
Kayler, W Amey
Pair carriage and coach horses over 15½
hands—G H Williams, R W Finnigan, J
Valentine
Pair carriage horses, 15½ hands and un-
der—R McGuinness, F Marsh, C O Kayler
Single carriage and coach horse over 15½
hands—J C Hawley, C R VanSlyck, F
VanSlyck
Single carriage horse 15½ hands and un-
der—E Vanalstine Jno Ham, R G H Travers
Single trotting or pacing horse, best 3 in
5,—G Chambers, M McGuinness, J P Pul-
kinghorn
Pair roadster horses in harness—J Wil-
liams, I Hamby, C H Garrison
Single roadster horse in harness—E Kay-
ler, G Johnston, J Warner

CLASS II—GENERAL PURPOSE

Foal of 1908—Geo Burtch, W Pringle, G
Chambers
Mare and foal by her side—G Chambers,
W Pringle A Parks
3-year-old gelding or mare—G Collins,
F Marsh, D L Boice
2-year-old gelding or mare—Ed Rook,
1st and 2nd, Jas Black
Yearling, any sex—F H Henderson, I
Hamby, F Perry
Span of general purpose horses—W
Pringle, W H Nugent, W H Hunter

CLASS III—HEAVY DRAUGHT

Stallion, 3 years old and over, in bridle—
Jno McAuley, H Aylsworth, G H Wil-

NO MORE. **35c.** NO LESS.

Is the return fare between all ports on
route of

NO MORE. **35c.** NO LESS.

the return fare between all ports on route of

Str. Reindeer

— 02 —

Wednesdays and Saturdays
of each week through

June, July & Aug.

Don't forget that you can leave Nanpess at 6:30 a.m. or 1 p.m., spend one hour or even hours in Picton, and reach home about 6:30 p.m.

Arrange to meet your Deseronto or Picton friends on the boat, as this excursion is good on all trips same day.

Steamer leaves Picton for Nanpess at 3:30 a.m. and 1:15 p.m.

Saturday passengers wishing to stop over Saturday at either town may do so by paying Single Fare.

**Eyes
Tested
Free.**

EXPERT OPTICIAN

**Newest
Frames.**

F. CHINNECK'S

Jewellery Store.

Near Royal Hotel.

Good Quality Store.

**SPECIALS
FOR FAIR DAY**

For Fair Days we propose giving some great bargains.

For Example:

\$12.50 Dinner Sets, only \$9.75.

\$3.00 Chamber Sets, only \$2.25.

Japanese Samples Fine China 25 per cent. discount.

Purses, any kind, 33 1/3 per cent. off.

Wallpaper Remnants, less than cost.

\$12.00 Folding Baby Carriage \$10.00.

Pictures 1/2 off.

Books, Picture Frames, Fancy Goods, Souvenir Goods, Combs, Pins, Beads, and everything else at lowest price.

Call and see.

A. E. PAUL

Next Cambridge's.

Kingston College

Kingston, Ont.

Is a High-Grade Institution, giving thorough and practical courses in all Commercial branches. Students may enter at any time of the year. Rates are very moderate. Write for our catalog and full particulars.

T. N. STOCKDALE, Prin.

Look at This

offer by a responsible financial firm in Toronto.

**An opportunity to invest
your spare cash in small
amounts of \$50.00 and
upwards.**

This will let you in on an investment where you make all there is to be made and you take the place of the man who has always been on the ground floor. It's as Lawson says: "giving the people a square deal."

**This opportunity will not
last long so act quickly.**

All replies will reach us through
this paper.

BOX 622.

CONWAY.

Pastures are pretty well dried up and a good rain is much needed.

The friends of John Van Dyck are pleased to learn of his recovery.

Miss Lolene Haight spent Sunday under the parental roof in company with Miss Craven.

Mr. Craven and C. B. Creighton of Hanley, Miss Dame of Toronto, at Alexander Sills'.

Miss Flora Sloan has returned home after visiting friends in Picton.

Miss Olive Galbraith, Parma, at James Moon's.

Mrs. Williams, Cobourg, with her daughter, Mrs. A. Neilson.

The Sunday school of this appointment contemplate holding a picnic in Cadman's Grove, Hay Bay, on Saturday.

A number from here were guests at the Fitchett-Buck wedding at Parma last week.

Mr. and Mrs. George Switzer and George Gurrin have returned home from the Toronto exhibition.

W. Galloway has returned home after visiting friends in Toronto.

The ladies aid of this place met at the home of Mrs. George Switzer, Thursday evening, the 17th.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Wilson, a son

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Cresolene tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists.

WON HIS CASE.

Doctors Said He Must Die, But He Rallied Under South American Kidney Cure, and Diabetes Was Absolutely Cured.

A prominent legal light in a Canadian Western town treated and dieted for years for what the doctors diagnosed an incurable case of diabetes. He became so bad that he had to quit his practice, other complications setting in, and his sufferings were most intense. Almost as a last resort he tried South American Kidney Cure, and, to his own surprise, immediately began to improve. This is over a year ago. He continued taking this greatest of all kidney specifics, and today he is a well man.

(20)

Sold by T. B. Wallace

strikes the eye was the usual beautiful display of the Giffard Furniture Co., consisting of bidsteads, bureaus, wash-stands, beautifully upholstered chairs, fancy chairs etc., which reflects great credit upon the manufacturing propensities of the Giffard Furniture Co.

M. S. MADOLE.

Had a splendid display of the goods carried in his large store. In the display the Canada Steel Ranges, Peninsular ranges and stoves, and Eureka Sanitary churns attracted a good deal of attention. Mr. Madole had also a fine display of general hardware, tools, nickleware and kitchen helps also Thermos bottles, the bottles that keep liquids hot or cold for a couple of days.

The display of pumpkins, squash, beets, carrots, turnips etc was extra good and some mammoth specimens were shown in this exhibit.

A very pretty and attractive display was that of Hawley & Maybee, proprietors of "The People's Boot and Shoe Store." This exhibit consisted of all the latest things in boots and shoes, trunks and valises, and the very artistic arrangement of the display showed the stock off to perfection.

Mr. J. W. Courtney, of the Newburgh Tannery, had a fine exhibit of the products of his works, consisting of leather, rugs, robes, etc.

An exhibit, which came in for considerable attention, was that of cement blocks and bricks of several plain and fancy designs, the product of G B Joy's brick yard which is located near the car bridge. This display was carefully examined by a large number of people, and favorably commented upon.

Quite a large space was occupied on this floor by the exhibit of potatoes, onions cabbage, tomatoes, peppers, celery, water melons, musk melons, etc., and as this whole exhibit was nicely displayed it made a very attractive picture.

A Dawson, agent for the National Manufacturing Co., Pembroke, made a nice display of Capital Cream Separators and Empress Steel Ranges.

R B Allen had his usual fine display of pianos and organs, gramophones, phonographs, violins, mandolins, etc., and when we say this exhibit was awarded first prize, that is comment enough.

Special mention must be made of the unusually large display of home-made bread and buns. Never before was this exhibit as large as this year. This excellent showing was among the display of dressed fowl and preserved goods of all kinds.

Upon ascending the stairs to the second floor one could not help noticing the excellent showing of the J J Haines Shoe Houses. Their display composed of everything to be found in an up-to-date boot and shoe store, and well sustained the excellent reputation this firm holds for being classed among the leading shoe merchants of this section of the country. Among their exhibit was to be found all the latest styles and makes in boots and shoes, trunks, valises, etc.

"The Maple Leaf Forever" was the wording on the banner which was stretched across the front of the very beautiful display of Madill Bros, and reflected great credit upon those in charge of the arrangement of this exhibit. The firm of Madill Bros, evidently believe in what is worth doing, is worth doing well. The beautiful goods shown in this display gave one a very good idea of the character of the stock to be found at this firm's place of business. This exhibit carried off the first prize for the best Merchant's display.

The exhibit of F W VanDusen, harness manufacturer, eclipsed anything ever before shown in this line in point of extensiveness and the quality of goods shown. Among other things shown in this exhibit might be mentioned fancy wool lap rugs, fancy wool horse blankets, fur robes, fur coats, farm and carriage harness, horse collars, etc. Quite a novelty in the shape of a miniature horse collar, measuring about six or eight inches, hung in front of this exhibit and attracted considerable attention.

We must not fail to mention the extensive showing of ladies' work. This beautiful exhibit occupied the whole of the eastern wing on the second floor and was the centre of attraction for the fair sex at any and all times during the time of the exhibition.

In order to get a better idea of the extensiveness of the exhibits a perusal of the prize list which follows must be resorted to.

1st and 2nd, Jas Black
Yearling, any sex—F H Henderson, I Hamblly, F Perry
Span of general purpose horses—W Pringle, W H Nugent, W H Hunter
CLASS III—HEAVY DRAUGHT
Stallion, 3 years old and over, in bridle—Jno McAuley, H Aylsworth, G H Williams
Stallion, 2 years old—Dr Bell
Filly or gelding, 3 years old—Irvine Russell, F H Henderson, R Shesler
Filly or gelding, 2 years old—G Chambers, Geo Burtch, Wes Storms
1-year-old, any sex—S G Hogle D Brown, Geo Chambers
Mare and foal by her side—W H Hunter, F H Henderson, D L Boice
Foal of 1908—W H Hunter, S G Hogle, D L Boice
Span of heavy draught horses, in harness—Geo Chambers, J W Walker, Thos Killorin

CLASS V—GRADE CATTLE
Milch cow—A Parks, C E File, R Nugent
2-year-old heifer—I Hamblly, R Nugent, C E File
Yearling heifer—1 Hamblly, C E File, J Valentine
Heifer calf, under one year—C E File, J Valentine, F B Carscallen
Heifer calf, 1908—C E File, I Hamblly, F B Carscallen
Herd of 3 females—I Hamblly, C E File, R Nugent

CLASS VI—SHORTHORNS.
Judges—Louis A LaPierre, A Karns
2-year old bull and over—W Brandon
Yearling bull—Roy Garrison
Bull calf, under one year—W Brandon
Cow, 3-year-old or over—W H Hunter, W Brandon, Roy Garrison
Heifer, 2 years old—Roy Garrison, W Brandon
Heifer, one year old—Roy Garrison, Jas Kenny, W H Hunter
Heifer, under one year—W H Hunter, W Brandon
Calf, any sex, 1908—Wm Brandon
Herd, male and 2 females—Roy Garrison

CLASS VII—AYRSHIRES.
2-year-old bull and over—J C Creighton
T D Creighton
Yearling bull—J C Creighton, T D Creighton
Bull calf, under one year—J C Creighton, T D Creighton
Heifer, 2 years old—J C Creighton, T D Creighton
Heifer, 1 year old—J C Creighton, T D Creighton
Heifer, under one year—G Chambers
Calf, any sex, 1908—G Chambers
Herd, male and 2 females—J C Creighton

CLASS VIII—JERSEYS
2-year-old bull and over—A W Caton & Co
Bull calf, under one year—A W Caton & Co
Cow, 3-year-old or over—A W Caton & Co
Heifer, 2 years old—A W Caton & Co, J J Johnston
Heifer, under one year—A W Caton & Co
Herd, male and 2 females—A W Caton & Co

CLASS IX—STEERS
Beef steer, 3 years old—R Nugent

CLASS X—HOLSTEINS
2-year-old bull and over—I Hamblly, E Perrott, J Valentine
Yearling bull—W Pringle, A Parks
Bull calf, under one year—I Hamblly, R Parks, A Parks
Cow, 3-year-old or over—H S Morgan, I Hamblly, A Parks
Heifer, 2 years old—I Hamblly, A Parks, J Valentine
Heifer, 1 year old—A Parks, J Valentine, I Hamblly
Heifer, under one year—I Hamblly, W Pringle, J Valentine
Calf, any sex, 1908—J Valentine, A Parks, R Parks
Herd, male and 2 females—I Hamblly

CLASS XI—SHEEP—LEICESTER
Judge—Louis A La Pierre
Ram, 2 shears and over—R J Garbutt, J Valentine
Ram, shearing—R J Garbutt, J Valentine
Ram, lamb, 1908—C W Neville, J Valentine
One ewe, two shears and over—J Valentine, W Dawson
One shearing ewe—J Valentine, R J Garbutt,

THE EXPRESS.

CANADA—FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 18th, 1908

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

One ewe lamb, 1908—C W Neville, J Valentine
Ram, one ewe two shears and over, ewe and one ewe lamb—J Valentine

CLASS XII—COTSWOLDS

Ram, 2 shears and over—C W Neville, K P R Neville
Ram, shearing—C W Neville, K P R Neville
Ram lamb, 1908—J Valentine, C W Neville
One ewe, two shears and over—K P R Neville, C W Neville
One shearing ewe—J Valentine, K P R Neville
One ewe lamb, 1908—C W Neville, J Valentine
Ram, one ewe two shears and over, one yearling ewe and one ewe lamb—C W Neville

CLASS XIII—DORSET HORNED

Ram, 2 shears and over—M N Empey
Ram, shearing—M N Empey
Ram lamb 1908—M N Empey
One ewe, two shears and over—M N Empey
One shearing ewe—M N Empey
One ewe lamb, 1908—M N Empey
Ram, one ewe two shears and over, one yearling ewe and one ewe lamb—M N Empey

CLASS XIV—SHROPSHIRE DOWNS

Ram, 2 shears and over—S G Hogle, I Hamby
Ram shearing—J F Dawson, S G Hogle
Ram lamb, 1908—G Hogle, J F Dawson
Ewe two shears and over—W Dawson, S G Hogle
One shearing ewe—J F Dawson, I Hamby
One ewe lamb, 1908—J F Dawson, I Hamby
Ram, one ewe two shears and over, one yearling ewe and one ewe lamb—S G Hogle
Balance of prize list next week

A clever, popular Candy Cold Cure Tablet—called Preventics—is being dispensed by druggists everywhere. In a few hours, Preventics are said to break any cold—completely. And Preventics, being so safe and toothsome, are very fine for children. No Quinine, no laxative, nothing harsh nor sickening. Box of 18—25c. Sold by—ALL DEALERS.

Organization Meeting.

On Tuesday evening next Mr. F. S. Wartman will be pleased to meet all Liberal workers and organize for the coming campaign.

**COMMITTEE ROOM
OPPOSITE
BRISCO HOUSE**

When Prince Arthur of Connaught was travelling through Canada, McConkey's Chocolates were served on the train. "The choice of Royalty." The Medical Hall Fred L. Hooper, sole agent for Napanee.

OLD PROBS AND THE DROUGHT.

MARYSVILLE.

Threshing is the order of the day. Many from here attended the Labor Day picnic at Deseronto.

Miss Annie McAlpin is spending her vacation in Morrisburgh and other eastern places.

Frank J. Meagher spent last week camping with a number of friends from Enterprise at Third Lake, Addington county.

Miss E. Callorn is visiting her aunt, Mrs. P. McAlpin.

D. Walker was in Napanee on Saturday.

All are glad to hear that Miss Lillie Drummie is getting better in the Hotel Dieu, Kingston.

Miss Hilda McGurn was visiting with Miss Mary Traynor.

Miss Mary Traynor spent the first part of the week in Deseronto, and attended the picnic and ball.

Miss Maggie Mellor, of Belleville, spent Sunday and Monday at the Marysville House.

V. Fallon of Cornwall, Mrs. Jemina Gates, Westbrooke, Miss Annie Marshall, Belleville, C. Trimble and Miss Allie Meagher, Napanee, and Miss Annie Scanlon, Enterprise, were visitors at J. C. Meagher's last week.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat

A Candy Bowl Laxative.

ELECTION DAY

Monday, October 26th, has been definitely decided on as the date for the General Election, with nominations a week earlier, on October 19th.

ODESSA.

On Sunday morning, Miss Mamie McCamus, organist for the Methodist Sunday school, and church for about four years past, was presented with a gold watch from Sunday school and congregation. Miss McCamus is leaving for Whitby College and will be greatly missed.

Rev. David Aylesworth, of Rome, N. Y., who is visiting his old home here, preached both morning and evening on Sunday last at the Methodist church here.

On Sunday lightning struck the barn of Joseph McConnell, burning it to the ground. He lost, among other things, a valuable colt, and carried only a small insurance.

Several loads drove to Barriefield camp and took in the tattoo. One load was a little late going home on account of the wagon axle breaking.

Mrs. E. M. Hogle, of Rutherford, N. Y., is visiting her sister, Mrs. Don Thompson,

NEW LUMBER YARD

Messrs. J. R. Dafoe and W. T. Waller, have purchased the lumber stock and business of Mr. M. S. Madole, and have overhauled the machinery of the planing mill and have it equipped for first-class work, and are prepared to supply the following first-class building material:—

**Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Sash, Doors, Blinds,
Mouldings, Verandah Posts. Also Cement,
Sand, Lime, Building Paper, Roofing Drain Tile**

in fact anything required in the building trade. **Lumber Dressed, and Sash and Doors, Etc. Prepared to order.**

When intending to build, give us a call, foot of East Street.

DAFOE & WALLER,

Orders left at T. H. Wallers' Hardware Store, or at J. R. Dafoe's Office will receive prompt attention. Telephone No. 14.

MILLS FOR SALE—Grist Mill, Saw Mill, (including Planer and Shingle Mill) with splendid water privilege. Good dwelling and barn. Estate property and must be sold. Fine chance for man with small capital. Address D. WILLIAMS, Executor, Wilton, Ont.

FARMS FOR SALE—Send for big list of farm bargains and valuable hints about farms and farm buying. A post card will bring it. Or call at my office, opposite Royal Hotel.

W. G. H. BROWN,
Real Estate Agent.
Box 230 Napanee, Ont.

WANTED—A good active fellow to sell Life Assurance for the "Mutual Life Company of Canada," in Lennox and Addington. Very liberal terms to the right man.

Apply S. BURROWS,
General Agent,
Belleville, Ont.

Court of Revision.

Notice is hereby given that a Court will be held, pursuant to "The Ontario Voters' Lists Act," by His Honor the Judge of the County Court of the County of Lennox and Addington, at Selby town hall, on SATURDAY, THE 26th DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1908, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to hear and determine the several complaints of errors and omissions in the Voters' List of the Municipality of Richmond for 1908. All persons having business at the Court are required to attend at the said time and place.

ABRAM WINTERS,
Clerk of the said Municipality.
Dated the 8th day of September, 1908.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the estate of Frederick Parker Douglas, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to chapter 129, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, section 38, and amending acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Frederick Parker Douglas, late of the Town of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, manufacturer, deceased, who died on or about the 12th day of July, A. D. 1908, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to Herrington, Warner & Grange, Napanee, Ont., solicitors for Willet Jacob Toller, Administrator of the last will and testament of the said Frederick Parker Douglas, deceased, on or before the 10th DAY OF OCTOBER, A. D. 1908, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them. And further take notice that after the said 10th day of October, A. D. 1908, the said administrator will proceed to distribute the

Millinery Opening

SATURDAY,
SEPTEMBER 26th

and following days.

The Leading Millinery House.

DOXSEE & CO.

D. R. BENSON

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College, has opened and offices second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences.

Residence: West Street, near Madden's grocery.

ALBERT COLLEGE, SCHOOL OF FINANCE.

is now one of the leading schools of practical education of Canada. ATTENDANCE DOUBLED IN LAST THREE YEARS. \$34.50 pays board, room, tuition, electric light, use of bath, gymnasium, all but books and laundry, for twelve weeks—longer period at reduced rate. \$30 pays tuition alone for the entire scholastic year. A staff of experienced specialists give individual instruction in five distinct courses. An evening class FREE for all registered students in this department. Graduates holding the best positions. Candidates prepared yearly for the examinations held by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Ontario, and for Commercial Specialisms. Special attention given to Matriculation, Teachers' Courses, Elongation, Fine Art, Directed Courses.

When Prince Arthur of Connaught was travelling through Canada, McConkey's Chocolates were served on the train. "The choice of Royalty." The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper, sole agent for Napanee.

OLD PROBS AND THE DROUGHT.

The Toronto World says: There was "no sign of rain" when the World talked dry spell with the seer of the weather the other night at the Meteorological Observatory.

The expert measurer of rainfalls and force of winds was not prepared to give the present drought the dignity of a record breaker. It was not necessary to be the oldest inhabitant to surpass it in duration. It takes, however, a leap backward of 22 years to reach the longest dry spell on record at the observatory. That was in 1876. Ontario then had a drought which was prolonged from the first of August until the 18th of September, a period of seven weeks.

The present dry spell has continued for four weeks, except for a slight shower on Aug. 19, and an extremely light sprinkling of rain on Sept. 1.

An Ottawa man says that the department of agriculture at Ottawa and the management of the C. P. R., some years ago had expert advice that a period of seasons in which drought would be a widespread feature, might be looked for. The C. P. R. was sufficiently inspired to push on the great irrigation expenditures. The Dominion Government was influenced by these forecasts, it is said, to press forward the Grand Trunk Pacific scheme, as a safeguard against a period of trade depression such as has in times past been produced by agricultural disaster.

RURAL MAIL DELIVERY.

"I have much pleasure in informing you that we have evolved a scheme of delivery for the Province of Ontario and the whole Dominion of Canada, by which we will be able to equip every existing mail route in the Dominion with mail boxes placed at the door of each house and at the junction of the main road and concession lines in order to save the long travel of two or three miles to reach the nearest post office."

"This is the bounty of the Reform Government to the farmers of Canada."—Hon. R. Lemieux, P. M. G., at Niagara Falls.

No matter who tested your eyes, nor where you were fitted with glasses, if they are not giving present satisfaction you can have them made right at The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

Taking a Walk.

Justice—What have you to say in answer to the charge of stealing this man's plank walk?

The Accused—I took it by advice of my physician, yer honor. He told me to take a long walk every day. This was the first long walk I saw to-day, and of course I took it. A man can't afford to employ a doctor unless he takes his advice.

Justice—The court, however, will give you advice for nothing—three months' rest. You will take it in the house of correction.

Itch, Mange, Prairie Scratches, Barber's Itch, and every form of contagious Itch on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by—T. B. Wallace

only a small insurance.

Several loads drove to Barriefield camp and took in the tattoo. One load was a little late going home on account of the wagon axle breaking.

Mrs. E. M. Hogle, of Rutherford, N. Y., is visiting her sister, Mrs. Don Thompson.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Kenny, J. Cairns, J. H. Babcock, Harry Jones, Norman Snider, and Roy Simpkins, took in the exhibition at Toronto last week.

Mrs. Wycott, sr., Mrs. William Wycott and son, Harold, and Mrs. W. H. Dougherty, returned last week from North Dakota, where they have been spending the past two months.

Mr. and Mrs. John Lee and daughter, Pearl, of Brownville, N. Y., are visiting friends here.

Sincere sympathy is felt for Mrs. W. C. Babcock in the loss of her mother, Mrs. George Chamberlain, who died at her home in Kingston this week. Mrs. Chamberlain was a resident of this place for several years and was well-known.

S. J. Sproule and Mrs. W. A. Baker attended the funeral of Miss Mona Denyes at Enterprise on Thursday last.

B. Toomey, E. O. Clark, of Odessa, and Guy Simmons, of Wilton, are spending a few days at Montreal.

Visitors; The Misses Nelson, of Dresden; at their sister's, Mrs. G. H. Remion; Mrs. (Dr.) Alger and daughter, Dorothy, of Stirling, at Dr. Mabee's; Mrs. Harry Rutherford, of North Bay, at her father's, William Henzy.

A Word About Corns.

Don't suffer a minute with corns—go straight to Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store and get some of that corn killer, it don't cost much.

THE FALL FAIRS.

Shannonville—Sept. 19th.
Brighton—Sept. 22nd.
Marmora—Sept. 22nd and 23rd.
Coe Hill—Sept. 23rd.
Pictou—Sept. 23rd and 24th.
Stirling—Sept. 23rd and 24th.
Tarnworth—Sept. 28th.
Tweed—Oct. 1st.
Bancroft—Oct. 1st and 2nd.
Campbellford—Oct. 1st and 2d.
Odessa—Oct. 2nd.
Robin's Mills—Oct. 3rd.
Warkworth—Oct. 8th and 9th.

Time Saved For You.

And often times money too by going direct to Wallace's Drug Store. When in need of anything in the Drug line, (if it's to be had in a Drug Store in Napanee you'll find it at Wallace's), Napanee's leading Drug Store,—if we haven't got it we will get it for you promptly, everything reliable. Prices right. T. B. Wallace—The Prescription Druggist.

NAPANEE CHEESE BOARD.

1060 white and 300 colored cheese were offered for sale at the meeting on Friday Sept. 11th. All sold at 12 1/2c. The following factories boarded;

	White Colored
2 Croydon	60
3 Clareview	30
4 Tamworth	60
5 Sheffield	60
6 Moscow	140
7 Empey	40
8 Bell Cook	60
9 Phippen No 1	70
10 Phippen No 2	60
11 Phippen No 3	75
12 Kingsford	50
13 Forest Mills	100
20 Palace Road	75
22 Sully	100
23 Newburgh	100
25 Deseronto	100
26 Marlbank	50
28 Enterprise	80
29 Whiteman Creek	50

Pink Pain Tablets—Dr. Shoop's—stop Headache, womanly pains, any pain, anywhere, in 20 minutes sure. Formula on the 25c box. Ask your druggist or doctor about this formula—it's fine.

quired to deliver or send by post prepaid to HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE, Napanee, Ont., solicitors for Willet Jacob Miller, Administrator of the last will and testament of the said Frederick Parker Douglas, deceased, on or before the 10th DAY OF OCTOBER, A. D. 1908, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 10th day of October, A. D. 1908, the said administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which they shall then have received notice, and will not be responsible for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they have not received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE,
Solicitors for the said Administrator
Dated the 9th day of September, 1908. 39d

EXECUTORS' NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the estate of Hannah Mulhern, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 129, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, section 38, and amending acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Hannah Mulhern, late of the Township of Fredericksburgh, in the County of Lennox and Addington, spunter, deceased, who died on or about the 13th day of August, A.D. 1908, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to John English, Napanee, Ontario, solicitor for Executors of the last will and testament of the said Hannah Mulhern, deceased, on or before the 16th DAY OF OCTOBER, A.D. 1908, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 16th day of October, A. D. 1908, the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which they shall then have received notice, and will not be responsible for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they have not received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

JOHN ENGLISH,
Solicitor for the said Executors.
Dated the 16th day of September, 1908. 40d

APPLES WANTED!

—AT—

Symington's Evaporator.

"The best road to it is via Madden's Corner straight down to the river.

PRICES.

From 20c to 40c per Cwt.

THOS. SYMINGTON.
Proprietor.

THE NORTHERN CROWN BANK.

With 78 Branches in Canada, 452 in the West,—The Northern Crown Bank has exceptional facilities for handling the business of Farmers, Cattlemen, Grain Dealers and Retail Merchants, as well as that of Manufacturers and Wholesale Houses whose dealings extend throughout the country.

Interest Paid Quarterly on Savings Accounts.

Napanee Branch,
R. G. H. TRAVERS,
Manager,

Odessa Branch,
A. P. S. DONALDSON,
Manager.

Enterprise Branch,
W. F. MORGAN DEAN,
Act'g. Mgr.

Bath Branch,
W. GORDON,
Act'g. Mgr.

at reduced rate. \$30 pays tuition alone for the entire scholastic year.

A staff of experienced specialist give individual instruction in five distinct courses. An evening class FREE for all registered students in this department. Graduates holding the best positions. Candidates prepared yearly for the examinations held by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Ontario, and for Commercial Specialties.

Special attention given to Matriculation, Teachers' Courses, Elocution, Fine Art, Physical Culture.

College reopens Tuesday, Sept. 8th, 1908. For Illustrated Calendar, address

PRINCIPAL DYER, M.A., D.D.
Belleville, Ont.

THE - DOMINION - BANK
NAPANEE BRANCH

PAID UP CAPITAL \$3,762,000
SURPLUS 4,739,000
TOTAL DEPOSIT BY THE PUBLIC
OVER 35 MILLIONS.

Interest paid on Savings Account
Every Three Months.

DUDLEY L. HILL,
Acting Manager, Napanee Branch.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.
ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL \$6,000,000.
RESERVE \$4,000,000
UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS

SIR H. MONTAGU ALLAN, Pres.
E. F. HEBDEN, General Manager.

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid on same.
Interest payable quarterly, on the last day of February, May, August and November.
Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Napanee Branch, **W. A. BELLHOUSE, Mgr.**
Yarker Branch, **E. R. CHECKLEY, Mgr.**

Baskets for chaff and roots, market baskets, clothes baskets, lunch baskets,
BOYLE & SON.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Novel Laxative.

LEA TO HEL



Is it right-side out?

MOTHERS often complain that the children need so much attention. "I never get time to breathe," says one. "I never have a minute's rest," says another.

I wonder if they ever heard of the mother who taught her children to go to church, by exercising tact and skill! It is a story with a moral. She noticed that her neighbors' children always objected to church and Sunday school, always fought against it. So when her children grew old enough to have observance of Sunday she gathered them round her and said: "I am going to let you, as a special privilege, go to church; so long as you are good you may go every Sunday. Should you misbehave you must stay at home."

Of course, the children were crazy to go. They always are anxious to do things that are attractively presented, and while they were young they all acquired the habit of going regularly and joyfully to church—a habit none of them lost in after life.

Just the same principle may be applied to children who do not do for themselves. Teach the children, as soon as they are old enough, to button their own shoes and to fasten their own clothes. Make it something of which to be proud; make it a privilege. By thus presenting many tasks they become a pleasure instead of work. Do not tell the child she must dress, she must brush her hair; tell her she is now old enough to start to do things for herself. Tell her how caring for her own needs is one of the privileges of grown-ups; how glad she should be that she has arrived at such an interesting time of life.

growing—that they long to be out in the open air. They love to run and play, of course, yet they do not care to climb a flight of stairs on an errand for mother. That is not always laziness, nor does it indicate a bad disposition. It is the natural, savage instinct of the child to be out where the sun supplies health and strength to foster rapid growth and development.

It is really true that children cannot be successfully driven unless they are absolutely intimidated, and, surely, no really loving mother wants to put herself in the position of slave driver toward her child. It spoils the training, spoils the disposition and ruins the ideal relation that should exist between a woman and her family.

But children are very easily led. A little love, a suggestion, a patient lesson, and the result usually far exceeds the



"My son John"



It is better not to chew the tooth brush

to some preparation to prevent falling hair; mine is coming out in thick bunches.
Mrs. NEWLYWED.

The following is a very good recipe for brillantine. You use it by putting a little of the mixture on the palms of the hands and rubbing them over the hair, either before or after arranging: Sweet almond oil, eight fluid ounces; alcohol, four fluid ounces; glycerine, one fluid ounce; oil of rose geranium, twelve drops.

I am also giving you a recipe for a hair tonic, which should be rubbed on the scalp every second day: Phenol, one half dram; tincture nux vomica, seven and one-half grains; tincture cinchona, one ounce; tincture of cantharides, one-half dram; cologne, four ounces; sweet almond oil, two ounces.

If you do not care to use the tonic, a few drops of kerosene rubbed on the scalp every night will have the most beneficial effect.

To Reduce the Bust

Will you please tell me if there are any exercises that may be taken to reduce the bust? If so, please name them, and also state the length of time it takes to show results.
HARRIET K.

There are no exercises, to my knowledge, that will reduce the bust. Time will do this of its own accord, and you need not try to help it, for you will

Superfluous Hair on the Arms.

What shall I do with the hair on my arms? It is very dark, and shows so plainly that I find it impossible to wear short sleeves. I am afraid to use it for fear it will grow

Amate

measure instead of work. Do not tell the child she must dress, she must brush her hair; tell her she is now old enough to start to do things for herself. Tell her how caring for her own needs is one of the privileges of grown-ups; how glad she should be that she has arrived at such an interesting time of life.

Few children, unless there be some illness, some lack of strength, are naturally lazy. There is a time—while they are

really loving mother wants to put herself in the position of slave driver toward her child. It spoils the training, spoils the disposition and ruins the ideal relation that should exist between a woman and her family.

But children are very easily led. A little love, a suggestion, a patient lesson, and the result usually far exceeds the most sanguine hopes. Children are quick to learn both good and bad. Why not teach them only good?

Advice to Correspondents

Dry Hair

My scalp is dry and my hair falls out rapidly. What can I do? It seems to be absolutely lifeless. I have never tried anything equal to your cleansing cream. I shall never again be without it.

E. B. H.

Very dry hair is usually not very healthful hair. It should be carefully treated. The following is a very good lotion which will help you, I think. Apply this to the scalp every other night with a medicine dropper, and I am sure you will find great improvement. Needless to say, after applying the lotion, the scalp should be thoroughly manipulated. Glycerine, one ounce; eau de Cologne, one-quarter pint; liquid ammonia, one dram; oil of origanum, one-half dram; oil of rosemary, one-half dram; tincture of cartharides, one ounce. Briskly agitate for ten minutes, then add camphor julep, one-half pint, and again mix well and stir. A few drops of essence of musk or other perfume can be added.

Eyelashes Are Annoying

My eyelashes are so long and so thick that I have my eyes. Some people call them

pendulous (twisted by the importance of commercial travellers) or monocular, safe take your pick off. Your everlasting persistence is enough to make a fellow get out of the act. Improbable Traveller. "Mr. now, sir, we shall do a bit of business. In addition to other things, I represent a first-class firm of cutlers. Let me show you samples of my razors."

wild hairs. It may have been caused by the fact that I have granulated eyelids. That trouble is now cured, but my eyelashes do not yet behave themselves properly. Can you give me something to cure the trouble?

C. P. T.

I am afraid that there is nothing I can do to help you, although I much regret my inability. An oculist is the only person whom it is safe to consult, for then you are sure not to get anything that will injure the eyes. I should think, however, time would cure the complaint.

Good Cold Cream

Will you kindly print your best formula for cold cream?

Mrs. G. S. R.

For plain cold cream there is no better recipe than: Expressed juice of cucumbers, one-half pint; deodorized alcohol, one and one-half ounces; sweet almond oil, three and one-half ounces; shaving cream, one dram; blanched almonds, one and three-quarter drams. This is a suave lotion, very whitening, softening and cleansing. I hope you will like it.

Large, Fleshy Feet

What can I do for large, fleshy feet? My bones are very small, and I am not otherwise stout, but my feet are fatty and tender.

A READER.

I do not know of anything that you can do to reduce your feet. Perhaps you do not walk enough. You had better see some physician, who could do more for you than I, because he could diagnose your case at a personal interview. There is probably something wrong with the circulation of your blood.

Superfluous Hair on the Arms.

What shall I do with the hair on my arms? It is very dark, and shows so plainly that I find it impossible to wear short sleeves. I am afraid to cut it for fear it will grow longer, and I cannot find any good cream to remove it. Have you any? E. VAN T.

It would be a great mistake to cut the hair on your arms, for it would, as you say, surely grow longer.

The following is a good depilatory, which you should use strictly according to directions: Sulphide of soda or calcium sulphide, 100 grains; chalk, 100 grains. Mix thoroughly, and keep dry in well-corked bottle until wanted for use. Take enough to make a paste, and add warm water until the proper consistency is secured. Spread over the hairy surface, and allow to remain for from one to five minutes, according to the nature of the growth and the susceptibility of the skin; then scrape off with a blunt blade—a paper knife, for example. It should be removed if a burning sensation is produced. Too long contact with the skin should be avoided, and immediately after the hair has been removed the denuded surface should be gently washed with warm water and a cold cream should be applied to prevent irritation.

To Develop the Bust

Will you please give me a remedy to develop the bust? Kindly put it in the Sunday paper.

TOTSY.

I must reiterate my usual statement that letters cannot be answered in the next edition of the paper. The mail is so large that they must each take their turn. Anybody wishing an immediate reply must send a stamped and self-addressed envelope.

The following you will find a good developer for the bust. It is not harmful, and I think it will be satisfactory: Fluid extract of galega, two and one-half drams; lacto-phosphate of lime, two and one-half drams; tincture of fennel (not official), two and one-half drams; simple syrup, twelve ounces.

The dose is two spoonfuls with water before each meal.

Hair Too Dry

Will you please publish a formula for the hair, something that will make it less fluffy after it is washed, so that it may be arranged? Also, please advise me in regard

also state the length of time it takes to show results. HARRIET K. layl

There are no exercises, to my knowledge, that will reduce the bust. Time Th will do this of its own accord, and you know need not try to help it, for you will show

How TO



Do not dry it

It is only a few years ago that the mere mention of false hair was forbidden in polite society. Switches were carefully taken off in the dark and hidden away, so that the weakness, the fault, the sin of wearing one would not become known even among one's intimates.

But nowadays it is a different story. The heretofore blushing maiden proclaims loudly that she wears dollars' worth of pomps and puffs. There is no more hiding inoffensive but tell-tale locks away when girls visit. On the contrary, the dressing table is piled high with all sorts and conditions of hair, and she who possesses most has

OPTIMISM VS. PESSIMISM

It Is Better to Laugh at Our Miseries Than to Mourn Over All Our Circumstances.

"And God saw everything that he had made, and behold, it was good." Genesis 1, 31.

It would be a strange world in which pleasure and piety did not go hand in hand. Appreciation brings delight because it is a duty and it is a duty because it brings delight. He is doing good to this world who is finding all the good there is in it, who is cultivating the power to see the good where others often see only ill.

Optimism, even that perverted type which blinks many of the facts is better for this world than the dear pessimism that dooms all things to perdition, crying out that the race is in a headlong career to ruin and misery.

It is the duty of every man to make this world as bright, as happy and as good a place to live in as he can. No man has a right to nurse a grudge against the universe, for he cannot keep it to himself. A sour disposition never is an individual affair; it becomes social; it saturates the thinking of others.

There are two broad ways of thinking of life and the universe. One is to determine that man is set down in a wholly bad world, where all things fight against his good, where all his fellows are worthless and his own nature is depraved. The other is to find and foster the good in life and to believe that through all purposes of good, far beyond our dreams, are working out.

PROFESSIONAL RELIGION

has been largely of the former type of thinking. It has been pessimistic. It has seemed to think it necessary to prove the goodness of God by establishing the utter badness of man and the moral character of the universe. It has relegated God to some far off heaven and left this world to the tender mercies of the devil.

After all, each makes his own world. The doctrine of the total depravity of humanity is grounded in the common dyspepsia of theologians. We read into our outer world the state of our inner world.

The heart turning over iniquity, brooding over real and fancied sins, looks out and the fair scene is changed to gloom, the cloud of sin rests over all.

Yet it would be hard to do a greater wrong, both to ourselves and to our fellows, than this of giving up hope and setting our faces toward despair. These silent sentences we pronounce on our world go a long way toward sealing its doom. We live according to our faith and our way of living determines the character of all life.

No matter how dark the day it is our business to find some cheer, no matter how our faith in our fellows may be tried it is our duty to seek out the good in them, and no matter how strange the ways of life may seem still to hope on for their issue in good, in the fulfillment of purposes perhaps too high for our present understanding.

STEP OUT INTO THE LIGHT,

there always is a patch somewhere. Fix your thought on the good in others, there is always much if we would but look for it. Live as though this world were ordered in love, with law working out purposes of the highest good, and life itself will give you the reward of faith, the good you yourself believe in.

Faith in God is just faith in goodness; to believe that there is a Father of us all must mean to believe

that he is the father of every good desire, every high thought, every worthy purpose, that the best in us is but the faint, far off reflection of the good in him, and therefore that this world, the world and home of his family, is being ordered, governed for the best good we know and for the good that lies beyond our knowing.

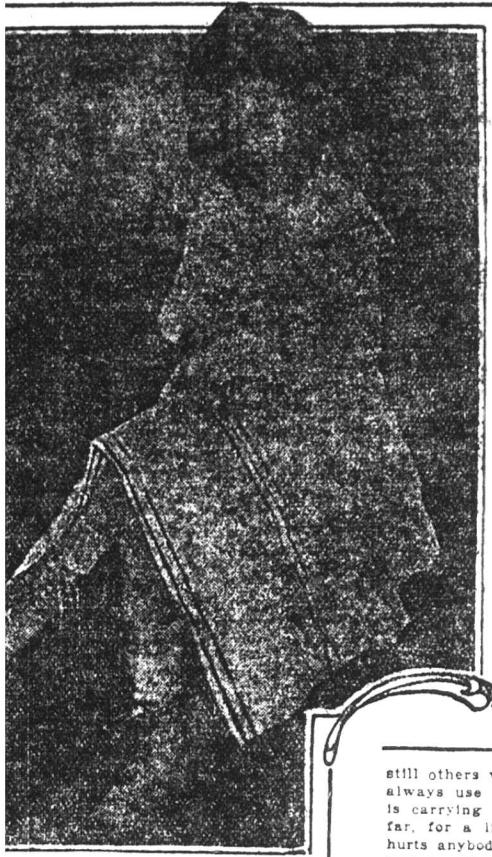
Some people have a good deal more faith in the devil than they have in their god; they think of the world as having been made good, but somehow the evil one got the best of the situation and has ever since succeeded in making it wholly evil.

Believe the best and the best shall be. The facts always answer back to our faith. Life always becomes what we believe it really is. The good of all comes from the high faith and high living of those men and women who believe ever that goodness is greater than badness, that love is better than hate, that the universe is not made to mock us, but to make us and to make us after the pattern of infinite affection.

HENRY F. COPE.

"I got a cold supper when I went home to-night, and you bet I kicked about it." "Did that do any good?" "Well my wife made it warm for me."

ARNING O BE PFUL



Text manicuring



There was a little girl and she had a little curl

still others who never use water, but always use a cleansing cream. This is carrying the idea a little bit too far, for a little clean water never hurts anybody's face. After a journey, or after a particularly hot day, the face should be cleaned with cream. This is done by rubbing the cream on the skin, and then removing it immediately with a soft piece of linen. The face may then be washed in hot and then in cold water. This process should be gone through every night without fail, and it may be repeated during the day. Cleaning the face cannot be harmful. Some women

vary this arrangement by washing first in hot water, then applying the cream, then washing the face in cold water. This is also a very good plan. In any case, let soap be avoided in face washing.

Never use a wash rag on the face. Absorbent cotton is the very best thing for a cleanser, for it may after each washing be thrown away.

The following is a very good cleansing cream: White wax, two ounces; spermaceti, two ounces; sweet almond oil, twelve ounces; distilled water, two ounces; glycerine, two ounces; salicylic acid, ninety grains.

One of Woman's Chief Charms

A SWEET voice is one of the chief charms of an attractive woman.

We should therefore be careful of the gift that nature has given to us and, if possible, improve it. Even coarse, shrill and harsh voices may be softened by care and study, and surely it is worth the trouble. A woman with a peacock voice can never charm.

Speak always in a low tone, but distinctly. Loud talking denotes ill breeding and sometimes shows a domineering spirit. To keep the voice at a proper tone never call from one end of the room to the other, nor from upstairs down, nor from any distance that necessitates bellowing. Such practices only roughen the voice and in time ruin it.

There are persons who when spoken to do not at once respond, either from

indifference or abstraction. The person who speaks is then obliged to raise the voice, and thus the habit of loud speaking is often formed.

This is a condition likely to arise in families where but little politeness is observed. It seems strange that people who love each other often fall in the most ordinary civilized consideration.

To really care for the voice one should never cry out either in pain or in anger. Such efforts forever destroy the harmonious working of the vocal cords. Children should be restrained from wild shrieks when at play.

Should a young child show signs of speaking in a hoarse or disagreeable tone, it should at once be taken to a physician, for perhaps it is not the fault of the baby. It may be some physical defect which might be over-come.

set of duties are of chief importance—those which are moral or those which are ceremonial? What sort of a man—take him all in all—was Saul? What was his chief fault?

Lesson V.—David Anointed at Bethlehem.—Where is Bethlehem? For what is it noted? What prophet went there in search of a future king? Whom did he find? What was the lad's vocation? How was he anointed? What did this ceremony mean? What influence came on David? Did he immediately become a king? What was his appearance? What had he learned as a shepherd?

Lesson VI.—David and Goliath.—What gigantic champion defied the armies of Israel? Why were the Israelites dismayed? Who came to their relief? What gave him remarkable courage? What weapons did he use? Why did he choose them? Which contestant won? What effects were produced on the Philistines, on the Israelites, and on David's dawning career? What qualities in the young shepherd of Bethlehem remain for us to imitate?

Lesson VII.—Saul Tries to Kill David.—What impression on the people was made by David's victory over the giant? How was David compared with Saul in the greetings of the women? What effect was wrought on the king? What sort of an evil spirit was it that possessed him? Did he try to check it or did he yield to it? What did he try to do to David? How did David act under these trying circumstances? What great duty is taught us in the study of this lesson?

Lesson VIII.—Friendship of David and Jonathan.—When did this friendship begin? What was the ground of it? On what was it based? What reasons had Jonathan to refuse fellowship with David? What did David's success mean for Jonathan? Mention some of the qualities of Jonathan's friendship. What other notable historic friendships can you recall? What was the use of a covenant in this case? What is the Golden Text?

Lesson IX.—David Spares Saul's Life.—Where did the incidents of this lesson happen? Where was that region? What was Saul trying to do? In what condition did David find him? What was the suggestion of David's comrade? What did David do? How did Saul receive this treatment? What sort of an example does David set in this incident?

Lesson X.—Saul and Jonathan Slain in Battle.—Where did this battle occur? What forces were arrayed against Israel? What help had Saul sought on the night before the battle? Who died with him on the field? What heroic qualities did he show at the last? Why did Jonathan have to perish along with his father? What is the Golden Text?

Lesson XI.—David Made King Over Judah and Israel.—How many years did David pass in his wilderness exile and adventure? What qualities did he develop during those years? At the last over what realm did he become king? How old was David when he entered upon his reign? How long was he king? What is the Golden Text?

MOTHER IS THE SERVANT

laying a foundation for wrinkles in later years.
There are people who, acting on this knowledge, feel that soap and water should never be used, and there are

Some operators down, not from any distance that necessitates bellowing. Such practices only roughen the voice and in time ruin it.
There are persons who when spoken to do not at once respond, either from

around a young man who shows signs of speaking in a hoarse or disagreeable tone, it should at once be taken to a physician, for perhaps it is not the fault of the baby. It may be some physical defect which skill may over-

MOTHER IS THE SERVANT

SELFISH DAUGHTERS KEEP HER IN THE BACKGROUND.

Have No Consideration for Mother Beyond Making Her a Drudge.

A young woman was entertaining a dozen or more guests. One group surrounded the piano, with its litter of latest songs. Four young people were playing cards in another corner. A bowl of fruit punch was on tap. Beyond sight in the pantry were plates heaped with sandwiches, dainty cakes, salted almonds and home-made candies—made by mother.

"Where is your mother?" asked a sweet-faced girl of her fluttering hostess. "I hope she is not suffering from our common enemy, the grip!"

"Yes, yes," answered the girl hastily, "she has had a touch of it."

She did not dare say to her thoughtful young friend that mother was probably sleeping the sleep of exhaustion, not unmixed with bitterness, due to overwork in preparing the refreshments, and then being told by her daughter that as only young people were coming there was no need of her putting in an appearance.

HEIGHT OF ILL-BREEDING.

Another picture, in another parlor! A young girl, flushed with the triumphs of suddenly acquired belledom, entertaining all at once three nice young men. It is Sunday afternoon, somewhat late, and she hates to lose her sense of power. So she asks them all to stay to tea—and how mother works! One was expected for tea, so she opens jelly and pickles, beats up biscuits and finally waits upon the unexpected supper circle with cheeks flushed, hair somewhat awry and wrath in her soul for the broken day of rest.

You call this selfishness of youth, but it is more than that—the height of ill breeding.

SHOULD CONSULT MOTHER.

In the first instance, the mother should have received the guests with her daughter, and the daughter should have helped to get the refreshments out of the way in time for mother to dress for a proper appearance before guests. The mother need not remain in the room during the entire evening, but common courtesy gives her the right to meet her daughter's guests.

In the second case, the daughter should have slipped quietly from the room and asked the mother whether it was convenient to entertain three young men for tea—and then it was the mother's privilege, not the daughter's, to extend the invitation.

REASONABLE.

Postal Clerk—You'll have to put another stamp on that letter.

Miss Pert—Why?

"Because it's overweight."

"But, gracious! Another stamp would make it still heavier."

TO TREAT ADJUSTABLE HAIR



The proper method of cleansing

After airing bag it.

a markedly superior, one might say superfluous, air.

As false hair is so expensive, it is a very important matter to learn how to take the very best care of it, and now that it may be spoken of "right out loud" even at parties, instructions may be given with ease.

In the first place, air it. Hang it up where it may be reached by breezes. Do not hide it away in bureau drawers or silken bags, even though you may be of the most modest temperament.

In the second place, do not be afraid to clean it—not in soap and water, of course, but in gasoline.

Thirdly, if possible, have a double set;

that is to say, have two pompadours or transformations—one to wear and one to air—and at least two extra puffs, so that one set may rest from time to time. If a double set is provided, the extra hair may be cleaned, aired and then put away in a perfumed bag. There is no harm in this, provided always that the hair to be put away is well aired first. It is for this reason that the perfumed bag may not be used unless milady owns at least two pompadours.

Do not let false hair become matted. If it is good hair, it will stand brushing and combing just as well as, sometimes even better than, the hair of your own head. To brush puffs and such things,

they may be held quite tight by closing the dressing table drawer upon the foundation; sometimes they may be pinned to a table cover or pillow, but best of all, they may be held by some other person. The art of making a finger puff is not difficult to acquire, and each needs remarking almost every day.

To wash the false hair, pour plenty of gasoline into a deep basin and lift the hair up and down in the fluid.

Hair washed in gasoline may be quickly fanned dry, and, after a good airing, it may be tucked away in the perfumed bag. Do not hang any false hair in the sun.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON.
SEPT. 20.

Lesson XII. Third Quarterly Review. Golden Text, 2
Sam. 5. 12.

QUESTIONS FOR SENIOR SCHOLARS.

What form of government preceded the absolute monarchy in Israel? Who was the last of the judges? What reasons did the people give for requesting a king? How did Samuel interpret their request? How was the first king chosen? What was the attitude of the retiring judge to the newly chosen king? What was Samuel's greatest legacy to Israel? What elements in Saul's character fitted him especially for his new position? What elements of unfitness for rulership did he manifest as king? On what ground was he eventually rejected? What external circumstances led to the introduction of David at the court of Saul? What positions did David hold at court and in the army during Saul's reign? Recall the events which led to the

anointing of David to be king in Saul's stead. State the birthplace, parentage, and boyhood of David. What led to the rejection of David by Saul? Compare and contrast the character of Saul with that of his son, Jonathan. Compare and contrast the characters of David and Jonathan. Describe briefly the experiences of David while an exile from court. State the traits in David's character that made him the superior of Saul as a military leader; as king. Recall the closing events of Saul's administration; David's lament over Saul and Jonathan, and the light this throws on his character. Was the establishment of the kingdom in Israel a step in the line of progress or of retrogression? Which was the better form of government, that under the administration of the judges, or that under the administration of the kings? What indications of progress can you trace in political and social affairs during the historical period by the lessons of this Quarter? What events of this period reflect primitive political and social conditions? In what respects was David a man of his own time? In what respects was he in advance of the age in which he lived?

QUESTIONS FOR INTERMEDIATE SCHOLARS.

Lesson I.—Israel Asks for a King—Who ruled the people of Israel at this time? What was his char-

acter as a ruler? What did his sons do when they became judges? Whose fault was this? How did the people feel about it? What did the elders of the nation request? What did Samuel do with their request? What did Jehovah bid the prophet do? In spite of warning, what did the people say? Then what was done?

Lesson II.—Saul Chosen King—To whom did the people come for a king? Who was selected by Samuel? What impression would his personal appearance naturally produce? Did Israel need a military head just then? What signs of promise appeared in the new king? When he got a new heart and was changed into another man, did he remain a changed man? What was his radical defect?

Lesson III.—Samuel warns Saul and the People.—When did Samuel deliver this warning? What sort of a judge had he been? What kind of a public service had he rendered? What sins, sometimes chargeable against public officials, was he guiltless of? Why was it an offense to him that the people clamored for a king? What wise counsel did he give? What did Samuel promise to do for them always?

Lesson IV.—Saul Rejected by the Lord.—What chief offenses had Saul committed? What was this crowning sin? What ground did David have for his rejection?

THE GREAT LONE REGIONS

TO BE ADDED TO QUEBEC, ONTARIO AND MANITOBA.

Quebec Gets Summer Resorts —
Ontario Coal and Clay Lands—
Manitoba a Navigable Harbor.

The great lone regions to be handed over to the Provinces of Manitoba, Ontario, and Quebec are terra incognita, even to most Canadians. Some details of the country from Government and other sources will therefore interest many readers. It will be seen from what follows that Canada possesses in the added areas vast stretches of territory with varied resources and possibilities similar in many respects to those developed in the Yukon, the Cobalt region, the prairie section, and the famous fertile belt of the Canadian West.

Ungava, which goes to the Province of Quebec, is a wild expanse of lakes, rivers, hills, and valleys, with scattered forests, practically unknown, except, in patches here and there, to explorers for timber limits and minerals, tourists, Indian hunters, and trappers. It is greater in extent than the Province of Quebec, itself, the area of which, without the addition of Ungava, is computed at 251,873 square miles. What this means may be gathered from comparison with the States of the Union. Texas, for example, the largest State in the Union, contains 265,780 square miles; Quebec is nearly as large as California and Colorado put together. When Ungava, with its 446,000 square miles and more, is tacked on to Quebec, three or four Provinces of the average dimensions of a majority of the States of the Union could, so far as area is concerned be carved out of the enlarged Province.

Ungava is bounded on the Atlantic side by the Labrador strip; on the north by Hudson Bay Straits, and on the west by Hudson Bay and James Bay. Much of the territory is rough, and a considerable percentage of the heavy timber has been swept away by fire, leaving possibly about half the surface within the tree limit carrying forest growth chiefly fit for pulp. Vegetables and grains are grown at various posts of the Hudson Bay Company, but the agricultural possibilities in many parts are not great; and there are wide patches of barren land. But in portions that slope toward James Bay the land is "very good," and will be of commercial value in the future, and the climate is "not bad."

UTILIZING WATER-POWER.

There are excellent water-powers in the rivers. Dr. Low, Director of the Geological Survey, in giving evidence on the subject before the Senate Committee, stated that the greatest water-powers in the Province of Ontario are small in comparison with those of Grand Falls, Hamilton Inlet, the head of which is on the Canadian side of Labrador. The waterfall at Grand Falls is a good deal larger than that at Niagara, having about nine million horse-power, none of which have yet been utilized.

The fisheries are excellent all through Ungava. Large lake trout, similar to those found in Lake Superior, and whitefish, are very

mense territory of Keewatin. The annexed territory will carry the Province up the west coast of James Bay and along the south shore of Hudson Bay for some distance, thus including the region "around James Bay," shared in part with the Province of Quebec, which Dr. Bell in one of his survey reports declared "might become another Pennsylvania." The question of the undeveloped mineral wealth of this region is dealt with by various authorities, official and unofficial, at great length, but the above will perhaps serve the present purpose.

PRAIRIES AND DEEP CLAY.

A great expanse of land within the extension of the northern boundaries of Ontario is practically a prolongation of the fertile prairies of the Northwest, the chains of hills intersecting it forming but a slight proportion of the whole region, the remainder of which is declared to be mostly a deep and fertile clay, extending far and wide toward the northwest and the north. The testimony of missionaries and Indians who have traversed the region between the Rockies and Hudson Bay is cited as conclusive on this point. Nothing more beautiful lies in the fertile belt between Manitoba and the Rocky Mountains, it is asserted, than in the parts extending east from Manitoba to Lake Temiskaming, and missionaries and the Indians claim that similar areas stretch northwest and north for hundreds of miles.

Manitoba gets the whole of the great Keewatin region that lies west and north of the eastern strip of the territory which is comprised in Ontario's extension; and south of a line continued east from the north line of the sister Provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta to Hudson Bay. This turns over to Manitoba the coming port of Fort Churchill, which is to be the northern terminus of the projected Hudson Bay Railway. Keewatin extends from the Arctic seas southeast down as far as the present north line of Ontario, and is computed to contain 470,416 square miles of territory. The latest official map shows that some nine or ten-twelfths of it have never yet been prospected except along some of the principal rivers. Consequently very little is really known about the interior and far north beyond the fact that it is a great hunting and trapping ground for the Indians, and contains within the explored tree limits forests of timber and stretches of more or less fertile land with good indications of minerals and very extensive water-powers. Where there are Hudson Bay posts, garden truck in a general way is found to flourish and good crops of grains are produced. Gold has been discovered and copper and iron pyrites, some containing small deposits of gold. A good deal of the country prospected from the rivers is already known to be fit for agricultural pursuits side by side with much that is rocky or swampy and unfit. In the southern parts the climate, so far as ascertained, seems as a rule, fairly good and suitable for settlement. Summer frosts are said to be rare, and the official reports express the opinion that settlers south of the Nelson River would not be likely to encounter more difficulty in that respect than in any settled part of the Northwest. The summer there is described as probably equal to that of Saskatchewan. The length of the summer

RADIUM CREATES GEMS

CORUNDUM CONVERTED INTO RUBIES AND SAPPHIRE.

Production of Precious Stones in the Laboratory Will Become an Important Industry.

If, as announced by the news dispatches, a means has been found whereby ordinary corundum can be converted into gem stuff, such as ruby and sapphire, it is only a question of a short time when the market value of the natural precious stones will drop enormously, artificial ones taking their place in the market, writes Robert Franklin in the Technical World Magazine.

In a paper read but recently before the French Academy of Sciences Professor Bordass said that he had obtained some very remarkable results by placing crystals of corundum in contact with radium for periods varying from thirty to sixty days. The idea was suggested to him by the recent discovery that glass in which radium is enclosed acquires after a while a beautiful blue tint. When thus treated, colorless corundum became yellow—being converted, in effect, into Oriental topaz. Blue corundum was transformed into Oriental emerald, and violet-colored corundum became blue sapphire.

The amount of corundum used in these experiments, according to the statement of Professor Bordass, represented a value of forty cents. In fact, he paid that much for it to a jeweler in Paris, who afterwards appraised the same material, when it had undergone the transformations described, at prices running from \$9 to \$160 a carat—the latter value being set upon certain crystals which had been metamorphosed into rubies. It was found that neither heat nor electricity affected the artificial gems, which were in no way distinguishable from those of natural origin.

Now, assuming that there is no mistake about this discovery, its importance is hardly to be overestimated. Artificial rubies, sapphires, and Oriental emeralds, made in France, have recently appeared on the market in considerable quantities, at very moderate prices. They are true gems, manufactured in the laboratory from the same materials that nature uses, and are hardly inferior in beauty to those of natural origin. But the processes employed in their production are difficult and proportionally costly, though the prices asked for them are relatively small, and a specimen over three carats in weight is a rarity.

Corundum, it should be understood, is nature's favorite gem substance. It is a material not at all uncommon, being mined chiefly for use as an abrasive. In North Carolina and in Massachusetts there are extensive deposits of it, contained in crystalline rocks, out of which it is separated by simple mechanical processes. Some of it is taken out in lumps, and the balance is separated from the broken rock by washing, its greater weight causing it to sink in water to the bottom of the troughs used for the purpose. Corundum varies very much in color. Sometimes it is white, sometimes gray, sometimes blue or green. But, whatever its hue, it is

tal amethyst has been produced accidentally in pottery furnaces—a fact which strikingly illustrates the practicability of obtaining gem crystals of corundum by artificial means. Already, it may be said, the thing is being actually done on a commercial scale, and the production of precious stones in the laboratory will inevitably become an important industry in the not-distant future—possibly finding in radium a powerful auxiliary, where manufactured rubies, sapphires, and Oriental emeralds are concerned.

A SCHOOL STRIKE.

How a Teacher Successfully Handled One in India.

Not all strikes are founded on questions of labor and capital. Anne H. Small, in "Suwarta," a book of East Indian experiences, gives an account of a disturbance which interrupted the routine of a mission school with which she was connected. Miss Small's head teacher resigned in order to take another position, and a misunderstanding arose among the pupils as to the motive of her departure.

I gladly saw her go. The next day, when I went to the school to take my usual classes, all seemed strangely still. The classrooms were all empty. I went to the large schoolroom. There was the whole school, standing in solemn array.

"What is it, girls?" I asked. "Go at once to the classrooms."

"Please, Missie Bai," spoke one, who had evidently been chosen as leader, "we have something to say to you."

"Say it quickly; we must not waste time."

"We wish to say that we all intend leaving your school. We cannot stay here now that our teacher has gone away."

"Is that all?"

"Yes."

"Very well, children, you may go. But first I wish to say that your teacher goes because she has a better situation. Now, good-bye! You will go down-stairs very quietly. Take all your own books and slates with you, leaving what belongs to the school on my desk. I will give you ten minutes to do this."

The sixty girls were all taken by surprise. Furtive glances were sent to me, which I returned with gracious smiles. Meantime, although it was no easy matter to bide my amusement, I began to fold up maps, tidy cupboards, and put things in order as if the mutiny were an every-day occurrence.

When the room was cleared I locked the door and followed the last straggler down-stairs. I stepped into my gharry and drove away leaving behind a dumbfounded-looking group.

I had not long to wait for the next scene. In the afternoon my servant brought me word that a deputation from the city was on the veranda, and wished to speak to me. Alas! my holiday would not be for long.

The deputation consisted of a number of the leading men of the district, most of them fathers of present or former pupils, the teachers, and some twenty of the older girls, who looked anxiously on. The situation was, in all respects, satisfactory.

One of the gentlemen made a graceful speech to the effect that I was the father and mother of them all—he was a patriarch and I had

is a good deal larger than that of Niagara, having about nine million horse-power, none of which have yet been utilized.

The fisheries are excellent all through Ungava. Large lake trout, similar to those found in Lake Superior, and whitefish are very abundant, as also are brook trout in the rivers and smaller streams. Lake trout have been caught, weighing as much as fifty or sixty pounds, but the average runs about eight pounds. There are also landlocked salmon, as well as codfish in Ungava Bay, and the sea-run salmon are noticeably good. There are reindeer or barren-ground caribou in Ungava, and the woodland caribou. The best fur skins in the world are obtained on the Labrador side.

Dr. Low places a high estimate on the future commercial value of the Labrador iron ores. The Geological Survey has only explored about three or four hundred miles of the surface of Ungava. Lead ores appear in the ancient rock on the east coast of Hudson Bay.

The galena so far discovered does not carry much silver. Copper has been found, as well as a conglomerate very similar to that around Cobalt, but as regards gold there is not as yet much practical information. There is some mica and asbestos. Dr. Bell, late acting director of the Geological Survey, in a report on this region, said: "All around James Bay, and on the eastern coast of Hudson Bay" (in Ungava, now to become part of Quebec), "there are numerous indications of iron and coal so close one to another that by taking advantage of the cheap means of transport afforded by the navigation in these localities the whole country around James Bay might become another Pennsylvania." Inexhaustible quantities of magnetic iron have been located in the islands bordering the eastern coast of James Bay and also most promising signs of galena. Gold, silver, and copper are there, and quantities of lignite.

Dr. Low says Ungava's climate generally is "fairly cold," even in the summer time. The spring lasts longer than in the settled regions of Canada and the United States. The summer, such as it is, begins "some time in June," and it ends about the first of November. There is a marked difference in the climates of the northern and southern regions respectively, and frost every month of the year in some localities in both the northern and southern territory, except on the east shore of James Bay near the Quebec boundary and a few miles inland, where the temperature rises at times to 80 and 90. In a report to the government of Quebec on Ungava it is stated that the temperature at James Bay is more equable than in the interior. Many large rivers from the south empty their waters into the bay, the southern division of which is shallow for a considerable distance from high water mark, the result being that the water in this portion is seldom cold in summer. The effect produced on the climate by such a vast extent of water with a temperature described as relatively lukewarm, is that "vegetation has never been spoiled by an untimely frost." The country subject to this influence everywhere exhibits exceptional productiveness.

To Ontario will be added all the territory lying between the new western line of Quebec and the new eastern line of Manitoba, comprising the southeast end of the im-

press the opinion that settlers south of the Nelson River would not be likely to encounter more difficulty in that respect than in any settled part of the Northwest. The summer there is described as probably equal to that of Saskatchewan. The length of the summer days is an advantage. There is more sunlight during the summer than is experienced in Ontario or other points farther south, and that is pronounced a distinct help to the vegetation of the country.

Take it altogether, the enlargement of the boundaries of the three Provinces marks a stage in Canadian development that must inevitably be followed by good practical results. So far as extent is concerned, the three Provinces will be able to stand carving up into eight or ten when the population and business justify its being done.

SOURCES OF THIS ARTICLE.

The sources from which the above information is summarized are mainly official. They include the synopsis of evidence taken before a select committee of the Senate of Canada in the session of 1906-7, published under the direction of that indefatigable authority on Canada's northern domains, Mr. R. E. Young, D.L.S., Superintendent of the Railway Lands branch of the Department of the Interior, and edited by Captain Ernest J. Chambers, Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod of the Canadian Senate; the invaluable reports of Dr. Low, director, Geological Survey; and Dr. Robert Bell, former acting director, Geological Survey; the National Transcontinental Railway report on the resources of the country between Quebec and Winnipeg, compiled by Dr. H. M. Ami of the Geological Survey, and reports of missionaries to the Quebec government.—M. O. Scott, Colliers.

SERPENT CURE EFFECTIVE.

Doctor Swindled Out of \$100 by Woman Who Tried "Cure."

Novel crimes are occasionally committed in Paris, as, for instance: An old gypsy woman called on a doctor living in the Place Pierrière and asked him to visit her daughter, who was lying ill in a caravan on the fortifications near by. "I have tried the serpent cure," she said, "but there was no result. If you will allow me to pay your fee in advance I shall be sure you will come."

The doctor consented, and the old woman handed him a \$100 note. As he was getting the change out of the safe she again mentioned the "serpent cure," and he asked her what it was. "This," she said, taking a box from under her rags, she turned half a dozen snakes out on the floor.

The doctor was startled and rushed out of the room. When he returned with a stick he found that the woman and the snakes had vanished, while all the money in his safe had also gone. He still held the \$100 note in his hand, but this proved to be a forgery.

KNOWS IT ALL.

Mrs. Chatter—"Is he a well-informed man?"

Mr. Chatter—"I should say so. His wife tells him everything."

People can depend only on themselves—and a good many people can't even do that.

used from the broken rock by washing, its greater weight causing it to sink in water to the bottom of the troughs used for the purpose.

Corundum varies very much in color. Sometimes it is white, sometimes gray, sometimes blue or green. But, whatever its hue, it is worthless as gem material unless it possesses two qualities—namely, crystalline form and transparency. Crystals of corundum are plentiful enough, but they are rarely transparent. When they have this quality, they are recognized as gem stuff. If they are colorless, they are called white sapphires. If they are blue, they are called blue sapphires. If they are green, they are called Oriental emerald. If they are yellow, they are called Oriental topaz. If they are red, they are called rubies.

Corundum is a simple stuff enough. It is merely oxide of aluminum. A cheap substance by the pound, it is the most precious and valuable of all known things when it happens to be found in transparent red crystals. In this shape, indeed, it is worth several times as much per carat as the finest white diamonds. No wonder, then, that ingenuity should have been well-nigh exhausted in trying to discover some means whereby the crude material might be converted into gem crystals.

Most of the crystalline corundum that is properly recognizable as gem stuff is of poor and unmarketable quality. It is the real thing, but unmarketable because, while transparent, it is not clear enough. Material of this kind, being cheap, has been utilized to a considerable extent in experimental efforts to manufacture rubies and emeralds. But it is found that ordinary corundum, preferably colorless, may be employed to greater advantage, with an admixture of the same coloring matters as are used by nature. In the case of the ruby, chromium the "aigment" which nature supplies.

The manufacture of corundum gems in the laboratory up to now has depended upon the use of enormously high temperatures, which are obtainable only through the agency of the electric furnace. In the hottest part of the electric arc the temperature is about 7,200 degrees Fahrenheit—sufficient to make any known substance run like water. Hence, though corundum is a refractory stuff, it is by this means easily liquefied, and, on cooling, assumes a crystalline form. Special methods have to be employed, however, in order that the crystals obtained may be clear; and to introduce exactly the right amount of coloring matter is an important element of the problem.

Though some of the details are as yet secret, it is known that the artificial rubies, sapphires, and emeralds recently placed on the market are products of the electric furnace. Certain perceptible markings on some of the rubies appear to indicate that the receptacle containing the fluid corundum was kept revolving while the process of crystallization was going on—in order, perhaps, to render the resulting crystal as symmetrical as possible. However, it is undeniable that in respect of brilliancy, luster, and color these artificial gems may be fairly considered to rival the natural ones.

The Oriental amethyst is another corundum gem, not hitherto mentioned. It is entirely different from the true amethyst, which is a violet-colored quartz crystal. The Oriental

girls, who looked anxiously on. The situation was, in all respects, satisfactory.

One of the gentlemen made a graceful speech to the effect that I was the father and mother of them all—he was a patriarch and I had not numbered thirty summers. I acknowledged the intended compliment, and he proceeded. He said that the parents were grateful to the mission for the kind care of their children, and they were angry with the naughtiness and rudeness which had been shown me. They regretted the pain given. They hoped Missie Bai would accept an apology, and open the school the next day. The children then came forward and threw themselves at my feet.

I made a little speech, and thanked the parents or their kind words. Then the girls I said I would have something to say on the morrow. I then said, "Salaam!" and the little party took its leave.

When I went to school the next morning the schoolroom was crowded. The dux of the school made a formal apology, in what was intended for poetry, after which I was duly garlanded and presented with bouquets and bracelets of roses and jessamines. For days after, the steadiness punctuality and good behavior generally were so pronounced that, had we believed it would last, we should have felt alarmed lest our occupation be gone. This goodness, however, in due time passed away, but we never had another mutiny.

EATING 326 EMIGRANTS.

Devoured by the Natives of the Island of Rossel.

Although cannibalism is supposed to be extinct, or nearly so, over the greater portion of the earth's surface, there occurs every now and then a nasty reminder of its continued persistence in odd, dark corners.

Thus, in the Congo Free State the other day, some European officers of the wrecked steamer Ville de Bruges furnished a feast for the natives. And about the same time a similar revolting episode happened in German New Guinea.

It says volumes, however, for the spread of civilization, that such tragedies are now as rare as they were common fifty years ago. Then cannibalism was rife throughout Polynesia, so that to be killed, cooked, and eaten was the almost invariable fate of sailors who chanced to be so unfortunate as to be cast away on any of the outlying little-visited islands.

Perhaps the most awful tragedy of the kind on record was that which happened in connection with the loss of the St. Paul, Captain Pennard, while on a voyage from Hong Kong to Sydney. This fine steamship carried, besides a full crew, no fewer than 327 passengers, mostly emigrants. On September 30th, 1858, she was wrecked on the island of Rossel, but all got safely on shore. A little later the captain and eight of the crew left the island in search of assistance, and were picked up by the Prince of Denmark schooner. Eventually, the French steamer Styx was dispatched to the island, and brought away one emigrant. The remaining 326 had been massacred and devoured by the natives.

Too often a piano stool is the seat of discord.

FROM BONNIE SCOTLAND

NOTES OF INTEREST FROM HER BANKS AND BRAES.

What is Going On in the Highlands and Lowlands of Auld Scotia.

A Glasgow boy of 11 has caught an 18 pound salmon with a trout cast at Kildonan.

At the Lammas lamb sales at Newton St. Boswells recently, 30,000 lambs were presented.

Recently Gatehouse water supply got poisoned by dead trout in the dam, and gave the folk a scare.

During the fair week 634 drunks were dealt with in Glasgow—considerably fewer than usual.

Lord Curzon is to deliver the next inaugural address of the Edinburgh Philosophical Institution on 20th October.

The mortality in Edinburgh during the week ending 1st inst., was 86, equal to an annual death rate of 12.74 per 1,000.

Showers of snow fell on Ben Nevis on Aug. 10th, and the upper reaches of the mountain were freshly coated next day.

The Royal Infirmary, Edinburgh, has received \$23,000 more from the estate of the late Miss J. M. Arnett of Chapel, Fife.

Recruiting for the Kirkcudbright battery of Royal Field Artillery has been carried on very steadily, and the strength is exactly 100.

Miss Main, aged 15, while cycling down a steep thoroughfare at Banff, lost control of her machine, collided with a wall, and was killed.

William Nicol, fletcher, Thurso, has to pay for a cow bought in open market, killed same night, and the carcass condemned next day for tuberculosis.

A large and richly-carved memorial cross in silver-grey granite to the memory of the late Lochiel, twenty-fourth chief of the clan, has just been completed at Inverness.

At a hotel in Aberdeenshire all boots put out to be cleaned are blackened; even yellow or tan boots return blackened if their wearers don't keep them inside their bedrooms over night.

Nairn games, now the principal athletic event of the north, were held in glorious weather, when a record crowd, estimated at over 20,000, was present, including many notable personages.

A cow belonging to Mr. Parker, Meiklelaught Farm, Saltcoats, gave birth to a still-born calf, which had eight legs, four ears, two tails and one eye, but had neither mouth nor nose.

While Kate Laing, aged 10, Glendymill, Glenfarg, was standing in front of the kitchen fire, her pinafore became ignited, and she was immediately enveloped in flames, dying soon after.

It is proposed that the general line of the roadway at Ayr Auld Brig is, as far as possible, to follow the line of the old roadway, the new general line to be slightly varied to suit the stonework of the bridge.

The trustees of Burns's Cottage at Alloway have just added by purchase to their memorials of the poet a splendid copy of "The Brigs of Ayr" in his own handwriting. It is on eight pages of folio, and is in beautiful condition.

WARSHIP OF A NEW TYPE

H. M. S. INDOMITABLE UNIQUE AMONG WORLD'S NAVIES

Britain's Sea Fighter a Combination of Dreadnought and Lusitania.

H. M. S. Indomitable is the idol of the hour. The record which she has established for warships on her passage from Quebec to Cowes will probably stand for a long time. Certainly it did not need the embellishments with which some of the papers tried to adorn it, says a London letter.

Taking the figures which suited them, they wished to make the official record a 25.1 knot passage. The King, however, has ordered that the passage shall be reckoned from land to land, from South Point, Belle Isle, to Land's End, and with this the average works out at 24.8 knots.

At one time for four consecutive hours she steamed 26.4 knots. Her average from Belle Isle to Fastnet, off Cork, was 25.13 knots. The average for the whole voyage from Quebec to Cowes was 21.4 knots.

During the whole time she was in wireless communication with one side or the other, sending and receiving messages at a distance of 1,600 miles and establishing a record for ship borne messages.

The true significance of these figures can be appreciated only in conjunction with a consideration of the class of vessel to which the Indomitable belongs. At present she is still unique in the world's navies, but she has two sister vessels just being completed for sea, the Invincible and the Inflexible. These vessels do not come under the designation of either battleship or cruiser.

HER ARMAMENT.

Except the Dreadnought there is no battleship in the world as heavily armed as the Indomitable and in no fleet in the world is there any vessel larger than a torpedo boat destroyer which approaches her in speed. She may be called a combination of the Dreadnought and the Lusitania and is more heavily armored than battleships of the Royal Sovereign class, which ten years ago were considered models of completeness in protection.

She has a belt of Krupp cemented armor, seven inches thick amidships, and carries eight 12 inch guns of a new and most powerful type, so mounted that they can all be brought to bear on either broadside. Each gun weighs 58 tons and fires an 850 pound projectile with an initial velocity of 3,010 feet a second. At 3,000 yards the shell can make a hole through 22 inches of wrought iron and at a range of nearly three miles can penetrate 17½ inches of iron.

These guns are carried in four turrets, protected with 10 inches of armor; are controlled electrically, working with the greatest swiftness, ease and accuracy.

By the end of the summer Great Britain will have three of these mighty vessels actually in the service, and in a couple of years the squadron of four will be complete, representing an expenditure of \$29,000,000. Yet this enormous cost of more than \$7,000,000 for each vessel is regarded as an economical expenditure.

The four ships of the Indomitable

TAMES ZEBRAS TO WORK

ANIMALS LASSED IN WEST-ERN COWBOY STYLE.

They are Very Carefully Trained, and Soon Learn to Carry Loads.

The Government of East Africa is much pleased with the first results of its efforts to train zebras to domestic service. Great pains have been taken for two years with the education of five spans of these animals and they have finally been brought to a state of perfect docility and are now making a good record in the draught service.

It is believed in East Africa that the practicability of making the zebra do the work of the horse and the ox has been demonstrated. If it were possible the Government would rapidly push the work of taming zebras and breaking them to harness, but unfortunately men who have the peculiar talent and liking for this work are few, and so zebra taming goes on slowly.

RUSHES ON HORSEBACK.

A man named Besser catches the zebra with lasso in western cowboy fashion, and he is the only man in the big colony who seems able to do it.

It is not easy to do. Besser has a tough fleet horse that served in the cavalry during the Boer war and has been trained to gallop at full speed over the plains with the bridle on his neck, his direction guided by the swerving of his master's body to the right or left. This horse is the zebra chaser.

It is Besser's practice to get into the edge of some grove which herds of zebras are likely to approach while grazing, and from this cover he suddenly rushes on horseback. The Deutsch Ostafrikanische Zeitung, telling the story, says that the mothers will not abandon their foals, but collecting around them urge them on as rapidly as possible and retreat with them in the centre.

BITE BIG HORSE.

Now Besser's troubles begin. It is not easy to lasso one of the young because they are much smaller than any of the surrounding animals, and to aggravate the situation the lords of the herd, enraged by his attack on its weaker members and perhaps emboldened by the sight of the big horse, to whom they may impute the trouble without observing the strange animal astride him, come back to bite and kick the horse. He naturally responds in kind, at some peril to his rider, who, intent upon his game, was once unhorsed by this proceeding.

Besser since that accident has been ready to meet the emergency with a shot or two from his revolver, which scatters the males in wild flight. Sometimes he fails to capture a colt, but he is usually successful, and has now a fine herd of young zebras, whose training begins from the day of their capture.

They learn to feed from his hand or basket, and as their training advances he leads them by a halter, bits them, walks them around with harness on their backs and finally gives them little loads to pull. None of his herd is yet large enough for actual service.

ENJOYING TROUBLE.

FROM ERIN'S GREEN ISLE

NEWS BY MAIL FROM IRELAND'S SHORES.

Happenings in the Emerald Isle of Interest to Irishmen.

A fine specimen of an otter was captured on the banks of the river Roe, near Limavady.

Nenagh Guardians have granted a pension of £45 per year to Mrs. Everard who had been matron of the union for 32 years.

The Sinn Féin party in Dublin have under consideration a daily paper, provided they can obtain a sum of \$40,000 to start with.

T. F. Kiely, the well known athlete, has purchased for auction for £470 the farm known as Fruit Hall, containing 124 acres, near that town.

Kells Rural District Council have elected as their architect and engineer, James O'Connell, of Kilmahamwood, Dublin, at a salary of £140 per year.

During the progress of a horse race at Newtonstewart, a girl named Sara Martin was knocked down and trampled upon by two horses, and probably fatally injured.

Christopher Egan who, with another boy named Joseph Foley, left Dublin for London, intending to tramp to Liverpool, was accidentally shot by his companion, but may recover.

Dr. David Trotter, for over 40 years in the service of the Trim Union, has resigned his position owing to failing health. His most recent appointment was at Summerhill dispensary.

Hamilton Mehafeff, son of the petty sessions clerk, William Mehafeff, Ballymena, has received in the north of Italy a position as manager of a large carding and weaving concern.

Out of 130 representations considered for laborers' cottages at the recently held inquiry in Mohill workhouse, 78 have been directed to be built by the local Government Board.

A fire which destroyed the flax and tow store at Belfast of Mr. H. McCavanagh, whose premises extended along Grosvenor road from Cullingtree road to Grosvenor place, occurred recently.

A goods guard named Terence Wade, a middle-aged man, was run over by a train at Ballinasloe station, one of his legs being completely severed below the knee, and also the foot of the other.

The Sisters of Mercy in charge of the Ballina Union Hospital, County Mayo, have intimated their intention of vacating that charge, owing to the bad treatment they have been subjected to by the Guardians.

Another cattle drive took place on Coolbuck farm near Riverstown, recently. The owners of a number of the grazing stock have taken them away for good, as they got tired of tracing them after the "drives."

ALEXANDRA AT HOME.

Simple Everyday Life of the Queen of England.

Few people can realize the comparative simplicity of the everyday life of Queen Alexandra, especial-

The trustees of Burns's Cottage at Alloway have just added by purchase to their memorials of the poet a splendid copy of "The Brigs of Ayr" in his own handwriting. It is on eight pages of foolscap, and is in beautiful condition.

WHY WE SLEEP.

A Scientist Says It Is Because of Daylight and Darkness.

If it were always daytime, we should never sleep. So says a scientist. There is no particular reason why we, or any other animals, should rest, on an average, eight or nine hours a day. The period of rest has been determined by the fact that eight hours is the average time when there is a lack of sufficient light to enable us to move about in comfort.

This most fundamental distinction between day and night is wholly relative to the sense of sight. It only affects those types of life which have developed eyes.

Plants, being dependent for their growth upon the action of rays of sunlight which fall upon their leaves, have a wide distinction between digest in the light, and grow during the hours of darkness.

The lowest forms of animal life—the sightless denizens of ocean depths—do not rest at regular intervals. They prowl round incessantly, seeking prey by the sense of touch alone. When they rest, it is at irregular periods. In other words, they have no distinct periodicity of their own.

But as soon as eyes are developed and in proportion to this development, animals begin to divide their time into two main portions—a waking and a sleeping time. While there is light they perform all motive functions; when darkness comes they retire to nest or lair to rest.

KILLED—BY ORDER.

Must Not Try to Save the Life of Some Monarchs.

"Manners makyth man," said an old philosopher; but sometimes manners, in the form of etiquette, has done the opposite, and killed man.

A former Queen of Siam was a victim to the strict rule that her person was sacred. While embarking on her State barge, she had the misfortune to fall into the water.

Her Royal husband was not there so no one could save her. For a Court official, however high his station, to lay hands on her would have been sacrilege. So the poor woman was left to drown. The on-lookers felt they were doing everything for the best. Court etiquette was being strictly observed. And, in due course, the queen's demise was deeply mourned.

The present King of Spain figured in a similar affair. When a small boy, he was playing in the palace at Madrid, when he slipped and fell headlong down a marble staircase. But for the intervention of a footman, he must inevitably have been killed.

Instead of that, the footman suffered. He had laid hands on his monarch, so he was dismissed in disgrace!

The queen dowager provided for him by finding him other employment, but she could not avert the punishment inflicted on him for saving her son's life.

Britain will have three or four mighty vessels actually in the service, and in a couple of years the squadron of four will be complete, representing an expenditure of \$29,000,000. Yet this enormous cost of more than \$7,000,000 for each vessel is regarded as an economical expenditure.

The four ships of the Indomitable class will mount as many big guns as eight battleships of the older design, costing some \$5,000,000 each. They will need only about half the number of officers and men, while the cost of repairs, general upkeep and stores will also, it is estimated, only amount to about half.

CAN MAKE 27 KNOTS.

The Indomitable was laid down by the Fairfield company at Govan in March, 1906, and launched late in March, 1907. In April, 1908, she was handed over for her trials. Full particulars of these have not been revealed. The contract speed was 25 knots, but it is believed that she actually attained 27 knots for a considerable period. Her voyage from Quebec shows that she can easily maintain more than the contract 25 knots.

Her displacement as given in the Navy List is 17,251 tons, but it is probable with the sinkage to deep load displacement due to maximum coal and storage supply—she took on 3,000 tons of coal at Quebec, and carries oil fuel as well—that she has something like 21,000 tons. Her length at the water line is 530 feet, 50 feet longer than any preceding cruiser, her beam is 78 feet 6 inches, draught about 26 feet.

The eight 50 calibre 12 inch guns are mounted in pairs in barbettes. One turret is forward, another abaft, and the other two amidships, placed in echelon. With this arrangement they can all be fired on either broadside, or broad on the bow or quarter, and six of them directly ahead or astern. Other guns are said to be about sixteen 4 inch guns of the new model for anti-torpedo boat work.

The machinery consists of Babcock & Wilcox water tube boilers designed for 41,000 horse-power, with Parsons turbines.

The advantage of such vessels are too obvious to need detailing. The critics of the Indomitable allege the great cost of the class as a disadvantage, depriving the Admiralty of the power of constructing an adequate number of vessels for commerce protection. The new classes for smaller cruisers are supposed to give an answer to this objection, while the conditions of commerce defence are not held to exclude the Indomitable class from exercising a decisive influence in association with smaller cruisers.

NEW ZEALAND LUMBERMEN.

The kauri timber industry is one of the most important in north New Zealand. In the districts north of Auckland almost one-half of the population are in some way connected with the industry, and look to it as their mainstay of existence. First must be reckoned the vanguard of the army of workers—some 40,000 hardy bushmen whose province it is to penetrate into the forests and the wild mountain regions where the kauri grows and with axe and saw to "fall" and lop the great trees. Next come the haulers, bullock drivers, wagoners, sailors, sawmill hands, engine drivers, clerks, cooks "saw doctors" and a host of others too numerous to mention.

as for basket, and as their training advances he leads them by a halter, bits them, walks them around with harness on their backs and finally gives them little loads to pull. None of his herd is yet large enough for actual service.

ENJOYING TROUBLE.

Man With the Rheumatism Would Lift His Arm.

Men are pretty much alike, after all. They like to keep their woes in mind, and take a good deal of satisfaction in the consciousness of their sore spots, mental or physical. One can sympathize more or less with the small boy who did not want to lie in a more comfortable position because if he did he could not feel his bruises. Mr. S. S. Buckman, in his "John Darke's Sojourn in the Cottswolds," gives a similar instance of human nature, which he came across in western England.

I went up to the neatly built little cottage. The woman who came to the door was clean and tidy, with a kindly, honest face.

"How's George to-day?" I asked.

"Ah, sir, 'ee ain't no better, not no better at all. I'm most afraid 'ee'll be took from us. I'm afraid 'ee ain't much longer for this sinful world. Come in, sir, and see 'un."

"O Maister John, it's you, is it?" cried George, when I had entered.

"Tis a sight of a while since I set eyes on you, and belike I shan't do it again."

"Oh, cheer up, George! Cheer up! It's no use to give in so soon. How are you to-day?" said I.

"Oh, I be turble bad with rheumatiz; turble bad I be. When I do lift me hand to me head"—sitting the action to the word—"it do hurt most scandalous mose scandalous, sir. Oh-ho-ho. Massy me!" he yelled with pain.

"Well, that's bad, George," I returned, "but don't lift it."

"Oh, it do ketch me turble bad when I do lift it up,"—again going through the performance—"it do make me holler. Ho! Ho! Ho-o-o!" He yelled loud enough to be heard all over the parish.

"Well, well, George, but don't lift it up! Let it stay quiet. I can see well enough that it hurts you."

"That's just what the doctor says," put in the wife. "Ee says, says 'ee, 'Garge, don't 'ee go to life your arm up to-day.' But, sure as life, Garge will lift it up and up, and it do make 'ee holler scandalous."

LOOK BEHIND.

Two wise men going on their way
Were halted by a youth,
Desiring of them that they stay
Awhile, and utter truth
And wisdom that would serve to
throw
Light on the way that he should
go.

"Your eyes must fix upon a star,"
The first adviser said,
"And hold it, though it be afar,
And always overhead;
And if your gaze shall never quit
That goal, my friend, you'll come
to it."

"A fool advises you, my friend,"
The second wise man said;
"Nor fame nor fortune will attend
Who only look ahead;
But look back now and then, and
see
How great a fool you used to be."

ALEXANDRA AT HOME.

Simple Everyday Life of the Queen of England.

Few people can realize the comparative simplicity of the everyday life of Queen Alexandra, especially when in Scotland or at Sandringham. While in Norfolk the Queen spends much of her time in the open air, walking, driving and doing short expeditions in her motor car.

After breakfast she and one or more of the several ladies who may be staying in the house make an expedition to kennels, stables and poultry yard to feed and interview the favorite dogs, horses and poultry of the establishment. In the afternoon a drive is arranged, and the evenings pass cheerily with music, cards and conversation. Dinner at Sandringham is always at 8.45.

It may be mentioned that the royal servants' liveries have a quaint, old world appearance and are different in cut to those seen elsewhere. The coats are scarlet, made in the swallowtail style, with dark blue waistcoats edged by narrow gold braid. The men wear no collars, but have gold stocks; and white satin breeches and white silk stockings complete their stately costume. All the royal men servants are over six feet in height.

The Queen is an indefatigable letter writer. She has been known to write as many as forty letters in one day with her own hand; and Miss Knollys, her lady in waiting, often would get through a hundred, all written under the Queen's personal supervision. Queen Alexandra's note paper is cream colored and rather rough, with the royal crown and address in dark blue and of the simplest design.

During the shooting season the Queen sends a great deal of game to her own particular friends, and the hampers are labelled "With the Queen's compliments." At Christmas time she often presents her intimates with a signed photograph of herself in a silver frame. Queen Alexandra is a keen photographer and has transferred some of her photographs onto china.

SNIPS AND SNAPS.

Few things are as good as we expect them to be.

An ignorant man owns a deep well of happiness.

Dame Rumor usually has a large circle of friends.

Matrimony is a good school in which to learn meekness.

Skillful men usually know how to disguise their skill.

For a row, one weak girl and a piano take some beating.

Neither a song nor a sermon is as appetizing as a loaf of bread.

Put a little more in than you take out, and your purse will soon fill.

A thing is not valuable to some men unless they pay a big price for it.

A spice of danger is a warning to some folk, and an invitation to others.

Being good may be monotonous, but so are most profitable employments.

Motor-cars aren't in it with gossip when it comes to running people down.

The man who does his best and says little about it is the man to be friends with.

Most of us talk better when we are complaining than when we are praising anything.

The Song of the Hair

There are four verses. Verse 1. Ayer's Hair Vigor stops falling hair. Verse 2. Ayer's Hair Vigor makes the hair grow. Verse 3. Ayer's Hair Vigor cures dandruff. Verse 4. Ayer's Hair Vigor makes the scalp healthy, and keeps it so. It is a regular hair-food; this is the real secret of its wonderful success.

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EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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bill to bring about the very conditions he promises to put in force, if elected to power. Instead of assisting the Government in the passing of a bill, Mr. Borden and his followers did all in their power to defeat it. The bill was enacted into law in spite of them, so that the former part of the plank quoted above becomes a dead issue.

Tory Fund at Halifax.

Mr. Borden advocates a law to prevent the accumulation of campaign funds. What value can be placed upon this pledge when it is remembered that the Conservative organizer in Halifax issued a pamphlet explaining that the seat at Halifax could be won for the Conservative party by an expenditure of \$25,000, and it was suggested that this fund could be secured by contributions of \$5,000 a year between elections, that is, each year for five years?

That this was done is a matter of history, there was no attempt made to conceal the scheme, it was advocated brazenly and openly. Such a course was diametrically opposed to the pledge upon which Mr. Borden appeals to the people. "There must be no accumulation of campaign funds," says Mr. Borden in the Halifax platform. Collect \$5,000 a year for five years, making \$25,000, says the Halifax Conservative organizer, and we can win the seat. The plank in the platform was meant to attract votes—the \$25,000 asked for was intended to purchase them.

Examine Their Record.

Then there is the clause prohibiting contributions by contractors and corporations and promoters. The campaign funds of the Conservative party were filched from the pockets of the people. Contracts were given to the highest instead of the lowest tenderer, and the consequent rake-off went into the corruption fund. Corporations were promised public franchises in exchange for campaign contributions—money even that was voted for public services was used in individual elections. This is the party which advocates taking no money from contractors, corporations or promoters. What they did before they will do again if given the opportunity.

Borden Delayed Trial.

"To expedite the hearing of election petitions" is another promise made by Mr. Borden which must have caused him to smile when he penned it. Mr. Borden has had an election petition against him pending since 1904, and it has not been tried yet. He has placed every legal obstacle in the way of this trial. He does not want it to come on, but the Minister of Justice has stated that if ever it comes to a hearing, and if the information as imparted to him is established in court, Mr. Borden would be disqualified from holding office and be banished from the House of Commons for eight years.

In Mr. Borden's campaign at Halifax in 1904, it is stated that bribery and corruption stalked abroad unchecked, and that all kinds of illegal practices were resorted to by Mr. Borden's agents to secure his election, and that these things were done with his knowledge, if not with his consent. The circular referred to above appealing to all Conservatives to subscribe a fund of \$5,000 a year for organization purposes, must have been as well known to Mr. Borden as the \$30,000 contribution of Hugh Graham of the Montreal Star.

Mr. Borden says he wants quick election trials. At the same time all his legal ingenuity has been engaged in fighting his own election trial off since the year 1904.

Tories Protected Criminal.

Let us examine this sentence in the plank. "To prevent collusive arrangements for the withdrawal or compro-

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PAIN

Pain in the head—pain anywhere, has its cause. Pain is congestion, pain is blood pressure—nothing else usually. At least, so says Dr. Shoop, and to prove it he has created a little pink tablet. That tablet—called Dr. Shoop's Headache Tablet—coaxes blood pressure away from pain centers. Its effect is charming, pleasingly delightful, gently, though safely, it surely equalizes the blood circulation.

If you have a headache, it's blood pressure. If it's painful periods with women, same cause. If you are sleepless, restless, nervous, it's blood congestion—blood pressure. That surely is a certainty, for Dr. Shoop's Headache Tablets stop it in 20 minutes, and the tablets simply distribute the unnatural blood pressure.

Bruse your finger, and doesn't it get red, and swell, and pain you? Of course it does. It's congestion, blood pressure. You'll find it where pain is—always. It's simply Common Sense.

We sell at 25 cents, and cheerfully recommend

Dr. Shoop's Headache Tablets

"ALL DEALERS"

did he go about? By applying rum and cold cash in generous quantities. This is the receipt for pure elections: 5,172 gallons of rum, hot, and \$43,000 of cash, cold. This was a case of come along, John, and help to put down bribery and corruption; we have plenty of money and unlimited rum.

After this election every Conservative paper in Canada referred to the victory as a triumph for the people, that at last the popular will had been expressed at the polls unhampered by Liberal manipulation and bribery.

What Liberal Press Said.

In contrast to this was the announcement of the Halifax Chronicle on the same day. It was as follows:

"If Mr. Stanfield takes his seat in the House at Ottawa, he will have been floated there on rum."

How near the truth the Chronicle was, subsequent events have proved. Instead of being the free choice of the people of Colchester, Mr. Stanfield was counted in by votes secured by the influence of whiskey and money.

Don't Be Deceived.

This election purity plank in the Halifax platform won't deceive any person. Mr. Borden, fighting for delay in his own election petition, prominent Conservatives inviting others to found a fund of \$25,000 to secure the Halifax seat. Other Conservatives equally prominent bargaining with an escaped election crook to give false testimony in return for immunity from punishment, whiskey and money by wholesale to steal the Colchester seat, cannot be reconciled. The platform means nothing, the deeds of the Tories express the actual truth.

One recalls that when the news of the Colchester election reached Mr. Borden he wired congratulations in these words: "A victory for the cause of good government." Geo. Taylor, the chief Conservative whip wired: "A great victory." Is it possible neither of these men knew that the victory was gained by rum and bribery? They know it now, and the least they can do in decency is to demand that Mr. Stanfield vacate the seat. In view of Mr. Borden's pledge to

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POLITICAL NEWS!

The attention of the people of Canada is directed to the following plank in the famous Halifax platform of Mr. Borden.

"More effective provisions to punish bribery and fraud at elections, to ensure thorough publicity organizations; to prevent the accumulation of campaign funds for corrupt purposes, and to prohibit contributions thereto by corporations, contractors and promoters; to expedite the hearing of election petitions and to prevent collusive arrangements for the withdrawal or compromise thereof, to provide for a thorough investigation of corrupt practices, and if necessary to appoint an independent prosecuting officer charged with that duty, to simplify the procedure therefore, and to enforce the laws as amended."

The people have not forgotten that when the Government introduced a bill amending the election act, they were met by the most determined obstruction on the part of the Opposition. Clauses bringing into effect legislation dealing with the first part of this plank, were vigorously combatted by the Conservatives. Mr. Borden and his followers were given the opportunity of assisting in the framing of a

fighting his own election trial off since the year 1904.

Tories Protected Criminal.

Let us examine this sentence in the plank. "To prevent collusive arrangements for the withdrawal or compromise of election petitions." What happened in the Pritchett? Pritchett was a self-confessed perjurer and liar, an election crook of the first water, a man who has merited punishment for corrupt acts at elections. What did the Conservatives do when they had a chance to punish this man? A warrant issued against him, and he fled to Detroit to evade arrest. Mr. Samuel Barker, Conservative M. P. for Hamilton, then organizer for the Conservative party, followed the man to Detroit, and having first secured possession of the warrant, and with the co-operation of Mr. Fleming, a lawyer of Windsor, interviewed Pritchett. They had the warrant with them, which had been given them by the Conservatives constable, whose duty it was to arrest Pritchett. Did they have him arrested? Nothing of the kind. They made a compromise, an illegal bargain with this fugitive from justice, to the effect that if he would sign an affidavit prepared by Mr. Barker they would guarantee him immunity from punishment.

This was the practical working out of the Conservative method of preventing collusive arrangements tending to compromise corrupt acts. The affidavit was secured and Pritchett returned to Canada. The statements made in the affidavit were proved to be untrue, and the man was characterized by the judges a "self-convicted liar." Having used the warrant to extort a false affidavit, the Conservatives bargained that the warrant would not be proceeded upon, and that the man would be protected. What the Conservatives did before they would do again. They had an opportunity to punish a guilty man, instead of which they made an illegal compact with him with the view of manufacturing campaign material.

Carousal at Colchester.

The Conservative party preaches purity and practices corruption. Never was this better illustrated than in the late Colchester, N. S. election. John Stanfield was the man who broke the solid eighteen, he was the man who demonstrated that elections could be run and won by honest methods. How

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. **Hall's Catarrh Cure**, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

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plenty of money and obtained a victory. After this election every Conservative paper in Canada referred to the victory as a triumph for the people, that at last the popular will had been expressed at the polls unhampered by Liberal manipulation and bribery. That the era of Laurierism and corruption was drawing to a close. When Mr. Stanfield appeared in the House he was received with applause, and his election was referred to as an example of what the people would do all over Canada when given the chance to record their votes.

Rum and Dollars Did It

Opposed to Mr. Stanfield was a well-known farmer, a man who should have won: there appeared to be no reason why he should not have done so, but the Liberals overlooked the fact that Mr. Stanfield had the money, and rum can be bought with money. They forgot there was a man named Bayne, of Five Islands, who literally exuded booze and dollars. To one man he gave a two gallon jug of whiskey, this was conveniently placed in the man's barn on election day. Another had a basket full of whiskey left on his doorstep during the night. Flasks of whiskey and five dollar bills were plentiful as leaves in Vallambrosa. Men reached the Stanley Hotel with empty grips, they left with grips packed with whiskey, and a kindly feeling for John Stanfield, who was working so hard to win an election from the corrupt Liberals.

Whiskey by the Barrel.

Whiskey by the barrel arrived from Halifax addressed to the accommodating Bayne. This whiskey somehow faded away and Bayne expressed no anxiety about it, but incidentally he observed that John Stanfield was a nice man. Mr. Bayne's visitors were received in his room in the hotel, after a casual allusion to the fact that an election was being held and Stanfield was a candidate, a bottle of whiskey was produced from a bag, this bag had all the characteristics of the widow's cruise of oil. One witness said there was no election talk, but somebody said: How is Noble? Is he all right? The answer was "Yes." Then a bottle of whiskey was thrown on the bed and everybody took a drink to purity in politics.

Unstable Promises.

The people have before them the platform of Mr. Borden promising purity in elections, and punishment for those guilty of bribery and corruption. Then they have the debauchery and bribery enacted at Colchester in the Conservative interest, and the record of the men who made an unholy bargain with Pritchett, the election crook.

On the one hand was the jubilation over the clean party victory won in Colchester, and on the other the record of the court which exposes the dirtiest and most debasing form of corruption ever practiced in a Canadian constituency.

The Halifax platform of promises, and the Colchester record of rum and booze freely distributed among the electors for the express purposes of buying for the Conservative party in the House one of the eighteen seats which had heretofore been solid in the Liberal interest.

What Tory Press Said.

After Mr. Stanfield's victory was announced, the Halifax Herald, Conservative paper, spread out on the front page this heading:

"The clean, straight manly Liberals of Colchester have spoken loud and clear. They set the seal of their stern condemnation on the immorality, the debauchery and the corruption of men masquerading as Liberals."

"A great victory." Is it possible neither of these men knew that the victory was gained by rum and bribery? They know it now, and the least they can do in decency is to demand that Mr. Stanfield vacate the seat.

In view of Mr. Borden's pledge to punish the corruptionist, the attitude of Mr. Ritchie who is defending Bayne, is most inconsistent. He objects to every question which would connect Stanfield with the men who committed corrupt acts. This reminds us that the Conservatives have continually charged that Liberals objected to evidence in the Public Accounts Committee, because they said it was getting too close to the culprit. Here we have a party inviting public confidence upon a pledge to punish the man guilty of corruption, and at the same time using every endeavor to shield the man who alone received an advantage from those acts of corruption.

Foster the Immoral Moralist.

At this particular election that great moralist and expounder of scandals, George E. Foster, eloquently orated on the evils of corruption, and told of the vile deeds done at the London election by Liberals. This ex-lecturer on temperance, surrounded by the vendors of whiskey and booze denounced the Liberal Government for thwarting the will of the people, while at the very moment barns were turned into bars, and money was to be had for the asking, all to the end that Stanfield be elected in Colchester, and the purity and honesty of the Conservative party be demonstrated by the untrammelled voice of the people.

Tory Hypocrisy.

The time to expose Tory hypocrisy has arrived, and the Colchester case is a glaring example, and one that should be held up before the people that they may know the value of Tory pre-election platform promises.

The Foster fiasco in Nova Scotia has

ECZEMA AGAIN OVERCOME

Zam-Buk Cures a Case which for Two Years had Defied Every Remedy Tried.

A FARMER'S GRATEFUL TESTIMONY.

No case of eczema, skin disease, or ulceration, should be despaired of until Zam-Buk has been applied. The case of Mr. Francis Renoit, of St. Anne's, Man., is a powerful illustration of Zam-Buk's efficacy. He says: "I suffered from eczema for two years, and tried a great number of remedies. None of them, however, seemed to do me any good."

The ailment was mostly in my legs, and of these were actually raw from the knees down. A small sample box of Zam-Buk was given to me, and even so small a quantity as that did me a little good. I then obtained a proper supply, and by the time I had used a few boxes I was completely cured."

Zam-Buk differs from ordinary salves and embrocations in containing no animal oil or fat. It is compounded from rich, healing, herbal essences and is an ideal natural combination of power and purity. It is highly antiseptic, and instantly kills bacilli and disease germs, which settling into wounds and skin diseases set up festering, blood poison, etc.

For cuts, burns, bruises, ulcers, abscesses, pimples, boils, skin eruptions, scalp sores, children's skin troubles, chafing sores, etc., Zam-Buk is unequalled. It also cures piles. All druggists and stores at 50c a box, or from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price, 3 boxes for \$1.25.

Convalescents need a large amount of nourishment in easily digested form.

Scott's Emulsion is powerful nourishment—highly concentrated.

It makes bone, blood and muscle without putting any tax on the digestion.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND \$1.00.



A Bold Step.

To overcome the well-grounded and reasonable objections of the more intelligent to the use of secret, medicinal compounds, Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., some time ago, decided to make a bold departure from the usual course pursued by the makers of put-up medicines for domestic use, and so has published broadcast and openly to the whole world, a full and complete list of all the ingredients entering into the composition of his widely celebrated medicines. Thus he has taken his numerous patrons and patients into his full confidence. Thus too he has removed his medicines from among secret nostrums of doubtful merits, and made them Remedies of Known Composition.

By this bold step Dr. Pierce has shown that his formulas are of such excellence that he is not afraid to subject them to the fullest scrutiny.

Not only does the wrapper of every bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the famous medicine for weak stomach, torpid liver or biliousness, and all catarrhal diseases wherever located, have printed upon it, in plain English, a full and complete list of all the ingredients composing it, but a small book has been compiled from numerous standard medical works of all the different schools of practice, containing very numerous extracts from the writings of leading practitioners of medicine, endorsing in the strongest possible terms each and every ingredient contained in Dr. Pierce's medicines. One of these little books will be mailed free to any sending address on postal card or by letter, to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., and requesting the same. From this little book it will be learned that Dr. Pierce's medicines contain no alcohol, narcotics, mineral agents or other poisonous or injurious agents and that they are made from native, medicinal roots of great value; also that some of the most valuable ingredients contained in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for weak, nervous, over-worked, "run-down," nervous and debilitated women, were employed, long years ago, by the Indians for similar ailments affecting their women. In fact, one of the most valuable medicinal plants entering into the composition of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription was known to the Indians as "Squaw-Weed." Our knowledge of the uses of not a few of our most valuable native medicinal plants was gained from the Indians.

As made up by improved and exact processes, the "Favorite Prescription" is a most efficient remedy for regulating all the womanly functions, correcting displacements, as prolapsus, anteversion and retroversion, overcoming painful periods, toning up the nerves and bringing about a perfect state of health. Sold by all dealers in medicines.

demonstrated that the people at large will not tolerate a man who makes charges against others, of which he himself has been guilty. The local Nova Scotia press circulated certain incidents in the early life of this man which show him to be unworthy a position as an adviser of His Excellency, and the very fact of his presence on a political platform as an advocate of morality is an insult to the audience. It is a fact that leading men declined to appear on the platform with him, and in towns which should have provided thousands to hear a prominent public man, only hundreds took interest enough to be present.

The reason is not hard to find. Foster is known in the Maritime Provinces. His early record has been preserved, and as a public duty the press have warned the people against him. The respectable element in the party left him severely alone, and Mr. Borden timed his tour so as to arrive after Foster had left the Province.

The Halifax Herald, Conservative paper, advised Mr. Borden to relegate Foster to a back seat that it would be better for the party. This he appears to have done to some extent. Before this election is over Foster will encounter men who will fight him with his own weapons, and Foster will plead for mercy as he did when Mr. Ayiesworth gave him the castigation of his life on his dealings with the trust funds of the Foresters.

The people of Canada will soon be called upon to decide between the men guilty of the actions related above, and the administration of Sir Wilfrid Laurier which has done much for which the people are grateful, and little that deserves censure. It is a creditable circumstance that no act of corruption or dishonest participation in anything has ever been charged against the Laurier Government or

HIDING MONEY.

Queer Places In Which the Cubans Secrete Their Spare Cash.

Although there are now excellent savings banks in Cuba, for generations the people have been accustomed to secrete their cash. A traveler tells of one hiding place in a bird house in a tree. The Cuban's residence had been looted a number of times during various revolutions, but the raiders had never suspected the bird house in the tree. After the death of the head of the family the valuables were removed by the children and placed in the Havana bank. In another case the wall of a building was chosen. A man with considerable patience hollowed out one of the stones in this wall. Five days were consumed in chipping out the hollow. Within this hollow the little casket containing jewels and money was placed. Then a stone slab had to be cut to replace the front without showing any break. This required two days more. The piece of stone was slipped into place and sealed with cement. In order to remove the stone front tools were required each time. But this hiding place served for years and exists now.

One man thought he had found a most effective hiding place when he put a shelf up under the eaves of his house for holding the cash box. This place was chosen partly because of the existence of a small hornet's nest there. Robbers, as a rule, will not take much interest in searching a place in the vicinity of a nest of wasps or hornets. But the home of the insects grew, and after a few months the nest expanded to the box, and the owner could not get the box without danger of being stung. He was obliged to hire two bee experts to come with nets and ladders and remove the box. A wasp stung through one man's mitt just as he grasped the box, and the receptacle fell to the pavement below, and some small pearls were scattered about the place. Several hours were consumed in finding the lost valuables. The owner vowed that he would place his valuables in a depository in Havana thereafter.

Another odd place for hiding a bag of cash was in a hollowed table leg. Cuba is noted for its ponderous articles of furniture. There are table legs with ample surface for hollowing a secret chamber. Usually a tightly fitting door is made, and when this is closed the bag is well concealed. The hall light stands are not overlooked in some of the homes of the Spaniards and the Cubans. The natives of the country love to have plenty of hall light. These hall lights are often fixed to elaborate stands. One such stand proved to be a very effective hiding place for years until one night the house burned down and the money went with it.

Cost of Living In Germany.

A Blue-book recently issued by the British Board of Trade contains the report of an exhaustive inquiry into working-class rents, housing and costs of food, etc., in Germany, together with the rates of wages in the principal industrial towns. From the facts collected the conclusion is arrived at that the net rents of working-class dwellings in Germany, compared with the net rents in England, are as 123 to 100. On the basis of the ordinary English standard of consumption, the expenditure of the workman on food and fuel in Germany is, compared with his expenditure in England, as 110 to 100. An English workman in Germany, living as far as possible as in England, would find his expenditure on rent, food and fuel increased by 19 per cent. As regards wages and hours of labor, the weekly money wages of the working classes in German towns, as compared with the wages of the same classes in England, are as 83 to 100, whilst the working hours are

NOTES OF ANIMALS.

The Theory of One Writer About the Origin of Music.

Music did not have its birth "when Jubal struck the corded shell," as ignorant humanity has been led to suppose.

Music originated in the cry of the peacock, the bleat of the goat and the croak of the frog. According to an interesting article on the relationship between music and emotion, which appears in the *Annals of Psychical Science*, Dr. Henry Fotherby, the writer, also suggests that the appreciation of time and rhythm in music may be due to the rhythmic shock of the heart beat on the circulation.

The nerves, he says, may play an important part in the appreciation of musical sounds, and he points out the connection between the nerves and music by the tendency to express music when heard by movements of the head and arms and sometimes by the trunk and legs.

Dr. Fotherby gives a feasible reason for the fact that the lower notes of the scale have always been employed to describe anger, fear and reverence, while the treble notes have been associated with sunshine, light-heartedness, sociability and love. The lower notes associate themselves with the growls of wild beasts, the moan of the wind in the forest, the roar of thunder. The upper notes imitate the songs of birds, the chirp of the grasshopper, the hum of insect life.

"The Hindoo note Sa, corresponding with our C," says Dr. Fotherby, "is the note of the peacock. Ri, our D, was the note of the lowing of an ox. These were always attributed to wonder and terror.

"Ga, or E, Ma, or F, were the cries of the goat and the crane respectively and were associated with compassion and love.

"Ni, or B, Dha, or A, were the notes of the elephant and the frog, the former associated with compassion and the latter with disgust or alarm."

A SHORT SPEECH.

Made by an Indian Chief In Reply to a Government Agent.

Old Shah-bah-Skong, the head chief of Mille Lac, brought all his warriors to defend Fort Ripley in 1862. The secretary of the interior and the governor and legislature of Minnesota promised these Indians that for this act of bravery they should have the special care of the government and never be removed.

A few years later a special agent was sent from Washington to ask the Ojibways to cede their lands and remove to a country north of Leech lake. The agent asked my help. I said:

"I know that country. I have camped on it. It is the most worthless strip of land in Minnesota. The Indians are not fools. Don't attempt this folly. You will surely come to grief."

He called the Indians in council and said:

"My red brothers, your great father has heard how you have been wronged. He said, 'I will send them an honest man.' He looked in the north, the south, the east and the west. When he saw me, he said, 'This is the honest man whom I will send to my red children.' Brothers, look at me! The winds of fifty-five years have blown over my head and silvered it with gray, and in all that time I have never done wrong to any man. As your friend I ask you to sign this treaty."

Old Shah-bah-Skong sprang to his feet and said:

"My friend, look at me! The winds of more than fifty winters have blown over my head and silvered it with



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compels everyone when suffering with headache, etc., etc., to consult a good honest competent Optician or Oculist. Oculists charges you we do not and promise to tell you if necessary to go to a specialist.

Most Expert Testing Free.

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded everytime, bear in mind.

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DR. C. H. WATMAN DENTIST.

It will be impossible for me to continue the out of town visits, but if our friends at Varkor and Tanworth will do me the favor of coming to my office in Napanee, I will do my best to please them. All work guaranteed first class.

Lake Ontario and Bay of Quinte Steamboat Company, Limited.

1000 ISLANDS-ROCHESTER

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Leave Deseronto at 4.55 a.m. daily

which the people are grateful, and little that deserves censure. It is a creditable circumstance that no act of corruption or dishonest participation in anything has ever been charged against the Laurier Government or any member of it.

WILTON. For last week.

Mrs. Elizabeth Babcock died Wednesday morning at her son's, George Babcock, Camden East. Deceased had been very ill for a long time. The funeral was held here Thursday and the remains interred in Wilton Cemetery.

Mrs. Francis Ward and Mrs. Ira Amey took in the homeseekers' excursion to Saskatchewan.

Mrs. John Hume, accompanied by her mother and sister, Mrs. Clute and Miss Clute, arrived from Napanee last week, to join Mr. Hume.

Mr. and Mrs. B. B. Shibley have broken up camp and are moving home this week.

THE NECK RUFF.

It Reached Its Full Glory In the Sixteenth Century.

One of the most peculiar and interesting evolutions in historic fashion is the growth and development of the ruff in England. This ruff began its career as a humble little something like a tuck running along the top of the chemise from shoulder to shoulder. You can see it grow in the portraits of royal personages slowly, but surely, like a great linen flower opening its plaited petals from generation to generation. During the reign of Henry VII. it was scarcely more than a budding excrescence, but with Henry VIII. it had outgrown its tuck stage to the extent of reaching up to the ears and was beginning to sport a mild flare. Those were the days of such strict sumptuary laws that in order to wear black garter you must be royal, to wear sable you must outrank your viscount neighbor, to wear marten or velvet trimmings you must be able to show an income of over 200 marks a year. The reign of Edward VI. and Queen Mary merely fostered the ruff without encouraging it to any greater development. But Queen Elizabeth, seeing in it possibilities for offsetting her red hair and clear skin, fanned it into vigorous life. In the sixteenth century the ruff burst into full bloom. Men and women, even tiny princesses, were overshadowed by the stiff rays of the ruff on all great occasions. Even over France, Germany and Italy it spread its white pinions and held unquestioned sway until it fell with the Roundheads.

The Burnt Cork Circle.

"Mistah Middleman, Ah has ah riddle."

"Mr. Bones, we shall be delighted to have you propound it."

"Yessah, but hit ain't nothin' lak dat. Ah jest desires to ax yo' what am de difference between ah storekeeper whose business is improvin' an' a man who selects feathers fo' sofa pillows?"

"That's a pretty hard nut to crack, Mr. Bones. Now, what is the difference between a storekeeper whose business is improving and a man who selects feathers for sofa pillows?"

"Do storekeeper's business is pickin' up, an' de other man's business is pickin' down."

"Mr. T. N. Orr will sing the pathetic ballad, 'He Married Himself to a Marcel Wave, an' Now He's All at Sea.'"

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

cent. As regards wages and hours of labor, the weekly money wages of the working classes in German towns, as compared with the wages of the same classes in England, are as 83 to 100, whilst the working hours are as 111 to 100. Consequently, the hourly rates of money wages for the working classes in German towns are three-quarters of the English rates. The report adds:

"It may be as well to repeat here the two principal limitations of this estimate—viz. (1) the data as to wages and hours of labor are based on the building, engineering and printing trades alone; (2) the comparison of cost of living is based on the English standard of consumption, and covers only expenditure on food, fuel, and house room, or rather on three-quarters of the whole expenditure."

TWO VERSIONS.

Story of the Climb as Told by the Tourist and the Guide.

"He was touring the Bernese Oberland. At the Bear hotel in Grindelwald a mountaineer sat in the hall, a glass of beer before him and his feet in their hobnailed mountain boots, extended toward the fire. The mountaineer had just made an ascent of the Tiger, and he talked like this about it:

"Well, well, well, a climb indeed—four hours of incessant step cutting with an ax on an ice slope as smooth as glass and as steep as a wall. Look at this bunch of edelweiss. I spied it on the edge of a dreadful precipice. My guide refused to let me pluck it; said it was madness. For his part, he would not risk his life so foolishly. But at last, what with eloquence and an offer of 200 francs, I persuaded him to come along. The advance was awful. One misstep meant death. But I secured the flower, when suddenly the guide's foot slipped, he fell and began to roll toward the edge. But I thrust my ax firmly into the ice and, bracing myself, seized the rope that bound us together, and—the man was saved."

"And at the same time in the hotel kitchen the guide was giving another version of the ascent in words like these:

"Well, well, what a customer! Another like that chap and I give up the business. From the start he was faint and dizzy. In fact, wherever any real climbing began we had to carry him like a sack of meal. And mean! Refused us a single penny extra for all our extra trouble. Last of all, he begged for the sprig of edelweiss I wore in my hat, and I was fool enough to let him have it."

Rainfall of the World.

The rainfall of the continents after long collecting of records has been estimated to average thirty inches a year. Ocean measurements are difficult, but after considering all known facts Fritzsche has now concluded that the entire earth's surface has a mean annual rainfall of thirty-six inches. This means a total fall of 83,000,000 metric tons of water every minute.

Talked Too Much.

Miss Sue Brette: I hear your trage-han got bit in the teeth last night with an egg.

Footie Lightie: Yes. That fellow never did know when to keep his mouth shut!

Drive Rheumatism out of the blood with Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy and see how quickly pain will depart. Rub-on's never did reach the real disease. Rheumatism is in the skin. It's deep down—it's constitutional. Getting rid of the pain is after all, what counts! That is why Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy goes, by word of mouth from one to another. And herein lies the popularity of this Remedy. It is winning defenders everywhere. Tablets or Liquid. Sold by—ALL DEALERS.

friend I ask you to sign this treaty."

Old Shah-bah-Skong sprang to his feet and said:

"My friend, look at me! The winds of more than fifty winters have blown over my head and silvered it with gray, but they have not blown my brains away."

That council was ended.

Funeral For Part of Finger.

A funeral much out of the ordinary was held in Littleton, Colo., a few days ago, when a full sized and quite expensive coffin was used in which to bury half of a man's finger and a piece of his scalp not larger than a dollar. A hearse was used, and there were pallbearers. The section of finger and piece of scalp were all that could be found of Luther Heckman, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Heckman, who was blown up at the recent explosion in the neutralizing house of the Du Pont Powder Company at Lourier.

Danger In It.

"Did you see where a man found sight through an attack of hysterics?"

"For heaven's sake, don't mention that before my wife, for she wants another 'Merry Widow,' and I can't see it."

Steamers North King and Caspian

Leave Deseronto at 4.55 a. m., daily except Monday, for Picton, Kingston and Thousand Island Points. Returning leave Deseronto at 9.55 p. m. for Charlotte, N.Y. (Port of Rochester.)

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E. E. HORSEY	J. L. BOYES,
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COVERED WITH ECZEMA.

The good sisters of St. Joseph's Infant Home say of Dr. Agnew's Ointment—"We give it our highest recommendation. We use it freely and find it a great cure."

St. Joseph's Infant Home, South Troy, N.Y.: "If you sell Dr. Agnew's Ointment in pound boxes we wish you would send us your lowest price for it by buying in large quantities. Many children are brought to our home covered with Eczema, and of all the treatments and ointments we have used we find Dr. Agnew's Ointment the most satisfactory—it has made some great cures for us. We give our highest recommendation." 35c.

Sold by T. B. Wallace

The grates and all the linings of the

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can be taken out and are interchangeable from coal to wood, or vice versa, without the removal of a bolt or disturbing the Water Front.

A coal fire can be retained day and night, and one or two turns of the grate crank in the morning remove the ashes and clinkers, leaving a bright and clear fire to start the morning's work.

You take no risk in buying a Universal Favorite, as every Range is guaranteed to cook and bake perfectly.

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Trial Package Postpaid, "Hennequin's Infant Tablets."

Any Address. Send Post Card. Write your Address plainly.

Hennequin's Infant Tablets

Save Babies' Lives. For Babies and Small Children. (Made in France.)

Dr. Hennequin's Infant Tablets saved our little girl's life. Three doctors said she could not live. The Tablets cured her.—Mr. E. R. McBride, Napanee, Ont.

My baby was so weak from sickness that he could hardly walk. We thought he would die. We could find nothing to help him. I was given a sample package of three Hennequin Tablets; we used them; I saw a change at once. We secured the Tablets and our baby improved every day, and is now a bright, fat, good-natured boy; you could not believe he was the medicine ever sold for babies. Mothers if your babies are not well take my advice and try these Tablets.—Mrs. JAMES RIDDELL, Barrydale, Ont.

We have hundreds of such letters. If the Tablets were not what you need we would not offer to give them away and pray them. If your baby is not well send for trial package. Hennequin Tablets have the letter "H" stamped upon them—this is your guarantee. All dealers, 25c per package, or 5 for \$1.00 sent postpaid to any address.

DOUGLAS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Napanee, Ont., Can.
Mfgs. of DOUGLAS' EGYPTIAN LINIMENT, Coleman's Paste, A. A. A., etc., etc. When writing please mention this paper.

'ONLY MEDICINE THAT DID ME ANY GOOD'

'Fruit-a-tives' Cured Backache After
Doctors Failed Utterly.



"I have received most wonderful benefit from taking 'Fruit-a-tives.' I suffered for years from backaches and pain in the head and I consulted doctors and took every remedy obtainable without any relief. Then I began taking 'Fruit-a-tives' and this was the only medicine that ever did me any real good. I took several boxes altogether and now I am entirely well of all my dreadful headaches and backaches. I take 'Fruit-a-tives' occasionally still, but I am quite cured of a trouble that was said to be incurable. I give this testimony voluntarily, in order that others who suffer as I suffered may try this wonderful medicine and be cured."

Mrs. Frank Eaton, Frankville, Ont.

Be wise. Deal in Mrs. Eaton's example, and start with 'Fruit-a-tives.' They will quickly relieve pain in the back, and stop headaches because they loosen bowels, loosen the blood in perfect order and insure the blood being always pure and rich.

'Fruit-a-tives' is now put up in the new 25c trial boxes as well as the regular 50c boxes. All dealers should have both sizes. If yours does not, write Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

PLACING UNEMPLOYED.

Germany Has Bureaus and Also Home Shelters.

An army of unemployed is nothing new in Europe, and Great Britain, France and Germany have furnished valuable experience in the management of temporary relief. In their treatment of the problem European countries recognize three classes of the unemployed: the unemployable, the hopeless vagrant and incorrigible and the employable. For the employable employment bureaus have been established, Germany maintaining over 400 of these offices. Over 500,000 persons are placed in situations every year by the German bureaus. In France all towns of 10,000 inhabitants or over are compelled to maintain public employment bureaus.

In addition to the bureaus for finding employment to persons who are capable of work, there are in the German countries homes or hotels, called "home shelters," where traveling workmen in search of employment may have lodging and food for a night or two by the payment of a small sum of, if unable to pay, by doing a little work. These home shelters are private institutions, supported by trades unions and also by religious societies. In Germany the

Government is establishing a system of relief stations connected by telephone, and traveling workmen are directed by Government agents as they go from shelter to shelter where they are most likely to find employment. For the unemployable there are "labor colonies" where unfortunately out of work can have food and shelter so long as they conform to the rules of the colony. An advantage of the European system worth noting over here is that it prevents the massing of the unemployed in the great centres. They are kept moving and kept scattered while in search of work.

REPUBLICS INCREASE.

London News Finds That They Are Growing in Number.

The London News recently featured the republics of the world, printing on a two-page sheet the portraits of twenty-four presidents. Judging from the number of republics, The News is correct in assuming that republicanism is spreading. Only two of the number are in Europe—France and Switzerland. Switzerland probably comes nearer to the ideal of a republic than any nation under the sun. France is a republic in form only, for the cabinet rules, and the president is elected by the Senate. Mexico is a great country and is often referred to as an example of the benefits accruing from republican rule. But the fact is that Mexico is under a dictatorship, and probably there is more individual freedom today in monarchical England than in the republic of Mexico.

England is probably the best representative in the world of the liberal monarchy idea. It is more democratic than the majority of so-called republics, and for more than a generation the drift of English political thought has been toward increased power for the people, with the throne only a symbol. France in reaction from the extremes of republicanism inclines toward a strong head and centralized power in actual ruling. Cuba is among the newest republics. Panama will have less opportunity for years to come for independent development than Cuba, provided the Cubans behave themselves halfway. But about all experience in the states of South America shows that the democratic title is a cover for dictatorship and seldom a guarantee of prosperity or of stability, which is the strong right arm of prosperity.

Shepherd (concluding tale of be-reavement)—Sae a gied her some o' that wee little that ye left yest're'en, an' she just slippit awa' at fower o'clock the morn.

Doctor—Dear, dear! I'm very sorry to hear that.

Shepherd (thoughtfully)—Eh, man doctor, jena it a mairry a didna tak' any o' the wee bottle masel'?

A PAIN CRIPPLE.

Tortured and Tormented with Rheumatism and Sciatica—South American Rheumatic Cure Works the Wonder.

Mrs. John Fisher, Woodstock, N.B., writes: "I had been suffering for over three years from muscular rheumatism and on one occasion I had a very acute attack of sciatica. For several weeks I was unable to walk or attend to my household duties. Tried several remedies, and physicians failed to give me relief. I saw South American Rheumatic Cure advertised and bought a bottle. It did me a wonderful lot of good. Four bottles effected a perfect and permanent cure." (18)

Sold by T. B. Wallace

The Merry Widow

By ALBERT PAYSON TERHUNE

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CHAPTER V.

To the Rescue.

NISH, who had obediently followed De Jolidon and Natalie at Popoff's orders until they had entered the summer house, now wriggled forward in confusion on hearing the ambassador's voice.

"Did you call me, sir?" he asked.

"I most surely did call you, Mr. Nish!" cried Popoff. "And I told you I was certain I saw a lady, or, rather, a lady's skirt, disappearing into that summer house. Who was she?"

"I—I don't know, your excellency," tremblingly lied Nish.

"You ought to know!" scolded Popoff. "You were standing nearer the summer house than I was. Didn't you see her at all?"

"Yes, sir—yes, I saw her, if I may say so, but I don't know who she was, I really don't. I—"

"Was she alone?"

"No, your excellency, not quite alone. There was, if I may say so—there was a gentleman with her. At least he looked like a gentleman, but I didn't recognize him either."

"Well, well, well!" chuckled the ambassador, seating himself in a garden chair and eying the summer house with delightful interest. "A little flirtation, eh? Gone in there to whisper sweet nothings where no one can interrupt 'em. I wonder who they are! Now, I really wonder! Mr. Nish, I would not for the world have you think I am the least bit curious. But—I'll just sit here awhile, for a joke, and watch them come out. In the meantime, Mr. Nish, you might slip around to the rear of the summer house and see if there is another door there. If there is, you might lock it. Understand?"

"Ye-yes, your excellency!" mumbled panic stricken Nish, scuttling away among the bushes. The little clerk never paused until he had found Sonia. To her he poured forth the whole story, gazing with wild horror as she broke into a peal of uncontrollable laughter.

Suddenly she grew sober.

"Her husband will never forgive her," she murmured, half to herself. "He will never understand that it's just a silly, harmless, sentimental talk they're having."

Memories of the ways of jealous Marsovian husbands flashed into her mind. In that primitive fatherland wives had been beaten—yes, and murdered—for less. Something must be done, and done quickly.

"Don't worry!" she consoled the terrified Nish. "Say nothing to any one else. I'll get Mme. Popoff out of the scrape if I can."

number of guests hurrying to the spot. "I'll denounce her before them all! Come out of there," he bellowed, rushing forward, "both of you! Come out!" He threw the summer house door wide open and shrank back, incredulous, aghast.

On the threshold stood De Jolidon and—Sonia!

"What—what does this mean," gurgled the confused ambassador, "this—this change and?"

"You called to us to come out," returned Sonia calmly. "May I ask what you wanted of us?"

"Sonia!" gasped Danilo. And through the confusion of many excited voices she heard him and thrilled to the note of anguish in his half stifled cry.

"If—if it was you who were in there with M. de Jolidon," stammered Popoff, "where is my wife?"

"Here I am, dear," answered Natalie, stepping out of the crowd, with which she had mingled after her hurried exit through the rear door of the summer house. "Here I am! What is the matter?"

"Matter enough!" cried her husband. "I could have sworn I saw you sitting in that arbor with M. de Jolidon."

"My dear!"

Natalie's exclamation was a triumph of shocked propriety.

"He was kissing, your hand, I thought," went on the dazed ambassador.

This time Natalie moved away from him in offended dignity. But Popoff hastened to throw his arm about her and draw her back.

"I was wrong," he assured her—"a blunder of eyesight! I apologize! I'm sorry. I—"

"I begin to understand," put in Sonia, stepping forward in fear lest Natalie overdo her pose of virtuous indignation. "It seems that the Marsovian ambassador has done me the honor to listen at a keyhole in hopes of overhearing my conversation. Sooner than disappoint him, M. de Jolidon, will you please repeat to him just what you said to me in there?"

De Jolidon understood. If Natalie was to be saved, if Sonia was not to be talked about, heroic measures were necessary.

"I asked Mme. Sonia Sadowa," said he, "to do me the honor to become my wife!"

Danilo stood motionless, his lips set in a white line, amid the buzz of congratulations and laughter that followed De Jolidon's announcement. Sonia noted his agony and said joyfully to herself:

"My prince, I think I've won! You'll have to speak, soon or late, now, and when you do—"

"And Marsovia loses the twenty millions!" Popoff muttered, recovering his self possession and somewhat belatedly remembering his country's needs.

"Prince," called Sonia mischievously, "I haven't heard your congratulations yet. You don't look as happy as you might at the news."

"Happy!" echoed Danilo, with a scornful, mirthless laugh. "Why

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

Eastern Standard Time.

No. 28

Taking effect Jan 1st, 1908.

Barretonburg and Paraworth to Napanea Deseronto and Napanea to Tanaworth and Barretonburg.

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

Eastern Standard Time. No. 28 Taking effect Jan 1st, 1906.

Toronto and Parry Sound to Napanee and Deseronto				Deseronto and Napanee to Toronto and Parry Sound			
Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 2	Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 2
Toronto	0	A.M.	P.M.	Deseronto	0	A.M.	P.M.
Parry Sound	2	6:03	1:30	Parry Sound	2	7:00	12:45
Alton	8	6:13	1:50	Alton	8	7:10	1:15
Quincy	14	6:23	2:05	Quincy	14	7:20	1:25
Port Hope	20	6:33	2:15	Port Hope	20	7:30	1:35
Georgetown	26	6:43	2:25	Georgetown	26	7:40	1:45
St. Catharines	32	6:53	2:35	St. Catharines	32	7:50	1:55
Niagara Falls	38	7:03	2:45	Niagara Falls	38	8:00	2:05
Welland	44	7:13	2:55	Welland	44	8:10	2:15
Port Hope	50	7:23	3:05	Port Hope	50	8:20	2:25
Georgetown	56	7:33	3:15	Georgetown	56	8:30	2:35
St. Catharines	62	7:43	3:25	St. Catharines	62	8:40	2:45
Niagara Falls	68	7:53	3:35	Niagara Falls	68	8:50	2:55
Welland	74	8:03	3:45	Welland	74	9:00	3:05
Port Hope	80	8:13	3:55	Port Hope	80	9:10	3:15
Georgetown	86	8:23	4:05	Georgetown	86	9:20	3:25
St. Catharines	92	8:33	4:15	St. Catharines	92	9:30	3:35
Niagara Falls	98	8:43	4:25	Niagara Falls	98	9:40	3:45
Welland	104	8:53	4:35	Welland	104	9:50	3:55
Port Hope	110	9:03	4:45	Port Hope	110	10:00	4:05
Georgetown	116	9:13	4:55	Georgetown	116	10:10	4:15
St. Catharines	122	9:23	5:05	St. Catharines	122	10:20	4:25
Niagara Falls	128	9:33	5:15	Niagara Falls	128	10:30	4:35
Welland	134	9:43	5:25	Welland	134	10:40	4:45
Port Hope	140	9:53	5:35	Port Hope	140	10:50	4:55
Georgetown	146	10:03	5:45	Georgetown	146	11:00	5:05
St. Catharines	152	10:13	5:55	St. Catharines	152	11:10	5:15
Niagara Falls	158	10:23	6:05	Niagara Falls	158	11:20	5:25
Welland	164	10:33	6:15	Welland	164	11:30	5:35
Port Hope	170	10:43	6:25	Port Hope	170	11:40	5:45
Georgetown	176	10:53	6:35	Georgetown	176	11:50	5:55
St. Catharines	182	11:03	6:45	St. Catharines	182	12:00	6:05
Niagara Falls	188	11:13	6:55	Niagara Falls	188	12:10	6:15
Welland	194	11:23	7:05	Welland	194	12:20	6:25
Port Hope	200	11:33	7:15	Port Hope	200	12:30	6:35
Georgetown	206	11:43	7:25	Georgetown	206	12:40	6:45
St. Catharines	212	11:53	7:35	St. Catharines	212	12:50	6:55
Niagara Falls	218	12:03	7:45	Niagara Falls	218	13:00	7:05
Welland	224	12:13	7:55	Welland	224	13:10	7:15
Port Hope	230	12:23	8:05	Port Hope	230	13:20	7:25
Georgetown	236	12:33	8:15	Georgetown	236	13:30	7:35
St. Catharines	242	12:43	8:25	St. Catharines	242	13:40	7:45
Niagara Falls	248	12:53	8:35	Niagara Falls	248	13:50	7:55
Welland	254	13:03	8:45	Welland	254	14:00	8:05
Port Hope	260	13:13	8:55	Port Hope	260	14:10	8:15
Georgetown	266	13:23	9:05	Georgetown	266	14:20	8:25
St. Catharines	272	13:33	9:15	St. Catharines	272	14:30	8:35
Niagara Falls	278	13:43	9:25	Niagara Falls	278	14:40	8:45
Welland	284	13:53	9:35	Welland	284	14:50	8:55
Port Hope	290	14:03	9:45	Port Hope	290	15:00	9:05
Georgetown	296	14:13	9:55	Georgetown	296	15:10	9:15
St. Catharines	302	14:23	10:05	St. Catharines	302	15:20	9:25
Niagara Falls	308	14:33	10:15	Niagara Falls	308	15:30	9:35
Welland	314	14:43	10:25	Welland	314	15:40	9:45
Port Hope	320	14:53	10:35	Port Hope	320	15:50	9:55
Georgetown	326	15:03	10:45	Georgetown	326	16:00	10:05
St. Catharines	332	15:13	10:55	St. Catharines	332	16:10	10:15
Niagara Falls	338	15:23	11:05	Niagara Falls	338	16:20	10:25
Welland	344	15:33	11:15	Welland	344	16:30	10:35
Port Hope	350	15:43	11:25	Port Hope	350	16:40	10:45
Georgetown	356	15:53	11:35	Georgetown	356	16:50	10:55
St. Catharines	362	16:03	11:45	St. Catharines	362	17:00	11:05
Niagara Falls	368	16:13	11:55	Niagara Falls	368	17:10	11:15
Welland	374	16:23	12:05	Welland	374	17:20	11:25
Port Hope	380	16:33	12:15	Port Hope	380	17:30	11:35
Georgetown	386	16:43	12:25	Georgetown	386	17:40	11:45
St. Catharines	392	16:53	12:35	St. Catharines	392	17:50	11:55
Niagara Falls	398	17:03	12:45	Niagara Falls	398	18:00	12:05
Welland	404	17:13	12:55	Welland	404	18:10	12:15
Port Hope	410	17:23	13:05	Port Hope	410	18:20	12:25
Georgetown	416	17:33	13:15	Georgetown	416	18:30	12:35
St. Catharines	422	17:43	13:25	St. Catharines	422	18:40	12:45
Niagara Falls	428	17:53	13:35	Niagara Falls	428	18:50	12:55
Welland	434	18:03	13:45	Welland	434	19:00	13:05
Port Hope	440	18:13	13:55	Port Hope	440	19:10	13:15
Georgetown	446	18:23	14:05	Georgetown	446	19:20	13:25
St. Catharines	452	18:33	14:15	St. Catharines	452	19:30	13:35
Niagara Falls	458	18:43	14:25	Niagara Falls	458	19:40	13:45
Welland	464	18:53	14:35	Welland	464	19:50	13:55
Port Hope	470	19:03	14:45	Port Hope	470	20:00	14:05
Georgetown	476	19:13	14:55	Georgetown	476	20:10	14:15
St. Catharines	482	19:23	15:05	St. Catharines	482	20:20	14:25
Niagara Falls	488	19:33	15:15	Niagara Falls	488	20:30	14:35
Welland	494	19:43	15:25	Welland	494	20:40	14:45
Port Hope	500	19:53	15:35	Port Hope	500	20:50	14:55
Georgetown	506	20:03	15:45	Georgetown	506	21:00	15:05
St. Catharines	512	20:13	15:55	St. Catharines	512	21:10	15:15
Niagara Falls	518	20:23	16:05	Niagara Falls	518	21:20	15:25
Welland	524	20:33	16:15	Welland	524	21:30	15:35
Port Hope	530	20:43	16:25	Port Hope	530	21:40	15:45
Georgetown	536	20:53	16:35	Georgetown	536	21:50	15:55
St. Catharines	542	21:03	16:45	St. Catharines	542	22:00	16:05
Niagara Falls	548	21:13	16:55	Niagara Falls	548	22:10	16:15
Welland	554	21:23	17:05	Welland	554	22:20	16:25
Port Hope	560	21:33	17:15	Port Hope	560	22:30	16:35
Georgetown	566	21:43	17:25	Georgetown	566	22:40	16:45
St. Catharines	572	21:53	17:35	St. Catharines	572	22:50	16:55
Niagara Falls	578	22:03	17:45	Niagara Falls	578	23:00	17:05
Welland	584	22:13	17:55	Welland	584	23:10	17:15
Port Hope	590	22:23	18:05	Port Hope	590	23:20	17:25
Georgetown	596	22:33	18:15	Georgetown	596	23:30	17:35
St. Catharines	602	22:43	18:25	St. Catharines	602	23:40	17:45
Niagara Falls	608	22:53	18:35	Niagara Falls	608	23:50	17:55
Welland	614	23:03	18:45	Welland	614	24:00	18:05
Port Hope	620	23:13	18:55	Port Hope	620	24:10	18:15
Georgetown	626	23:23	19:05	Georgetown	626	24:20	18:25
St. Catharines	632	23:33	19:15	St. Catharines	632	24:30	18:35
Niagara Falls	638	23:43	19:25	Niagara Falls	638	24:40	18:45
Welland	644	23:53	19:35	Welland	644	24:50	18:55
Port Hope	650	24:03	19:45	Port Hope	650	25:00	19:05
Georgetown	656	24:13	19:55	Georgetown	656	25:10	19:15
St. Catharines	662	24:23	20:05	St. Catharines	662	25:20	19:25
Niagara Falls	668	24:33	20:15	Niagara Falls	668	25:30	19:35
Welland	674	24:43	20:25	Welland	674	25:40	19:45
Port Hope	680	24:53	20:35	Port Hope	680	25:50	19:55
Georgetown	686	25:03	20:45	Georgetown	686	26:00	20:05
St. Catharines	692	25:13	20:55	St. Catharines	692	26:10	20:15
Niagara Falls	698	25:23	21:05	Niagara Falls	698	26:20	20:25
Welland	704	25:33	21:15	Welland	704	26:30	20:35
Port Hope	710	25:43	21:25	Port Hope	710	26:40	20:45
Georgetown	716	25:53	21:35	Georgetown	716	26:50	20:55
St. Catharines	722	26:03	21:45	St. Catharines	722	27:00	21:05
Niagara Falls	728	26:13	21:55	Niagara Falls	728	27:10	21:15
Welland	734	26:23	22:05	Welland	734	27:20	21:25
Port Hope	740	26:33	22:15	Port Hope	740	27:30	21:35
Georgetown	746	26:43	22:25	Georgetown	746	27:40	21:45
St. Catharines	752	26:53	22:35	St. Catharines	752	27:50	21:55
Niagara Falls	758	27:03	22:45	Niagara Falls	758	28:00	22:05
Welland	764	27:13	22:55	Welland	764	28:10	22:15
Port Hope	770	27:23	23:05	Port Hope	770	28:20	22:25
Georgetown	776	27:33	23:15	Georgetown	776	28:30	22:35
St. Catharines	782	27:43	23:25	St. Catharines	782	28:40	22:45
Niagara Falls	788	27:53	23:35	Niagara Falls	788	28:50	22:55
Welland	794	28:03	23:45	Welland	794	29:00	23:05
Port Hope	800	28:13	23:55	Port Hope	800	29:10	23:15
Georgetown	806	28:23	24:05	Georgetown	806	29:20	23:25
St. Catharines	812	28:33	24:15	St. Catharines	812	29:30	23:35
Niagara Falls	818	28:43	24:25	Niagara Falls	818	29:40	23:45
Welland	824	28:53	24:35	Welland	824	29:50	23:55
Port Hope	830	29:03	24:45	Port Hope	830	30:00	24:05
Georgetown	836	29:13	24:55	Georgetown	836	30:10	24:15
St. Catharines	842	29:23	25:05	St. Catharines	842	30:20	24:25
Niagara Falls	848	29:33	25:15	Niagara Falls	848	30:30	24:35
Welland	854	29:43	25:25	Welland	854	30:40	24:45
Port Hope	860	29:53	25:35	Port Hope	860	30:50	24:55
Georgetown	866	30:03	25:45	Georgetown	866	31:00	25:05
St. Catharines	872	30:13	25:55	St. Catharines	872	31:10	25:15
Niagara Falls	878	30:23	26:05	Niagara Falls	878	31:20	25:25
Welland	884	30:33	26:15	Welland	884	31:30	25:35
Port Hope	890	30:43	26:25	Port Hope	890	31:40	25:45
Georgetown	896	30:53	26:35	Georgetown	896	31:50	25:55
St. Catharines	902	31:03	26:45	St. Catharines	902	32:00	26:05
Niagara Falls	908	31:13	26:55	Niagara Falls	908	32:10	26:15
Welland	914	31:23	27:05	Welland	914	32:20	26:25
Port Hope	920	31:33	27:15	Port Hope	920	32:30	26:35
Georgetown	926	31:43	27:25	Georgetown	926	32:40	26:45
St. Catharines	932	31:53	27:35	St. Catharines	932	32:50	26:55
Niagara Falls	938	32:03	27:45	Niagara Falls	938		

HOUSE THAT REVOLVES

SCHEME OF A JEWELER TO CURE HIS INSOMNIA.

Owner Will Be Enabled to Move His Home In Any Direction to Woo Zephyrs or Avoid Light—Will Be Run by Electricity—Turning of the House to Be Practically Noiseless.

William Reiman, a jeweler in New York city, has had plans drawn for a revolving house which he will build at Bayside, N.Y.

Mr. Reiman's Bayside home will be the result of many years of thought over the matter of genuine home comfort, for he has often declared that, with the advantages of modern appliances and electricity, there seemed little reason for the sunny side of the house being in the sun all summer and the shady side being in the shade all winter.

Mr. Reiman would have a home the windows of which may follow the sunshine in winter or avoid it in summer. An architect has studied the problem and has completed plans for such a home, which will be built at a cost of \$35,000, exclusive of the real estate.

As proposed, the house will be constructed on a turntable, which will be operated by electric power. The owner, in his library or bedroom, may press a button and on the piazzas will sound a tinkling of bells to those who are about to enter or leave the house, warning them that the Reiman home is about to manoeuvre by either the right or left flank. Allowing family, servants and guests time to get in or out of the house, Mr. Reiman will then press another button, and the house will swing to right or left, as he may desire.

Sitting in his library window and wearying of the view, he may turn the house around and get another vista without leaving his chair, or if the breeze shifts and the owner of the house finds himself cut off from it he gives the alarm and moves his home around and around and around until he gets the breeze where he wants it. Of course sunshine and shade will be his to command, and if he desires to sleep late and the light is in his window he presses the button near his bed and swings away from the east.

The house was designed by Mr. Reiman himself, and the plans as drawn show that his scheme is eminently practical. Mr. Reiman will have neither front nor back yard to his house. The lawns will be so laid out that the front entrance will fit at any point of the compass. The revolution of the house will be practically noiseless, and part of the turntable will be visible.

Mr. Reiman believes that his house will have a lot of hygienic advantages.

"I have had this house in my mind for a number of years," he said. "Prior to the actual decision to build I made some experiments to test the feasibility of the plan. I do not look on the matter as a fad, for it is a question of common sense. There is no more reason why one should be roasted or chilled in certain rooms of a house year after year than there is that one should live on the outside of it. I am satisfied with the plan, provided me, and I believe that others will build revolving houses, following my plans."

Mr. Reiman will begin building the house this summer and will have it ready in the late fall.

"I will use the colonial style of architecture for the house," he said. "The kitchen will be built away from it. There will be five bedrooms and baths on the second floor and on the first a large reception hall, dining room, den, library and pantry. There

LETTERS FROM WOMEN

About Pe-ru-na.



MRS. CLARA L. MILLER.

MRS. S. L. JEWELL.

MRS. MAHALA REID.

The following testimonials represent actual experience of every-day life. They are the truthful utterances of women who have been ill and have found a reliable remedy in Peruna.

It means a great deal to the women of America to have at hand a remedy capable of giving such relief. Constipation, rheumatism, kidney trouble, bronchitis and a host of other catarrhal conditions are relieved by Peruna. At least this is what the women say. They have no object in saying such things, except to render truthful testimony to their suffering sisters.

Peruna is making such friends every day. It is the testimony of the people that has made Peruna so justly famous

Chronic Bronchitis.

Mrs. Clara L. Miller, Box 71, Columbia Sta., Seattle, Wash., formerly vice president of Skoogay Country Club, writes: "Nine bottles of Peruna cured me of a protracted case of bronchitis. There is no superior remedy that I know of, as the action of Peruna on the vasa motor system of nerves is very beneficial. It increases the tone of the system and aids nature to perform her functions."

"I have recommended it to a number of my friends, who speak in the same high terms of it. I have certainly found it a most efficacious medicine."

Nervous, Tired and Weak.

Mrs. Christina Smukalla, 490 Winslow Ave., Buffalo, N. Y., writes: "I trust every one suffering from systemic catarrh will read this and profit by it."

"I was in a very bad condition indeed, when I began to take Peruna, and my friends as well as myself were very much alarmed over my condition. I was always nervous, could not sleep at night, my food did me no good, and I was always tired and weak. I tried several doctors, but found no relief."

"Finally I took two bottles of Peruna and felt like a different woman. However, I did not stop there, but kept on with it until I had taken several bottles, when I felt completely cured, and have remained so ever since. I can eat and sleep now."

A Good Word for Pe-ru-na.

Mrs. S. L. Jewell, R. F. D. 1, Freeport, Pa., writes: "Having used Peruna myself for many years with beneficial effects, and observing the good it has done others of my acquaintance, I cannot but say a good word in behalf of Peruna."

Keeps Pe-ru-na in the House.

Mrs. Maria Goertz, Orienta, Oklahoma, writes: "My husband, children and myself have used your medicines, and we always keep them in the house in case of necessity. I was restored to health by this medicine, and Dr. Hartman's invaluable advice and books. People ask about me from different places, and are surprised that I can do all of my housework alone, and that I was cured by the doctor of chronic catarrh. My husband was cured of asthma, my daughter of earache and catarrh of the stomach, and my son of catarrh of the throat. When I was sick I weighed 100 pounds; now I weigh 140."

"Dr. Hartman's remedies have proven to be reliable and wonderful. Their effect upon the system is remarkable. Peruna quiets the nerves, and is a great specific for all forms of chronic catarrh. "I am very glad to say that I can write you that I am cured in every way of catarrh, with which I had suffered terribly for ten years. I cannot thank you enough for your advice."

Constipation, Kidney Trouble.

Mrs. Mahala Reid, Corbyville, Ont., Canada, writes:

"Your celebrated remedies have been a wonderful boon to me in my old age. I have not been in so good health for several years as now."

"I was troubled with constipation, rheumatism and kidney trouble. A little over two years ago I completely lost my health, becoming almost helpless, when a dear friend sent me your remedies, Peruna and Manalin."

"I began to take them, following the directions on the bottles. I very soon began to feel benefited by their use, and continued to take them."

"I am now completely recovered from the above ailments, in fact, better than I have been for years past."

"I cannot praise the remedies too highly and will always recommend them to others."

A Well-Known Remedy.

Peruna is a catarrh remedy that has been in the field for many years. Other catarrh remedies have come and gone, but the reputation of Peruna has outlived them all.

Peruna is a combination of efficient herbal remedies that yields a powerful influence on all the mucous membranes of the body, and hence reaches catarrh wherever it is located.

CAMDEN FAIR.

Camden Fair at Centreville was held on Saturday last. A good crowd was in attendance and a splendid lot of exhibits. Horses and cattle the classes were specially well filled and competition keen. The vegetable and fruit exhibits were not quite so numerous as usual, but all were of excellent quality. In the evening Mr. Will J. White gave a concert in the township hall to a crowded house. The horse races were quite amusing if not very fast.

PRIZE LIST.

1—HORSES IN HALTER.

Stallion and one draught—W. G. Win-

SMALL BREED.

Boar, with pedigree—Wesley Dawson, W. A. Potter.

Breeding Sow—W. A. Potter, W. Dawson.

Boar Pig—W. Dawson, W. A. Potter.

Sow Pig—W. A. Potter, W. Dawson.

SHEEP.

(Long Wool Breed.)

Ram—Jno. Valentine, C. W. Neville.

Ram Lamb—C. W. Neville, Jno Valentine.

Ewe—Jno Valentine, W. Dawson.

Ewe Lamb—C. W. Neville, Jno Valentine.

SHORT WOOL.

Ram—S. G. Doyle, W. Dawson.

Ram lamb—Jno. Valentine.

Trotting horse—J McAllister, E Kaylor
Saddle horse—E Kaylor, W Finnegan
Beaver, doz pears—Robt Harten
Farmers' Bank for 2 year-old grade heifer,
2nd time won by J M Lochead
Farmers' Bank, Cup for mare and foal,
general purpose—Albert Shane

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the

Signature of *Dr. H. H. Fletcher*

ready in the late fall.
 "I will use the colonial style of architecture for the house," he said. "The kitchen will be built away from it. There will be five bedrooms and baths on the second floor and on the first a large reception hall, dining room, den, library and pantry. There is only one other house of this kind that I have heard of and that one is said to be in Switzerland. The revolution will be practically noiseless. I have considerable trouble in sleeping, and that is the main reason why I am having this house built. If the sun is shining in my eyes in early morning or if my room does not catch the breeze that may be blowing, I can just press a button at the side of my bed and remedy the matter. If the house proves a success, which I have every reason to believe it will, I will build another down at Long Branch, N.J., where I own some property."

First at Last.

Stevens works for a German who is in the commission business near Washington market. Stevens came near losing his job recently because of his habit of arriving late at the office, and it was not until Schmitz, his employer, told him if he was late again he would be discharged that he mended his ways.

Now he is telling his friends how the boss, who never has been able to get the kinks out of the English language, complimented him for his punctuality.

"Harry," said Mr. Schmitz, "I had noticed dot you are early of late." Stevens nodded and smiled, and his employer continued:
 "You were behind before, but now you are de fairst at last."

Her Newspaper Acquaintance.

Among the guests at a fashionable New York reception was a recently appointed young editor of one of the dailies, who thought extremely well of himself. He received an introduction to the thirteen-year-old daughter of his hostess.

"And how do you like newspaper men?" he asked the little maid in a most condescending tone of voice. "I don't know," she replied artlessly. "The only one I know is the man who brings our paper every morning."

A Comparison.

"Biggins makes a great fuss over trifles," said the critical person. "Yes," answered the nervous man; "you can't ask him the time of day without his getting as excited as a cuckoo clock."

Sacred Geese of Rome.

The tradition of the "sacred geese of old Rome" is that when the Gauls invaded Rome a detachment, in single file, climbed up the hill of the capital so silently that the foremost man reached the top without being challenged. But while he was striding over the rampart some sacred geese, disturbed by the noise, began to cackle and thus awoke the garrison. Marcus Manlius rushed to the wall and hurled the fellow over the precipice. To commemorate the event the Romans carried a golden goose in procession to the capitol every year.

An Improvement.

Phisty—I suppose you think that if you had the regulating of the universe you could make some improvements on the present job, don't you?
 Kuphs—I don't know about that, but I think I could suggest one change. I should like to have things so arranged that when a man is having a good time the days would seem to pass slowly instead of quickly, as they do now.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Kind You Have Always Bought
 Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

cellent quality. In the evening Mr. Will J. White gave a concert in the township hall to a crowded house. The horse races were quite amusing if not very fast.

PRIZE LIST.

I—HORSES IN HALTER.

Stallion, any age, draught—W. G. Winters.
 Stallion, general purpose—Alf Milligan.
 Gen. purpose brood Mare and Colt—Albert Shane, T. H. Henderson, H. F. Bell.
 Draught brood Mare and Colt—Geo. Clancy, Albert Shane, S. G. Hogle.
 Brood Mare and Colt, roadster—T. F. Reid, W. Dawson, Henry Martin.
 3-year-old Mare or Gelding, general purpose—Geo. Milligan, Robt. Tait.
 3-year-old draught mare or gelding—F. H. Henderson, Wm. Paul.
 3-year-old mare or gelding, roadster—Jno Valentine, S. G. Hogle.
 2-year-old mare or gelding, general purpose—John Cassidy, Jas. Hinoh.
 2-year-old draught mare or gelding—Alf Milligan, Levi Evans.
 2-year-old mare or gelding, roadster—T. F. Reid, J. E. Hudgins.
 Yearling colt, general purpose—F. H. Henderson, Jas. Oray.
 Yearling colt, draught—S. G. Hogle, D. Denison.
 Yearling colt, roadster—S. G. Hogle, D. L. Boice.
 Special—Best pure bred stallion with five of his colts—Alf Milligan.

II—HORSES IN HARNESS

Stallion, any age, roadster—John McAllister.
 Span heavy draught horses—J. W. Walker.
 Span horses, general purpose—W. H. Nugent, W. M. Pringle.
 Span matched carriage horses, over 15½ hands—R. H. McGuiness, W. R. Finnigan.
 Span matched carriage horses, 15½ hands and under—R. H. McGuiness, W. K. Finnigan.
 Carriage mare or gelding in harness, over 15½ hands—W. H. Whelan, W. H. Vannest.
 Carriage mare or gelding in harness, 15½ hands and under—W. G. Winters, Geo. Milligan.

III—HORNED CATTLE.

Bull, 2-year-old and over—C. D. Wagar, J. M. Lochead.
 Yearling Bull—C. D. Wagar, J. M. Lochead.
 Cow giving milk—J. M. Lochead, C. D. Wagar.
 2-year-old heifer—J. M. Lochead.
 Yearling heifer—C. D. Wagar, J. M. Lochead.
 Bull calf under one year—C. D. Wagar, J. M. Lochead.
 Heifer calf under 1 year—J. M. Lochead.
 Pure bred bull—C. D. Wagar.
 (Pure bred dairy breed.)
 Bull, 2-year-old and over—A. Storey, W. Dawson.
 Yearling Bull—W. H. Vannest, Jno. Valentine.
 Cow giving milk—R. H. McGuiness, A. Storey.
 2-year-old heifer—W. H. Vannest, W. Dawson.
 Yearling heifer—Jno. Valentine, W. Dawson.
 Bull calf, under one year—W. Dawson.
 Heifer calf, under 1 year—W. H. Vannest.
 Pure bred bull—A. Storey.

GRADES.

Cow giving milk—J. M. Lochead 1st and 2nd.
 2-year-old heifer—J. M. Lochead, Jno. Valentine.
 Yearling heifer—J. M. Lochead.
 Heifer calf, under 1 year—J. M. Lochead.

POULTRY.

Pair Turkeys—Levi Evans, W. A. Potter.
 Pair geese—D. L. Boice.
 Pair ducks—D. L. Boice.
 Pair Minorcas—Levi Evans, W. A. Potter.
 Pair leghorns—Jno. Valentine, Robt. Nugent.
 Pair plymouth rocks—W. A. Potter, D. L. Boice.
 Pair wyandotes—D. L. Boice, Jno. Valentine.
 Pair Orpingtons—Levi Evans.

IV—PIGS.

(Tamworth, Yorkshire, Chester.)
 Boar, with pedigree—S. G. Hogle, C. W. Neville.
 Breeding sow—S. G. Hogle.
 Boar pig, 1908—S. G. Hogle.
 Sow pig, 1908—S. G. Hogle.

time.
 Ewe—Jno Valentine, W. Dawson.
 Ewe Lamb—C. W. Neville, Jno Valentine.

SHORT WOOL.

Ram—S. G. Doyle, W. Dawson.
 Ram lamb—Jno. Valentine.
 Ewe—Jno. Valentine, W. Dawson.
 Ewe lamb—C. W. Neville, Jno. Valentine.

FRUIT.

Six bunches of grapes—L. Hartman, P. E. R. Miller, R. H. McGuiness.
 Twelve table apples—Cyrus Edgar, Levi Evans, R. H. McGuiness.
 Twelve winter apples—F. H. Henderson, C. H. Lochead, W. H. Vannest.
 Twelve pears—R. H. McGuiness, Robt. Harten, P. E. R. Miller.
 Twelve tomatoes—P. E. R. Miller, W. A. Potter, L. Vannest.
 Collection of canned fruit, named—R. H. McGuiness, P. E. R. Miller.
 White cheese—Thos. Clancy, F. C. Gerow.
 Colored cheese—F. P. Johnston.
 Ten lbs butter—L. Hartman, Robt. Harten, R. H. McGuiness.

VEGETABLES.

Half bushel potatoes—J. E. Hudgins, R. Nugent, Robt. McGill.
 Half bushel swedish turnips—Jno Cassidy, M. A. Gilmore, R. Nugent.
 Half bushel carrots—M. A. Gilmore, Jno Valentine.
 Half bushel Mangold wurtzels—R. Nugent.
 Half bushel table beets—R. Nugent, W. A. Potter, Jno Valentine.
 Poter Onions—D. L. Boice, L. Hartman.
 Head Cabbage—L. Vannest, L. Hartman.
 Bunch Celery—M. A. Gilmore, L. Hartman.
 Head Cauliflower—L. Hartman, P. E. R. Miller.
 Field pumpkin—R. Harten, R. McGill.
 Squash—L. Harten, A. Carscallen.

GRAIN OF 1908

Half bushel fall wheat—J. B. Aylsworth, Alf Milligan, P. E. R. Miller.
 Half bushel spring wheat—D. L. Boice, J. Patterson, M. A. Gilmore.
 Half bushel rye—Levi Evans, J. B. Aylsworth, D. L. Boice.
 Half bushel indian corn in ear—J. B. Aylsworth, L. Evans, L. Hartman.
 Half bushel peas—Jno Valentine, J. B. Aylsworth, P. E. R. Miller.
 Half bushel barley—P. E. R. Miller, Jno Valentine, J. Patterson.
 Half bushel oats—J. B. Aylsworth, P. E. R. Miller, L. Hartman.
 Half bushel buckwheat—D. L. Boice, R. Nugent, P. E. R. Miller.
 Half bushel timothy seed—D. L. Boice, Wagar & Card.
 Peck of beans—Cyrus Edgar, M. A. Gilmore, R. Harten.

DOMESTICS.

Five pounds honey—Lewis Hartman, Levi Evans.
 Five pounds maple sugar, in cake—P. E. R. Miller, M. A. Gilmore.
 Loaf home-made bread—R. H. McGuiness, Jno Cassidy.
 Knit bed spread—Robert Nugent, M. A. Gilmore.
 Coverlet—Jno. Cassidy, M. A. Gilmore.
 Quilt—M. A. Gilmore, R. H. McGuiness.
 Pair woolen socks—Lewis Hartman, R. H. McGuiness.
 Pair woolen stockings—Jno. Cassidy, R. H. McGuiness.
 Pair woolen mittens—R. H. McGuiness, Lewis Hartman.
 Battenberg work—R. H. McGuiness, L. Hartman.
 Drawn work—R. H. McGuiness, L. Hartman.
 Popcorn work—M. A. Gilmore, J. B. Aylsworth.
 Sample etching work—L. Hartman, M. A. Gilmore.
 Table drapery—L. Hartman, P. E. R. Miller.
 Collection of doilies—P. E. R. Miller, L. Hartman.
 Pair pillow shams—L. Hartman, P. E. R. Miller.
 Collection of fancy work—P. E. R. Miller, L. Hartman.
 Collection of paintings—L. Hartman.

SPECIAL PRIZES.

Single turnout by lady, \$8.00 by C. D. Wagar—R. H. McGuiness.
 Crown Bank, Enterprise, silver cup for best cheese—W. F. Gerow.
 F. W. Morgan Dean, Crown Bank, Enterprise, single Roadster—R. H. McGuiness.
 Stallion with pedigree and five of his colts—Alf. Milligan.

For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

DENBIGH.

Mrs. F. Chatson, who enjoyed a month visiting at her daughter's Mrs. A. L. Stein, of Brockville, has arrived home again.

Mrs. F. D. Bryan, of Rochester, N. Y., who spent a very pleasant month visiting friends and relatives here, has returned to the city much improved in health.

Mr. George Fritsch, of Renfrew, who was the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Fritsch for a couple of weeks, also returned to town.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Fritsch have left for New Liskeard, where they intend to locate permanently. Their removal is much regretted by their many local friends.

Mr. Adolph Chatson, who for a number of years has been away from home is paying a good visit to his parents and many other friends here.

Rev. J. R. Butler and Mrs. Butler, of Courtice, are enjoying a vacation visiting at the latter's father, Mr. John Lane, and other relatives.

Miss Magda Daechsel has returned to Eganville to continue her studies at the High School there.

Misses Louisa and Martha Stein, of Ottawa, who enjoyed a month visiting at their old home, intend to return to the Capital in a few days.



This woman says that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound saved her life.

Mrs. Emma Chatel, Valleyfield, Pellerier, Quebec, writes to Mrs. Pinkham:

"I want to tell you that without Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, I would not be alive. For months I suffered with painful and irregular periods and inflammation of the feminine organs. Doctors could do nothing for me, and said I must submit to an operation as I had a tumor. One of my cousins advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as it had cured her.

"I did so and now I have no pain and am entirely cured. Your remedy is deserving of great praise."

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

A House of Mystery

OR, THE GIRL IN BLUE

CHAPTER XXIV.—(Cont'd)

At length, at Blackfriars Bridge, I retraced my steps, and some twenty minutes later, as I took my key from the hotel bureau, the clerk handed me a note, addressed to "Burton Lawrence, Esquire," the fictitious name I had given. It had been delivered by boy-messenger.

Then I was discovered! My heart leapt into my mouth.

I tore open the envelope and read its contents. They were brief and to the point.

"The undersigned will be obliged," it ran, "if Mr. Burton Lawrence will be present this evening at eight o'clock, in the main-line booking-office of the Brighton Railway, at Victoria Station. An interview is of very pressing importance."

The note was signed by that single word which had always possessed such mysterious signification, the word "Avel."

Hitherto, in my old life long ago, receipt of communications from that mysterious correspondent had caused me much anxiety of mind. I had always feared their advent; now, however, I actually welcomed it, even though it were strange and unaccountable that the unknown writer should know my whereabouts and the name beneath which I had sought to conceal my identity.

I made a hasty dinner in the coffee-room, and went forthwith to Victoria, wondering whom I should meet. The last time I had kept one of those strange appointments on that summer evening long ago in Hyde Park, I had come face to face with the woman I loved. Would that I could meet her now!

I entered the booking-office, searching it with eager eyes. Two lines of persons were taking tickets at the pigeon-holes, while a number of loungers were, like myself, awaiting friends. Beyond, upon the platform, all was bustle, as is usual at that hour, when the belated portion of business London is bound or the southern suburbs. From that busy terminus of the West and trains were arriving and departing each moment.

The big illuminated clock showed that it was yet five minutes to the hour. Therefore I strolled out upon the platform, lounged around the bookstalls, and presently returned to the spot indicated in the letter.

As I re-entered the booking-office my eager eyes fell upon a figure standing before me—a well-dressed figure, with a face that smiled upon me.

An involuntary cry of surprise escaped my lips. The encounter was sudden and astounding; but in that instant, as I rushed forward to greet the newcomer, I knew myself to be on the verge of a startling and remarkable discovery.

"return," she said. "Your sight was restored to you."

"For that, how can I sufficiently thank you?" I exclaimed. "I owe it all to you, and rest assured that, although we have not met until this evening, I have never forgotten—nor shall I ever forget."

She smiled pleasantly, while I strolled slowly at her side across the station-yard.

To me those moments were like a dream. Edna, the woman who had hitherto been a strange ghost of the past, was now actually beside me in the flesh.

"I have received other notes making appointments—the last, I think, a couple of years ago," I observed after a pause. "Did you not meet me then?"

She glanced at me with a puzzled expression. Of course she knew nothing of those lost years of my life.

"Meet you?" she repeated. "Certainly not."

"Who met me, then?"

"I really don't know," she answered. "This is the first time I have approached you, and I only come to you now in order to ask you to grant me a favor—a very great favor."

"A favor! What is it?"

"I cannot explain here, in the street," she said, quickly. "If you will come to my hotel I will place the facts before you."

"Where are you staying?"

"At the Bath Hotel, in Arlington Street."

I knew the place well. It stood at the corner of Arlington Street and Piccadilly, and was an eminently respectable, old-fashioned place, patronized by a high-class clientele.

"And you are alone?" I inquired, thinking it strange that she should thus ask me to her hotel.

"Of course. I have come to London expressly to see you," she responded. "I went down to Budget-Salterton two days ago, but I ascertained at Denbury that you had left suddenly."

"Whom did you see there?" I inquired, much interested.

"Your butler. He told me some absurd story how that you had become temporarily irresponsible for your actions, and had disappeared, leaving no address."

"And you came to London?"

"Of course."

"And how did you find out where I was hidden, and my assumed name?"

She smiled mysteriously.

"It was easy enough, I assure you. A man of your influence in the City, well known as you are, has considerable difficulty in effectively concealing his identity."

"But who told you where I was staying?" I demanded.

"Nobody. I discovered it for myself."

"And yet the police have been searching for me everywhere, and have not yet discovered me!" I remarked, surprised.

mystery which had hitherto veiled her identity. She had saved my life, it is true, and I supposed that I ought to consider her as a friend, yet in those few minutes during which I had gazed upon her a curious dislike of her had arisen within me. She was, I felt certain, not the straightforward person I had once believed her to be.

Not that there was anything in her appearance against her. On the contrary, she was a pleasant, smiling, rather pretty woman of perhaps thirty-five, who spoke with the air and manner of a lady, and who carried herself well, with the grace of one in a higher social circle.

After a few moments' hesitation my curiosity got the better of my natural caution, and I determined to hear what she had to say. Therefore we drove together to Bath Hotel.

In her own private sitting-room, a cosy little apartment overlooking Piccadilly, opposite Dover Street, she removed her big black hat, drew off her gloves, and having invited me to a chair, took one herself on the opposite side of the fireplace. Her maid was there when we entered, but retired at word from her mistress.

"You, of course, regard it as very curious, Mr. Heaton, that after these six years I should again seek you," she commenced, leaning her arm lightly upon the little table, and gazing straight into my face without flinching. "It is true that once I was enabled to render you a service, and now in return I ask you also to render me one. Of course, it is useless to deny that a secret exists between us—a secret which, if revealed, would be disastrous."

"To whom?"

"To certain persons whose names need not be mentioned."

"Why not?"

"Think," she said, very gravely.

"Did you not promise me that, in return for your life when you were blind and helpless, you would make no effort to learn the true facts? It seems that you have already learnt at least one—the spot where the crime was committed."

"I consider it my duty to learn what I can of this affair," I answered determinedly.

She raised her eyebrows with an expression of surprise, for she saw that I was in earnest.

"After your vow to me?" she asked. "Remember that, to acknowledge my indebtedness for that vow, I searched for the one specialist who could restore your sight. To my efforts, Mr. Heaton, you are now in possession of that sense that was lost to you."

"I acknowledge that freely," I answered. "Yet, even in that you have sought to deceive me."

"How?"

"You told me that you were not the writer of those letters signed with a pseudonym."

"And that is true. I was not the actual writer, even though I may have caused them to be written."

"Having thus deceived me, how can you hope that I can be free with you?"

"I regret," she answered, "that slight deception has been necessary to preserve the secret."

"The secret of the crime?"

She nodded.

"Well, and what do you wish to tell me this evening?"

She was silent for a moment, toyed with her rings.

"I want to appeal to your generosity. I want you to assist me."

"In what manner?"

"As before."

SHEEP MUTILATED.

Wanton Acts by Organized Groups of Marauders.

Under the title of "Savage Sardinia," Il Messaggero, the principal Roman morning newspaper, directed attention to the astonishing prevalence of lawless crimes in that island by organized groups of marauders and savages, who oftentimes turn out to consist of some of the most prominent and highly respected farmers in the provinces.

The other night eight masked individuals, armed with guns and daggers, invaded a farm belonging to a benevolent proprietor named Calvisi, on the mountain side near Sassari. There they seized the shepherd watching the flock, beat him senseless, robbed him of the small cash he had on his person, and left him bound hand and foot and gagged. They then drove 500 sheep delivered to his custody a distance of a couple of miles to a lonely valley, where they ripped open 300 of these animals, and thrust their daggers into every one of the rest.

Sardinia continues, as from time immemorial, to hold the record in all Italy for brutality, homicides, cattle wounding, incendiary fires and allied forms of damage to property. The criminal convictions for the latter crime are 4.32 in every 100,000 of the population.

In the single commune of Bitti, wherein the above vendetta has just taken place, no fewer than 1,500 sheep and 400 bullocks have been maliciously hamstringed since the beginning of this year. This extraordinary state of things is attributed largely to the notable deficiency of police and a rooted unbelief in the official administration of justice.

ST. VITUS DANCE

A Severe Case Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

St. Vitus' dance is a disease of the nerves brought on by a morbid condition of the blood. It is a common disease with children and attacks females oftener than males. The only cure lies in plenty of pure blood, because good blood is the life food of the nerves. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure even the most severe forms of this trouble because they enrich the blood supply, thus carrying the necessary food to the nerves. In proof of this we have the statement of Mrs. Alex. Cameron, Summerside P. E. I., who says:—"Some years ago my daughter Lena, then a child of ten years, became afflicted with St. Vitus' dance. At that time she was attending school and the first indication I had that something was wrong, was that she appeared easily discouraged in her studies. She was naturally a spirited child, not given to tears, but she would cry over what I thought should be easy work for her. The disease progressed so rapidly that in the course of a few weeks she became unable to hold anything in her hands, and we were obliged to take her out of school. She became so afflicted that she could not hold a cup to her lips without suddenly losing hold of it. I knew from the first by the symptoms that her ailment was St. Vitus' dance, and despaired of seeing her cured, as it was looked on as such a hopeless ailment. She became so bad that she could not hold herself still for the space of ten seconds."

me. An involuntary cry of surprise escaped my lips. The encounter was sudden and astounding; but in that instant, as I rushed forward to greet the newcomer, I knew myself to be on the verge of a startling and remarkable discovery.

CHAPTER XXV.

The encounter was a startling one.

At the moment when my eyes first fell upon the figure standing patiently in the looking-office awaiting me, I halted for a second in uncertainty. The silhouette before me was that of a youngish, brown-haired, and rather good-looking woman, neatly dressed in dead black, wearing a large hat and a feather boa round her neck.

By the expression of her face I saw that she had recognized me. I had, of course, never seen her before, yet her personal appearance—the grey eyes and brown hair—were exactly similar to those described so minutely on several occasions by West, the cab-driver. I regarded her for a moment in silent wonder, then advanced to meet her.

She was quite other than the unknown woman who had saved my life on that fateful night at The Boltons—the mysterious Edna!

As I raised my hat she bowed gracefully, and with a merry smile, said—

"I fear that, to you, I am a stranger. I recognize you, however, as Mr. Heaton."

"That is certainly my name," I responded, still puzzled. "And you—well, our recognition is, I believe mutual—you are Edna."

She glanced at me quickly, as though suspicious. "How did you know that?" she inquired. "You have never seen me before. You were totally blind on the last occasion we met."

"I recognized you from your description," I answered with a light laugh.

"My description?" she echoed in a tone of distinct alarm.

"Yes, the description given of you by the cabman who drove me home on that memorable morning."

"Ah! Of course," she ejaculated in sudden remembrance. Then, for a few seconds, she remained in silence. It seemed as though the fact that I had recognized her had somewhat confused her.

"But I am extremely glad that we have met at last," I assured her. "I have, times without number, hoped to have the opportunity of thanking you for the great services you once rendered me."

"I find with satisfaction that although six years have gone by you have not forgotten your promise made to me," she said, her large serious eyes fixed upon mine.

"I gave you that promise in exchange for my life," I remarked, as at her suggestion, we turned and walked out of the station.

"And as acknowledgment of the service you rendered by preserving secret your knowledge of the events of that terrible night I was enabled to render you a small service in

tively concealing his identity."

"But who told you where I was staying?" I demanded.

"Nobody. I discovered it for myself."

"And yet the police have been searching for me everywhere, and have not yet discovered me!" I remarked, surprised.

"The police have one method," she said. "I have an entirely different one."

"Tell me one thing," I said, halting in our walk, for we were already at the commencement of Victoria Street—that street down which I had wandered blindly on that night long ago when I had lost myself—"tell me for what reason those previous appointments were made with me at Grosvenor Gate, at King's Cross, at Eastbourne, and elsewhere?"

"You kept them," she replied. "You surely know."

"No, that's just it," I said. "Of course, I don't expect you to give credence to what I say—it sounds too absurd—but I have absolutely no knowledge of keeping those appointments except the one at Grosvenor Gate, and I am totally ignorant of having met anybody."

She paused, looking me full in the face with those grey eyes so full of mystery.

"I begin to think that what the butler told me contains some truth," she observed bluntly.

"No," I protested. "My mind is in no way untinged. I am fully aware of all that transpired at The Boltons, of—"

"At The Boltons?" she interrupted, turning a trifle pale. "What do you mean?"

"Of the crime enacted at that house—in The Boltons."

She held her breath. Plainly she was not before aware that I had discovered the spot where the tragedy had taken place. My words had taken her by surprise, and it was evident that she was utterly confounded. My discovery I had kept a profound secret unto myself, and now, for the first time, had revealed it.

Her face showed how utterly taken aback she was.

"There is some mistake, I think," she said lamely, apparently for want of something other to say.

"Surely your memory carries you back to that midnight tragedy?" I exclaimed rather hastily, for I saw she would even now mislead me, if she could. "I have discovered where it took place—I have since re-entered that room!"

"You have?" she gasped in the low, hoarse voice of one fearful lest her secret should be discovered. "You have actually re-discovered the house—even though you were stone blind!"

"Yes," I answered.

"How did you accomplish it?"

I shrugged my shoulders, answering, "There is an old saying—a very true one—that 'murder will out.'"

"But tell me more. Explain more fully," she urged in an earnest tone.

I hesitated. Next instant, however, I decided to keep my own counsel in the matter. Her readiness to deny that the events occurred in that house had re-aroused within me a distinct suspicion.

"It is a long story, and cannot be told here," I answered evasively.

"Then come along to the hotel," he suggested. "I, too, have much to say to you."

I do not know that I should have obeyed her were it not for the

she could not hold a cup to her lips without suddenly losing hold of it. I knew from the first by the symptoms that her ailment was St. Vitus dance, and despaired of seeing her cured, as it was looked on as such a hopeless ailment. She became so bad that she could not hold herself still for the space of ten seconds. Her hands or feet were continually moving and last of all she would contort her features so that she was losing her natural expression. At this stage I chanced on a paper containing a testimonial in favor of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, describing the cure of a little girl afflicted as mine was. I hastened to get a couple of boxes of the Pills, and by the time she had used them I noticed a decided change for the better, and purchased a further supply. By the time she had taken seven boxes she was entirely cured. Although she seemed thoroughly cured I was afraid the disease might return again, but it never did, and she has since enjoyed the best of health. I cannot thank Dr. Williams' Pink Pills enough for what they did for my child, and I hope my experience may be of benefit to someone afflicted as my daughter was."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all medicine dealers or may be obtained by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

"Well, and what do you wish to tell me this evening?"

She was silent for a moment, toy-ing with her rings.

"I want to appeal to your generosity. I want you to assist me."

"In what manner?"

"As before."

"As before?" I repeated, greatly surprised. "I have no knowledge of having assisted you before."

"What?" she cried. "Is your memory so defective that you do not recollect your transactions with those who waited upon you—those who kept the previous appointments of which you have spoken?"

"I assure you, madam," I said, quite calmly, "I have not the least idea of what you mean."

"Mr. Heaton!" she cried. "Have you really taken leave of your senses? Is it actually true what your butler has said of you—that on the day you left Denbury you behaved like a madman?"

"I am no madman!" I cried with considerable warmth. "The truth is that I remember nothing since one evening, nearly six years ago, when I was smoking with—with a friend—in Chelsea, until that day to which my servant has referred."

"You remember nothing? That is most extraordinary."

"If strange to you, madam, how much more strange to me? I have told you the truth, therefore kindly proceed to explain the object of these previous visits of persons you have apparently sent to me."

"I really think you must be joking," she said. "It seems impossible that you should actually be unaware."

"I tell you that I have no knowledge whatsoever of their business with me."

"Then if such is really the case, let me explain," she said. "First, I think you will admit that your financial transactions with our Government have brought you very handsome profits."

"I am not aware of having had any transactions with the British Government," I answered.

"I refer to that of Bulgaria," she explained. "Surely you are aware that through my intermediary you have obtained great concessions—the docks at Varna, the electric trams at Sofia, the railway from Tirnova to the Servian frontier, not to mention other great undertakings which have been floated as companies, all of which are now earning handsome profits. You cannot be ignorant of that!"

(To be Continued.)

Closefist—"No, sir; I respond only to the appeals of the deserving poor." Openhand—"Who are the deserving poor?" Closefist—"Those who never ask for assistance."

she could not hold a cup to her lips without suddenly losing hold of it. I knew from the first by the symptoms that her ailment was St. Vitus dance, and despaired of seeing her cured, as it was looked on as such a hopeless ailment. She became so bad that she could not hold herself still for the space of ten seconds. Her hands or feet were continually moving and last of all she would contort her features so that she was losing her natural expression. At this stage I chanced on a paper containing a testimonial in favor of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, describing the cure of a little girl afflicted as mine was. I hastened to get a couple of boxes of the Pills, and by the time she had used them I noticed a decided change for the better, and purchased a further supply. By the time she had taken seven boxes she was entirely cured. Although she seemed thoroughly cured I was afraid the disease might return again, but it never did, and she has since enjoyed the best of health. I cannot thank Dr. Williams' Pink Pills enough for what they did for my child, and I hope my experience may be of benefit to someone afflicted as my daughter was."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all medicine dealers or may be obtained by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

FALSE.

"Truth crushed to earth will rise again," quoted the moralizer.

"According to that," rejoined the demoralizer, "there is no truth in eggs."

Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator has no equal for destroying worms in children and adults. See that you get the genuine when purchasing.

WHAT HE MEANT.

Muggins—"I hear you have been comparing me to a parrot. What am I to infer from that?"

Huggins—"Oh, I merely meant to imply that you were not as green as you looked. That's all."

Time Has Tested It.—Time tests all things, that which is worthy lives; that which is inimical to man's welfare perishes. Time has proved Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. From a few thousand bottles in the early days of its manufacture the demand has risen so that now the production is running into the hundreds of thousands of bottles. What is so eagerly sought for must be good.

MONARCHS AND THEIR SAVINGS.

The Sultan of Turkey, who has an official income of about \$4,000,000 a year, has long been depositing his savings with the Bank of France. The same institution is likewise honored with the patronage of King George of Greece and King Leopold. The Czar has preferred to keep his ready cash in the vaults of the Bank of England, where, it is said, he has at his command nearly \$16,250,000 in Russian gold. The gold deposited by these monarchs, unlike other funds which come into the banks, never goes out again into circulation, unless it be by express command of the Royal depositor.



Fresh from the gardens of the first tea-producing country in the world. Sold only in sealed lead packets, thus preserving its delicious flavor and aroma.



LADIES Send your name and address and you will receive a free sample of **STOCUM'S COMPOUND PINKETTES**. A powerful but harmless vegetable medicine for sickness peculiar to women, and all diseases arising therefrom. All druggists sell at 25c. or send for price from Dr. T. A. Stocum, Limited, Spadina Avenue, Toronto.



WILSON'S FLY PADS

Kill them all. No dead flies lying about when used as directed.

SOLD BY —
DRUGGISTS, GROCERS AND GENERAL STORES
10c. per packet, or 3 packets for 25c. will last a whole season.

TEACHER WAS MURDERED

SKELETON SOLVES MYSTERY OF MISSING MAN.

Found Thirteen Years After Disappearance—Was Waylaid and Killed.

Thirteen years ago a young schoolmaster named Narcisse d'Hardville mysteriously disappeared from Paris, France, and nothing has ever been learned of his fate.

Recently, while some workmen were engaged in excavations near Breteuil, about fifty miles from Paris, they unearthed a skeleton, which is believed to be that of the missing schoolmaster. The body had been interred nude, at a depth of three feet. The skull on the left side had been fractured, as with a blow from some blunt instrument.

The skeleton was in an excellent state of preservation, the teeth being quite intact. All the circumstances point to the unfortunate schoolmaster having been

WAYLAID AND MURDERED and his body interred at the spot where the skeleton was found.

The measurements taken correspond to the height of the missing man, and a doctor who treated d'Hardville when young for a fracture of the right arm found traces of a corresponding injury on the arm of the skeleton.

There is no known reason why he should have vanished of his own accord. He was engaged to be married, the banns had already been published and he had an excellent situation.

On the afternoon of the day he departed a man, dressed in the Sunday clothes of a peasant, called to see the school teacher in his abode in Paris. He did not prove a very welcome visitor, for shortly afterward the concierge heard the pair engaged in a violent discussion. The unknown visitor, with his hat pulled down over his eyes as if to avoid recognition, took his departure shortly afterward.

The same evening d'Hardville received a telegram which threw him into a state of perturbation. Taking his overcoat and umbrella, he rushed out of the house. The telegram was afterward found to be

SENTENCE SERMONS.

The greedy is always needy. Life is the mill in which men are made.

They are richest who give the world most refreshing.

Making a name for gold does not make a golden name.

Truth rests on facts, but her face reaches higher realms.

Hope and aspiration joined make the energy of any life.

It often takes a great load to get a man down on his knees.

The failure to be feared is that of fearing to begin lest you fail.

That is a good lesson on patience which is learned through pain.

An appetite for flattery attracts our foes and repels our friends.

Lots of people think that jeering at others justifies them for never trying.

Pride simply is the dread of a puncture common to every pneumatic article.

When duty calls from ease it always will be found easier to obey than to refuse.

For one man who desires to double his worth you will find a hundred passionately anxious to double their wealth.

IN SAME SIZED BOX.

Mr. Flatwell (viewing packing-case in alarm)—"Look here! You must have made a mistake! I haven't ordered a piano!"

Delivery Man—"Tain't a piano! It's your wife's new hat!"

Home Employment for Ladies

LIGHT, EASY, PLEASANT.

Such as any lady can do and enjoy. Any lady who wishes, and sees this advertisement may, if she writes soon, secure this opportunity to be independent, earning a good living in a very easy manner. Work any lady can do.

For particulars address
MRS. M. SUMMERS,
Correspondence Department,
Windsor, Ont.

"Dear am I the only woman you have ever loved?" "Yes, or ever will." And it must have been the way he said it that made her mad.

Thos Sabin of Eglington, says: "I have removed ten corns from my feet with Holloway's Corn Cure. Reader, go thou and do likewise."

Bibbs—"Mrs. Homeleigh says her husband is a great sufferer." Gibbs—"I'm not surprised. How long has he been married to her?"

Like a bad habit a skin disease grows. Scrofulous humors, eczema and all eruptions may be cured with Weaver's Cerate, assisted internally by Weaver's Syrup. All Druggists.

Niece—"Uncle, they say that there are more marriages of blondes than of brunettes. Why is it, I wonder?" Uncle Singleton (a confirmed and splenetic bachelor)—"H'm! Naturally, the light-headed ones go first."

Suffer no More—There are thousands who live miserable lives because dyspepsia dulls the faculties and shadows existence with the cloud of depression. One way to dispel the vapors that beset the victims of this disorder is to order them a course of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills; which are among the best vegetable pills known being easy to take and are most efficacious.

Singer Talks

2. Things You Don't See in a Sewing Machine

- ❑ Don't judge any sewing machine just by the way it looks.
- ❑ Enamel paint and shiny varnish are good things, but they don't make a machine run well or last long.
- ❑ Experience and judgment and *intent* combined with manufacturing facilities, are the things you should consider before buying.
- ❑ These points, combined with a rigid system of inspection and tests, give a *lasting* value to every Singer Sewing Machine.
- ❑ You can't *see* them, but you *learn* them in the easy, effective working of every part—and their value becomes more plain to you after years of service.
- ❑ Every Singer is *perfect* when it leaves the factory—your daughter will say it's still perfect when you have no more use for it.

Sold only by
Singer Sewing Machine Company
TORONTO MONTREAL WINNIPEG
312 Manning Chambers 532 Board of Trade Bldg 264 Main Street

PANGO For Neuralgia, Headache, Rheumatism, Pain, Etc.
50 CENTS, ALL DRUGGISTS, OR
THE PANGO COMPANY, - TORONTO.
Wholesale—Lyman Bros. & Co., Toronto and Montreal; Lyman, Knox & Clarkson, Toronto; National Drug Co., London.

SHREDDDED

Start the Day Right by Eating
SHREDDDED WHEAT
for breakfast with milk or cream and a little fruit. It is a muscle-building food, easily digested by the most delicate stomach.
Puts Vim and Vigor into tired nerves and Weary brains
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

WHEAT

We Advise the Purchase of
LA ROSE
Send for Our Special Letter.
A. I. DATTISON & CO

as if to avoid recognition, took his departure shortly afterward.

The same evening d'Hardville received a telegram which threw him into a state of perturbation. Taking his overcoat and umbrella, he rushed out of the house. The telegram was afterward found to be

A FICTITIOUS ONE.

It purported to come from his mother, and asked her son to hasten to her bedside, as she was dangerously ill. D'Hardville's parents lived near Breteuil, and on the evening of his disappearance he was seen alighting at the local railway station.

Unable to find any means of transport, he set out to walk across country to his home. Following the ordinary road, he would have to pass within a few hundred yards of the spot where the skeleton was dug up. The telegram was evidently a trap, and its sender presumably counted upon the schoolmaster arriving late at Breteuil, and, failing a conveyance, walking across the country. The sender of the telegram was never discovered, and no motive can be assigned for the murder of d'Hardville.

A Bible and a cake of chocolate are included in the kit of all German soldiers.

Talking is stated to be good form of exercise—especially for sufferers from heart disease.

More Iron Needed in the blood of pale, run down people. "Ferrovin," the best tonic, will put it there. At all general stores and Druggists.

"Miss Nuritch talks so much about her mother's social position before she was married." "Well?" "Did she really have any position in society?" "Oh, lots of them! She never accepted a place as cook except in the very swell families."

The change of dietary that comes with spring and summer has the effect in weak stomachs of setting up inflammation, resulting in dysentery and cholera morbus. The abnormal condition will continue if not attended to and will cause an exhaustive drain on the system. The best available medicine is Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial. It clears the stomach and bowels of irritants, counteracts the inflammation and restores the organs to healthy action.

Young Popperton—"Wife has gone shopping and left me in charge of the baby, and I am regularly put to it to know how to keep the little fellow quiet." Grimshaw (after regarding the howling and contorting juvenile critically)—"I should think you could easily keep him quiet, both in a vocal and physical way, by gagging him carefully, tying his hands behind his back, binding his feet together, nailing his clothes to the floor, and then administering chloroform to him."

Black Watch

Chewing Tobacco

The big black plug.

2869

cause dyspepsia dulls the faculties and shadows existence with the cloud of depression. One way to dispel the vapors that beset the victims of this disorder is to order them a course of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, which are among the best vegetable pills known being easy to take and are most efficacious in their action. A trial of them will prove this.

Miss Ann Teek—"He's a good-looking horse, but is he easily frightened?" Dealer—"No, mum; but perhaps you'd better not get round in front of him."

It will be noticed in the Singer Sewing Machine Company's advertisement that there are three addresses at the bottom of the announcement. Any one writing will please address them at the nearest one of the three places to his post office.

Farmer Barnes—"I've bought a barometer, Hannah, to tell when it's goin' to rain, ye know?" Mrs. Barnes—"To tell when it's goin' to rain! Wh! I never heard o' such extravagance! What do ye s'pose. Providence haz given ye th' rheumatiz fer?"

A Recognized Regulator.—To bring the digestive organs into symmetrical working is the aim of physicians when they find a patient suffering from stomach irregularities, and for this purpose they can prescribe nothing better than Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, which will be found a pleasant medicine of surprising virtue in bringing the refractory organs into subjection and restoring them to normal action, in which condition only can they perform their duties properly.

"Tommy," said the teacher, "what is the half of six?" Tommy—"I don't know, sir." Teacher—"Now, Tommy, if two men stole six dollars and agreed to divide it equally between them, how much would they get each?" Tommy—"Fourteen days, sir."

MONTREAL AND QUEBEC.

A veritable edition de luxe amongst railroad pamphlets has just been issued by the Grand Trunk to proclaim amongst tourists the glories of the cities of Montreal and Quebec. The brochure is beautifully printed, and generally arranged in the artistic style of earlier days, when the ornamentation of a volume was regarded as an important incident to its presentation or reading matter. It is also very well written, and gives an interesting description of the most interesting cities in Canada, with many illustrations from photographs that have not hitherto been published. Sent to any address on receipt of a two-cent stamp. Apply to J. D. McDonald, D. P. A., Toronto, Ont.

NOT HERSELF.

Farmer (to medical man)—"If you get out my way any time, doctor, I wish you'd stop and see my wife. I think she ain't feelin' well."

Doctor—"What makes you think Farmer—"Well, this mornin', after she had milked the cows, an' fed the pigs, an' got breakfast for the men, an' washed the dishes, an' built a fire under the copper in the wash'ouse, an' done a few odd jobs about the house, she complained o' feelin' tired-like. I fancy she needs a dose o' medicine."

LA ROSE

Send for Our Special Letter.

A. J. PATTISON & CO.,

STOCK BROKERS,

33-35 SCOTT ST., - TORONTO, ONT.

DON'T MISS IT



RUSH SALE

Our great sale is a phenomenal success because our goods are good and our prices are positively startling. If you need anything for a wedding, a birthday or for Christmas send for catalogue or call. Watches, Rings and sterling silverware can be bought at very low prices.

WANLESS & CO.,

ESTABLISHED 1840

168 YONGE ST., TORONTO

Playfair, Martens & Co.

Members Toronto Stock Exchange,
Canadian Northern Railway Building,
Toronto, Canada.
Special attention given

COBALT STOCKS.

We have just issued a new map of the Cobalt Mining District, giving location, acreage, ship ments and dividends.
Copies mailed to any address on receipt of 25c, or mounted ones for \$1.00.

Stewart & Lockwood BROKERS

COBALT STOCKS

A. R. BICKERSTAFF & CO.,

Stocks, Bonds, Debentures and Real Estate.

Cobalt and all Mining and Oil Stocks of Canada and United States.

Orders executed with promptness. Correspondence solicited.

621 to 627 Traders Bank Building, Toronto, Ont

"I never was so happy before" said the new Benedick. "Marriage has made a different man of me." "I'm glad to hear it," said his rival, "for your wife's sake."

SECRET SKIN TROUBLES

Have you on some part of your body a sore, or eruption, or eczematous patch, which, hidden from the gaze of others, yet causes you hours and hours of pain and inconvenience? If so, don't overlook this comforting fact—that Zam-Buk is daily curing just such chronic cases as yours! It heals skin diseases, ulcers, festering sores, ringworm and sores due to blood poison. Write Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for free trial box, sending 10c stamp. All stores and druggists sell at 50 cents a box.

Zam-Buk

The Mild Climate of Virginia

offers splendid opportunities for stock raising, fruit growing, dairying and general farming. Winters are short. Climate healthful. Land good and selling below its value, but increasing in value each year. Many Canadians are living in Virginia. Write for information to G. W. KOENER, Commissioner of Agriculture, Richmond, Va.

OHENILLE CURTAINS and all kinds of house hangings, also LACE CURTAINS DYED & CLEANED LIKE NEW. Write to us about yours. BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO., Box 155, Montreal

The Bell Piano

18 CANADA'S BEST AND IS USED THE WORLD OVER Bell Organs are also world famed. Send for Free Catalog No. 75 to

The Bell Piano and Organ Co., Ltd., Guelph, Ont

If Every Farmer Knew

how much money he could save by using a Fairbanks-Morse Jack-of-all-Trades Gasoline Engine to saw wood, pump water, grind feed, &c., we would not be able to supply the demand. Cut this ad. out and send to us to-day, and we will send you our free catalogue.

Name _____

Address _____

The Canadian Fairbanks Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont
Montreal, Winnipeg, Vancouver.

NATURAL GAS EXPLOSION

Two Persons Killed and Several Fatally Hurt at Brantford.

A despatch from Brantford says: An explosion of natural gas on Friday afternoon totally destroyed three buildings on the south side of Colborne street, near Lorne Bridge, and caused the death of two persons, the possible fatal injury of two others, and the serious injury of three.

THE DEAD.

Joseph Blayborough, aged 26, died at hospital.

Two-year-old child of Mrs. Horning, died at hospital.

INJURED.

Albert Holstock, face and hand burned.

Mrs. Horning, badly cut and bruised; condition critical.

Charles Horning, aged 6 months; condition critical.

Henry Smith and wife, badly cut and bruised.

BUILDINGS DESTROYED.

The buildings destroyed were:—Theatatorium, 43 Colborne Street; billiard parlor, owned by Jas. P. Doyle, 45 Colborne street; bake shop, owned by Courtland Smith; bowling alley, John Bouey, 45 Colborne street, occupied by Mrs. Mary E. Lake; grain warehouse, occupied by J. F. O'Neal.

Buildings partly damaged:—Boston Chinese Cafe, 47 Colborne street, tailor shop of W. P. Henderson, 49 Colborne street; lunch parlor of J. L. Williams, 51 Colborne street.

SHOOK WHILE CITY.

The explosion, which occurred about two o'clock, was felt throughout the entire business portion of Brantford and on the north side of Colborne Street and on King Street the plate glass windows were blown in for blocks. The fire department

and willing workers were quickly on the scene of the disaster. Fortunately there was no one in the Theatatorium or the restaurants nearby or there might have been a serious loss of life. The buildings all collapsed and fell into the street. Mrs. Horning and her children, who occupied rooms above the destroyed buildings, were buried in the debris, and when dug out were found to be suffering from serious injuries. They were hurried to the hospital where the two-year-old Horning lad died at 6 p.m.

Blayborough and Holstock were sitting on the steps of the theatatorium when the explosion occurred. They were waiting for an employee of the theatre, who was a friend of theirs, to open up. Holstock is a well known local baseball player. Blayborough was an employee of the Massey-Harris Co., but for the past two weeks had been doing some work around the theatatorium. He was thrown right across the road and struck a telegraph pole, sustaining fatal injuries to the back of the head. He was 26 years of age and highly thought of.

RIGID ENQUIRY.

There were no new developments on Sunday in connection with the recent explosion catastrophe. Mr. Holstock at the hospital and Mrs. Horney at her father's house are both reported as doing nicely and no further deaths are anticipated. There will be a rigid investigation and every endeavor will be made to place the blame where it belongs. There are all sorts of theories afloat to explain the disaster, but it is thought that it was an escape of natural gas into the buildings from the main being dug on Colborne Street.

RAISED TO FIFTY DOLLARS

Money Qualifications Required of Immigrants.

A despatch from Ottawa says: An order in Council has been passed raising the minimum money qualification of \$25 now required of all immigrants coming to Canada to \$50 for the period from January 1st to February 15th. The doubling of the money qualification during mid-winter is with a view to restricting as far as possible the arrival of any immigrants without independent means during the period when employment is not easy to obtain. The restrictive immigration regulations adopted by the Government early this year have had the desired effect in cutting down immigration by considerably over one-half, and the total immigration for the year will, it is expected, be only a little over 100,000.

STEAMERS COLLIDE.

One Boat Reached Fifteen Miles Below Quebec.

A despatch from Quebec says: Owing to the heavy smoke on the river on Saturday, caused by forest fires, a serious collision took place between the S. S. Corinthian, Allan Line, outward bound, and

WOMAN BURNED TO DEATH.

Lighted Match on Floor Ignited Muslin Dress.

A despatch from Halifax, N. S., says: There has been an epidemic of deaths by burning in Halifax during the past few weeks. The fourth such accident occurred on Saturday night, when Henrietta Evelyn Garroway was burned to death. Miss Garroway, who was a member of the Public school staff of Halifax, had been reading to her father, who is nearly blind. She went to her room to change her attire preparatory to going out. The match she used to light a lamp she threw on the floor. It caught her muslin dress and in an instant the whole dress was in flames. She cried out and her father ran upstairs and did what he could, but without avail, and in a few minutes she was dead. There was great danger of the house taking fire, but men ran in from the street and saved the house.

MAKES THE OLD YOUNG.

Sir James Grant Describes His Wonderful Neurostone.

A despatch from London says: Before the physiological section of

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Sept. 15.—Flour—Ontario wheat 90 per cent. patents, \$3.35 to \$3.40 in buyers' sacks outside for export. Manitoba flour, first patents, \$6; second patents, \$5.40, and strong bakers' \$5.30.

Wheat—Manitoba wheat is easier, with old No. 1 Northern quoted at \$1.16½; old No. 2 at \$1.14½, and old No. 3 at \$1.12. New No. 1 Northern easier at \$1.12, Georgian Bay ports.

Ontario Wheat—No. 2 white and red quoted at 88 to 89c outside.

Oats—Ontario new No. 2 white, 30½c outside; Manitoba rejected, 43½ to 44c, lake ports.

Peas—88 to 89c outside.

Corn—Prices at 87½c for No. 2 American yellow, and at 87 for No. 3 American, on track, Toronto.

Barley—No. 2 barley quoted at 58 to 59c, and No. 3 extra at 57c outside.

Bran—Cars are quoted at \$18 to \$19 in bulk outside. Shorts quoted at \$21 to \$22 in bulk outside.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Beans—Prime, \$2 to \$2.10, and hand-picked, \$2.20 to \$2.25.

Honey—Combs, No. 1, \$1.50 to \$1.75 per dozen, and No. 2, in 60-pound tins, 9½c; No. 1-extracted, 10 to 11c per pound.

Hay—No. 1 timothy quoted at \$10.50 to \$11.50 a ton on track here, and No. 2 at \$7 to \$9.

Straw—\$7.50 to \$8.50 on track.

Potatoes—New Ontario quoted at 70 to 75c per bag in large lots, and Delawares at 85 to 90c per bag on track.

Poultry—Chickens, spring, dressed, 12 to 13c per pound; fowl, 10 to 11c; ducks, dressed, 10 to 11c; turkeys, dressed, 13 to 16c per pound.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound prints, 22 to 23c; tubs, 20 to 22c; do., inferior, 18 to 19c. Creamery rolls, 25 to 26c, and solids at 24 to 24½c.

Eggs—20 to 21c per dozen in case lots.

Cheese—Large cheese, 13 to 13½c per pound, and twins 13½ to 13¾c.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon, long clear, 11½ to 12c per pound in case lots; mess pork, \$19 to \$19.50; short cut, \$23 to \$23.50.

Hams—Light to medium, 14½ to 15c; do., heavy, 12½ to 13c; rolls, 10½ to 11½c; shoulders, 10 to 10½c; backs, 17½ to 18c; breakfast bacon, 15 to 15½c.

Lard—Tierces, 12½c; tubs, 13c; pails, 13½c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, Sept. 15.—Manitoba No. 2 white oats, 47½ to 48c, No. 3 at 46½ to 47c, and rejected at 45½ to 46c per bushel, ex store. Flour—Choice Spring wheat patents, \$6; seconds, \$5.50; Winter wheat patents, \$5; straight rollers, \$4.40 to \$4.50; do., in bags, \$2 to \$2.10; extras, \$1.65 to \$1.75. Feed—Manitoba bran, \$22 to \$23; shorts, \$21 to \$22; Ontario bran, \$21 to \$22; mid-

YOUNG FOLKS

SUSAN'S GREEN BOW.

Susan was in the country on a visit to Grandmother Dodge, and the little girl was quite sure that there was no more lovely place in the whole world than the brown farmhouse, with the white porch over the front door and the big piazza on the side.

Susan could play about the green yard and in the big barn, and had her playhouse under one of the big trees in a corner of the pasture; and although there were no other children for her to play with, she was never lonely.

One reason why Susan enjoyed her playhouse so much was on account of a goat that was pastured in the next field. A high board fence was between the field and the pasture, and Susan's playhouse was close to the fence.

The goat would sometimes try to poke his head in between the fence boards, but never quite succeeded.

One day Susan tired of playing with her pieces of broken china, her bright tin dipper and the rag doll, Dinah, who was always such agreeable company, and began to wonder what she would do next. She looked toward the high board fence and saw the goat feeding in a distant part of the field, and as Susan watched the goat she remembered how funny it always looked when it tried to get its head in between the low boards.

"I know I could get my head between those boards," said Susan to Dinah, putting up her hands to tie the lovely green-ribbon bow more securely. It was a new ribbon. Grandmother Dodge had brought it home from the village only the day before.

"Now watch me, Dinah!" commanded Susan, standing the rag doll where her eyes of black beads were fixed directly on the fence; and then Susan tipped her smooth brown head and slid it carefully through between the boards. Then she tried to lift it a bit, thinking that she was really smarter than the goat, and hoping the goat would see her.

The goat did see her. The nodding green ribbon waved suggestively between the fence boards. "O-ho!" said the goat. "Another bunch of green grass for me!"

Susan had just decided to go back to play, but, some way, she could not tip her head so easily with the board fence holding it so closely. She moved this way and that, making the green ribbon wave invitingly, so that the goat came faster and faster, and in a moment Susan felt a fierce tug on her hair.

"Oh!" screamed Susan. "The goat will eat off my head!" And she twisted her head so quickly and screamed so loudly that not only did the goat jump back in surprise, but Susan found her head free again, and stood up straight on her own side of the board fence, and looked reproachfully at the goat, from whose mouth hung an end of her beautiful green hair ribbon!

The goat looked so solemn and chewed on the ribbon so perseveringly that the little girl forgot to be sorry about her loss, and laughed aloud.

"Old billy-goat thought it was a new kind of grass," she confided to Dinah, as she brushed the hair back from her face and started home

One Boat Beached Fifteen Miles Below Quebec.

A despatch from Quebec says: Owing to the heavy smoke on the river on Saturday, caused by forest fires, a serious collision took place between the S. S. Corinthian, Allan Line, outward bound, and the S. S. Malin Head, of the Head Line, inward bound. The accident occurred at Point St. Laurent, Island of Orleans, about 15 miles below Quebec. The steamship Main Head is beached near the scene of the collision, and the steamship Corinthian arrived here on Sunday evening, and is moored at the Allan Wharf. Both steamers are reported to be badly damaged.

Cholera has gained a foothold in every quarter of St. Petersburg.

MAKES THE OLD YOUNG.

Sir James Grant Describes His Wonderful Neurostone.

A despatch from London says: Before the physiological section of the British Association Sir James Grant, of Ottawa, on Wednesday, delivered a full account of his neurostone, which, acting on inactive nerve centres which become poisoned by noxious gases in age, cleanses them by electricity. Sir James said he would be enabled to abandon spectacles and also increase general activity in consequence of the use of the instrument. The discovery is the first successful application of electricity to humor digestion.

WORKMEN PLEAD FOR BREAD

Twenty-five Thousand Unemployed in Glasgow Streets.

A despatch from Glasgow, Scotland, says: A remarkable scene was witnessed at the offices of the City Council on Thursday afternoon. Crowds of the unemployed gathered in George Square before the Council convened, and a delegation of twelve was admitted to the meeting. The Councilors received the delegation by rising from their seats. The spokesman of the unemployed said that never before had there been such distress in Glasgow.

"Every human unit," said this man, "is entitled to food. We make no outrageous request; we are only here to plead for the souls of men and women. They demand work."

The Chamberlain of the city replied with deep emotion. He said the Council had received the delegation in a spirit of brotherhood, and that it would do all in its power to help those who needed work. Large bodies of troops were held

in reserve in anticipation of rioting and attacks on property. The men, however, have decided to refrain from demonstrating for one week, in order to give the Council an opportunity to adopt measures for the improvement of the situation. The police arrested a Socialist who incited a man to resist arrest. He threw pepper in the eyes of the constables before they secured him.

On Wednesday night three thousand of the unemployed organized a midnight march to one of the best quarters of the city. Mounted police scattered the crowd and frustrated its intention. Several arrests were made.

Estimates of the number out of work in Glasgow and in the towns along the Clyde ran as high as 180,000. This is the estimate of the Socialist orators, and men in a position to know call the figures absurd, but the most conservative admit that the number must reach 25,000.

FIRE IN NOVA SCOTIA MINE

The Burning District Is Being Flooded With Water.

A despatch from Sydney, N. S., says: No. 1 colliery of the Nova Scotia Steel and Coal Co., on Wednesday, had a serious reminder of the big colliery fire of 1881, when half the mine was drowned out. About 2 o'clock fire was discovered in the extreme southern part of section 5, and a message was sent at once to the surface for aid. Superintendent John Johnson, Manager Greenwell, Inspector Nicholson, and several officials were quickly on the scene, and found the section filled with smoke, and that it was impossible to get within 100 yards of the ford where the fire originated. It is supposed the miners after firing their shot of coal, as was their daily custom, left some fire burning behind the coal, and after

returning from lunch were unable to put out the fire, and let it obtain headway before calling for assistance. When the officials arrived with a number of heroic volunteers nothing could be done to prevent the spread of the fire, and they finally decided to flood that section of the mine from the surface by means of air lines leading to the burning district at the rate of 1,500 gallons per minute. It will take about 48 hours to flood this district. There are about eight fords to be drowned out before the depth is reached. The management have no fear for the safety of the colliery as regards the accumulation of gases or other dangers that generally follow similar occurrences. They expect to have all the mine in working condition in a few days.

No. 2 white oats, 47½ to 48c, No. 3 at 46½ to 47c, and rejected at 45½ to 46c per bushel, ex store. Flour—Choice Spring wheat patents, \$6; seconds, \$5.50; Winter wheat patents, \$5; straight rollers, \$4.40 to \$4.50; do., in bags, \$2 to \$2.10; extras, \$1.65 to \$1.75. Feed—Manitoba bran, \$22 to \$23; shorts, \$25; Ontario bran, \$21 to \$22; middlings, \$26 to \$27; shorts, \$26 per ton, including bags; pure grain mouille, \$30 to \$35, and milled grades, \$25 to \$28 per ton. Provisions—Barrels short cut mess, \$22.50; half-barrels, \$11.50; clear fat back, \$23; dry salt long clear backs, 11c; barrels plate beef, \$17.50; half-barrels do., \$9; compound lard, \$8½ to 9½c; pure lard, 12½ to 13c; kettle rendered, 13 to 13½c; hams, 12½ to 14c; breakfast bacon, 14 to 15c; Windsor bacon, 15 to 16c; fresh killed abattoir dressed hogs, \$9.75; alive, \$6.85 to \$7. Eggs—No. 1, 19 to 20c; selects, 23 to 24c per dozen. Cheese—Western, 12½ to 12¾c; eastern, 12½ to 12¾c. Butter—25c in round lots.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Buffalo, Sept. 15.—Wheat—Spring steady; No. 1 Northern, carloads, store, \$1.06½; Winter easy; No. 2 red, 99½c to \$1; No. 3 extra red, 97½c. Corn—Firm; No. 2 white, 82½c. Oats—Easy; No. 2 white, 53 to 53½c; No. 3 white, 52½ to 52¾c; No. 4 white, 51½ to 51¾c. Barley—Feed to malting, 64 to 70c.

Minneapolis, Sept. 15.—Wheat—September, 98½ to 98¾c; December, 99½ to 99¾c; May, \$1.03½; No. 1 hard, \$1.01½ to \$1.02½; No. 1 northern, \$1.00½ to \$1.01½; No. 2 northern, 98½ to 99c; No. 3 northern, 96½ to 97c. Flour—First patents, \$5.65 to \$5.75; second patents, \$5.50 to \$5.60; first clears, \$4.35 to \$4.45; second clears \$3.50 to \$3.60. Bran—in bulk, \$18 to \$18.50.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Toronto, Sept. 15.—Prices of choice export steers ranged from \$5.10 to \$5.40 per cwt.; medium were worth \$4.50 to \$5, and light were quoted at \$3.75 to \$4.25 per cwt.

Select butchers' cattle sold at \$4.50 to \$4.80 per cwt. Good cattle, straight loads of, \$4 to \$4.50; medium, \$3.25 to \$3.50; common cows, \$2 to \$3 per cwt.

Advances are reported in the prices of light stockers. Their quotations ranged from \$3 to \$4 per cwt. The offerings of calves were limited. Their prices ranged from 3 to 6c per pound.

Though the deliveries of sheep and lambs were heavy, the calves held steady.

Select hogs were firm in price at \$6.70 per cwt., off cars, Toronto.

BITTEN BY A SPIDER.

Sir C. H. Tupper of Vancouver Laid Up Temporarily.

A despatch from Vancouver, B. C., says: Sir C. H. Tupper is confined to his house suffering from the effects of a bite of a spider. He was at Banff a week or so ago, and was out among the trees, when he felt a sharp sting. As the pain was only momentary, he thought little of it at the time, but by evening a large lump had formed, and he has been suffering ever since. He is unable to bear the contact of clothing, though no serious effects are expected, as the trouble is merely local.

The goat looked so solemn and chewed on the ribbon so perseveringly that the little girl forgot to be sorry about her loss, and laughed aloud.

"Old billy-goat thought it was a new kind of grass," she confided to Dinah, as she brushed the hair back from her face and started home across the pasture to tell Grandmother Dodge.—Youth's Companion.

DEFALCATIONS OF \$5,000,000.

Minister's Frauds Cause Widespread Ruin in Denmark.

A despatch from Copenhagen says: The downfall of M. Alberti, former Minister of Justice, who on Tuesday surrendered to the police and confessed to a series of frauds against the Bondestandens Sparkasse, a savings bank of which he was President, will be felt the keenest by those who were his most ardent admirers and supporters. It is now estimated that the defalcations will approach \$5,000,000, the Danish Farmers' Butter Export Association alone suffering a loss of \$1,500,000, while widespread ruin has been caused among thousands of peasants from whom the former Minister of Justice derived his prominence.

CHINESE STILL COMING.

Appear to Prefer This Country to Any Other, Despite Poll Tax.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Chinese are becoming heavy contributors to the revenue of Canada. During the fiscal year 1907 there were 1,481 Chinese who entered Canada for the first time, and each paid a head tax of \$500. This made the total for the year of \$744,855. Arrivals of Chinese show no sign of diminution, but are rather on the increase, for during the first five months of the present year there have already arrived Chinese to the number of 1,095 who have paid into the Canadian Treasury \$552,696, or at the rate of over one hundred thousand dollars per month.

KILLED IN A RUNAWAY.

Farmer Thrown From Rig at Carleton Place.

A despatch from Carleton Place, Ont., says: Archibald Macdonell, aged about 78 years, a much respected farmer from the 7th concession, Township of Beckwith, was killed almost instantly in a runaway here on Saturday. His team got frightened at some object on the street and dashed along at a terrible pace, throwing him out of the rig opposite the Mississippi Hotel. His head struck on the pavement, and he expired in about ten minutes after being thrown out.

MAY BUILD TO PEACE RIVER.

C. P. R. Has Surveyor Pearce Reporting on North Country.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: William Pearce, railway surveyor, of Calgary, was sent north some time ago by the C. P. R. to look into the conditions of the country in the Lesser Slave Lake and Peace River districts. He travelled through that country and will now take a report to his company. It is stated, though not officially, that this is the first move of the C. P. R. towards building a line into the north country.

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Events.

CANADA.

John Lloyd, a recently arrived Welshman, committed suicide at Yorkton, Sask., by hanging.

The Grand Trunk's Muskoka tourist business this year was the greatest on record.

Mr. O. D. Skelton, M. A., will succeed Prof. Shortt as professor of political economy at Queen's.

Thrashing shows better results than anticipated in the west, and again the farmers are looking for help.

Charles Judge threw himself out of the window of Victoria Hospital at London, and was killed, on Friday.

Mr. Hugh K. Seavitz of Strathroy, who was wounded in the arm while coon-hunting, died of lockjaw, on Friday.

Percy Nettleton, who used a knife in a boys' fight at Fenelon Falls, was sentenced to three months' imprisonment at Lindsay.

Zarossi, Montreal's fugitive Italian banker, has been given his liberty in Mexico, the extradition proceedings having failed.

There are many complaints at Montreal of a lake shipping combine to unduly increase rates and discriminate against the St. Lawrence route.

C. Dynes, of Sapperton, B. C., was burned out on Wednesday morning, and in the evening was killed by a street car at New Westminster.

The reported settlement between the Grand Trunk trainmen and the company is not a fact. The negotiations will be resumed in November.

Prof. Piper of the mechanical and engineering staff of the University of British Columbia, died at Regina on his way from England with his bride.

Several new fruit inspectors have been appointed by the Government, and it is proposed to have shipments via the Niagara River more carefully looked after.

Dr. Helen MacMurchy has complained to the Railway and Municipal Board that the steps on street cars in Toronto and other Ontario municipalities are too high.

The Great Northern Railway has approved plans for its proposed Vancouver terminals, and will spend about half a million dollars in wharfage facilities on Burrard Inlet, as well as make expenditures for yardage.

Wm. Snow escaped from the Central Prison on Saturday. His brother, Robert Snow, was taken to the same institution a few days previously to serve a sentence for jail-breaking.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Minas Geraes, the most powerful warship ever built, was launched at Newcastle-on-Tyne on Thursday. She was built for Brazil.

The wedding of Mr. Winston Churchill, President of the Board of Trade in the British Cabinet, took place on Saturday.

A Socialist leader in Glasgow threatens to reveal all the Masonic

Fashion Hints.

FADS AND FANCIES.

Prevailing hat styles are driving out puffs.

Empire aprons are effective for small girls.

Cuff ruffles are as popular as throat frills.

Muffs for the approaching season are immense.

An air of severity marks the handsomest of the gowns.

Many fashion prophets predict a "green" winter.

Pure olive oil may be used to clean a black chip hat.

Jumpers still hold their own, especially for girls.

Silk stockings are much more commonly worn than a year ago.

Green is the artistic color for home decorations this year.

Sealskin promises to be the favorite fur for the coming fall.

Stripes have asserted themselves tremendously in Madras waists.

A great many colored and black coats are seen with white skirts.

Scarlet and blue macaw wings grace a good many of the simple hats.

Short skirted costumes hang as straight and as limp as the long ones.

Next season's styles almost surely promise long and tight fitting sleeves.

For either house or street wear, frock and shoes match in correct costumes.

Handsome pompadour silk parasols are lined with green to give added protection to the eyes.

Buttons are used on the latest gowns and costumes to an extent unheard of in former seasons.

Among furs, squirrel, dyed a brilliant brown, will make some of the handsomest winter garments.

It is probable that peau de silk, a favorite eight or ten years ago, will be popular again this fall.

Among the materials for smart tailored waists, ponge and madras are both enjoying a wonderful vogue.

The latest vagary of the scarf is one of mercerized material, such as cotton voile, printed wash net, or half silk gauze.

Foreign letters tell of extreme simplicity in the costumes of the most fashionable women at the big spas and seaside resorts.

Cream white madras is often used for bedroom curtains where economy is desired. It comes out of the wash with flying colors.

Favorite neck ruches for street wear are composed of wide, soft black ribbon, with wide white frills at top and bottom.

Buttons with mirror centres, rimmed with gold, are popular in Paris, and promise to make their way to this country soon.

A white hat may be cleaned by scrubbing with a nail brush dipped in warm, soapy water and then covered with white of an egg, beaten to a froth.

The style of hats to match the gown is a thing of the past. A contrasting color to harmonize is the latest thing from Paris.

A new buttoned oxford has come

RAILWAY BRIDGE BURNED

The Canadian Pacific Atlantic Express Runs Into Ravine.

A despatch from North Bay says: A bridge near White River caught fire early on Wednesday morning, burned fiercely all day, and it was late in the afternoon before the blaze was under control.

At 6 o'clock a.m., six miles west of White River, the first section of the C. P. R. Atlantic express, east-bound, ran into a ravine, the bridge spanning the chasm being in flames. The passengers were all Chinamen, passing through in bond from the coast, and they escaped injury.

Engineer Nice, of Schrieber, was

probably fatally injured, and his fireman suffered a broken leg. The engine turned over on its side, and the mail and baggage cars were burned. How the passengers escaped injury seems miraculous. The bridge was 600 feet long. Toronto trains will take the Soo-Minneapolis route until the bridge is repaired, as will the Imperial Limited and Pacific Express.

The origin of the fire is a mystery, and incendiarism is suspected, although the continued dry spell may have caused ignition from a falling cinder of a passing engine.

HEART-STRAIN.

The heart is a long-suffering and patient organ, and fortunate it is that this is so, for even the gentlest or the laziest person puts burdens on it that any less obliging organ would resent to the extent of quitting work.

The digestive organs do this sometimes, and the result is much suffering for the time being; but when the quarrel is patched up, and the offender ceases to abuse these useful and necessary parts of the body, life goes on as before.

The heart cannot stop work for a minute, for if it should life would end at once; and so human nature presumes upon its knowledge of this, and puts all sorts of difficult tasks upon the heart.

There is a limit, however, that cannot be exceeded, especially by those who have passed the fortieth mile-post, without risk, if not of instant death, at least of chronic invalidism.

The heart is a muscular bag, divided into four compartments, the function of which is to pump the blood to all parts of the body, which it does by the regular contraction of its walls. In health and under normal conditions this pumping action goes on regularly and quietly, but when an impediment is offered to the flow of blood in the arteries, such as occurs during active exercise or under the stress of some strong mental emotion, such as grief, anger, or great joy, the muscular wall must contract more forcibly.

If the opposing force continues beyond a certain time, the heart gets tired, and its cavities dilate a little, while its action grows more rapid. The sign of this is shortness of breath. Young athletes, by a course of judicious "training," gradually strengthen the heart muscle so that it is able to meet

the strain and overcome it by more forcible contractions. In youth, also, the organ is elastic, and readily returns to its normal size, even in the absence of "training," as soon as the strain is reduced.

In later life, however, this elasticity disappears, and a severe tax on the organ, such as bicycling uphill, running, or even a strenuous game of tennis, when one is "soft," may result in a dilatation which is not reduced readily, or which may even persist as a crippled heart, making its owner more or less of a permanent invalid.

Every person over fifty should avoid severe physical strains of all kinds. He should exercise regularly,—walking is the best kind of exercise for the heart,—but he should avoid unusual feats of running, bicycling, or even horseback-riding, such as the army officers are now subjected to, if he would keep his heart in condition to last as long as the other organs—up to eighty or one hundred years, which is the natural limit of a well-spent life.—Youth's Companion.

AERONAUT AND LION FELL.

Former Fatally Injured, but the Cub Escaped.

A despatch from New York says: In view of 7,000 persons at the Richmond County Fair, held at Dongan Hills, Staten Island, on Wednesday, Wm. Coby, a youthful balloonist, of Milwaukee, Wis., fell from an exploded balloon and was mortally injured. A bay lion, which Coby had taken up with him, also fell, but landed on the prostrate form of the aeronaut and escaped unhurt.

The German Emperor crossed the frontier into France on Friday as a simple tourist.

LAWYER USES HIS FISTS

Opposing Counsel Charged Him With Lying, and He Tried to Hit Him

A despatch from St. John, N.B., says: Before Judge Ritchie on Wednesday a remarkable court-

then tried to mount the lawyers' table to reach his opponent, but failing, he rushed around the end and struck Boston, the established

Thursday. She was built for Brazil. The wedding of Mr. Winston Churchill, President of the Board of Trade in the British Cabinet, took place on Saturday. A Socialist leader in Glasgow threatens to reveal all the Masonic secrets unless the municipal authorities do something for the relief of the unemployed.

John E. Redmond and Joseph Devlin were given a remarkable ovation at Queenstown on their leaving for America to attend the convention of the United Irish League.

UNITED STATES.

Five children at Brighton, near St. Paul, Minn., were suffocated in a fire which broke out in their home.

John Tuck rescued a mother and child from a burning house in Brooklyn, but was himself burned to death.

An infernal machine, addressed to Governor Fort of New Jersey, was discovered by postoffice officials on Saturday.

For the fifth time within a week, Orville Wright broke the world's aeroplane record at Washington on Saturday, remaining an hour and fifteen minutes in the air.

Angelo Mazzo was stabbed to death in Cleveland by a man who had followed him from Sicily seeking his life.

An express parcel worth \$50,000 has been stolen from the Wells-Fargo Express Company at Portland, Ore.

In the Supreme Court at Rochester, N. Y., the injunction restraining the Independent Order of Foresters from increasing their assessment rates was sustained.

Several Japanese were killed in a fight with Portuguese in an Alaskan cannery.

At Washington, on Tuesday, Orville Wright broke all aeroplane records by remaining in the air 62 minutes and flying 38½ miles.

Dr. F. T. Ruslin, who was found dying from a bullet wound in Omaha a week ago, had been attempting suicide for three years, even injecting tetanus and typhoid germs into his system.

GENERAL.

The town of Grand Turk, Turk's Island, B.W.I., has been devastated by a hurricane.

Holland has told President Castro that he must revoke his decree against Curacao before November 1st.

A man has been arrested at Constantinople on a charge of attempting to assassinate the Sultan of Turkey in 1905.

Miss Annie S. Peck of Providence, R. I., has succeeded in scaling Mount Huascarán, in Peru, the highest peak in America.

Major Gross, in the German military dirigible balloon, travelled 200 miles in thirteen hours, on Saturday.

The Danish Cabinet has resigned in response to repeated demands from the public since the discovery of the Alberti frauds.

Unable to live in an atmosphere filled with rumors of plots, the dowager Queen Maria Pia is preparing to flee from Portugal to Italy.

Special tests of motor provision and ammunition waggons are being made in the German army's grand manoeuvres in Alsace-Lorraine.

M. Delagrangé established a new world's record with his aeroplane at Issy, remaining in the air almost 31 minutes and flying 17 miles.

in warm, soapy water and then covered with white of an egg, beaten to a froth.

The style of hats to match the gown is a thing of the past. A contrasting color to harmonize is the latest thing from Paris.

A new buttoned oxford has come in rather late, to be worn with the lingerie dresses, and colored stockings are fashionable with it.

A favorite color just now is a delicious shade of apricot, which blends admirably with the fashionable black hat of immense dimensions.

The high girdle of fancy Parisian silks and velvets is much worn, but it is becoming only to those with long and slender figures.

There is a peculiar charm about the white hats of soft, pliable straw simply trimmed with bows of white or delicately colored ribbon.

The kid waistcoat, made of limp leather and elaborate with braid, promises to have a great vogue when the cool days come. Some of these waistcoats are hand painted.

No longer is plain stitching the principal decoration of the tailor-made coat. Whether it be of cloth, linen, or silk it is trimmed either with braid or with straps or bands of different materials.

HORSE HOLDS UP TRAIN.

Dashed Across Grand Trunk Steel Arch Bridge at Falls.

A despatch from Niagara Falls, N. Y., says: On Thursday morning a runaway horse, which started its mad flight in the Central freight yards, on the American side of the river, ran across tracks, over switches and out upon the upper deck of the Grand Trunk steel arch bridge. It crossed to the Canadian side, where it fell into a cattle guard, stopping traffic. It was rescued with difficulty.

UNDESIRABLES APPLIED.

Immigration Branch Deported Over 1,031 People.

A despatch from Ottawa says: A return issued by the immigration branch of the Interior Department shows that from the 1st of January to the 31st of July 1,031 people have been deported from Canada to the countries whence they came. During the same period, 486 people were refused admission to Canada at ocean ports.

LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF ONTARIO

Hon. J. M. Gibson's Appointment Finally Announced.

A despatch from Ottawa says: By the Governor in Council on Wednesday afternoon an order was passed appointing Colonel the Hon. J. M. Gibson of Hamilton to be Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario, in succession to the retiring Lieutenant-Governor Sir Mortimer Clark, whose five-year term of office expired last spring.

SCALED THE JAIL WALL.

Prisoner at Brantford Makes His Escape.

A despatch from Brantford says: About a month ago Wm. Parker was convicted on a charge of horse-stealing and sentenced to jail here. He served nearly a month's time. Wednesday forenoon about 11 o'clock he escaped by scaling the jail wall, and officials are now searching the country for him.

Opposing Counsel Charged Him With Lying, and He Tried to Hit Him

A despatch from St. John, N.B., says: Before Judge Ritchie on Wednesday a remarkable courtroom scene was enacted. While the court was giving judgment in the case of the striking St. John printers against Henry T. Hardy, charged with violating the alien labor act by bringing men from the States to replace the strikers, J. P. Maxter, counsel for Hardy, interjected a remark, and Daniel Mullen, counsel for the printers, objected. Words passed, and Mr. Baxter finally said the last time he interrupted the court it was when the court was being lied to. "Who lied?" asked Mr. Mullen. "You did," was the reply. Mr. Mullen

then tried to mount the lawyers' table to reach his opponent, but failing, he rushed around the end and struck Baxter. An astonished police sergeant recovered enough to receive part of the effect of the blow as he rushed between the men. Baxter merely smiled and held his arm up at guard. Judge Ritchie asked an apology to the court from Mr. Mullen, and it was made.

The judge fined Hardy \$250 or three months in jail, but said he was in doubt as to his jurisdiction in the case, as the offence, if any was committed in the United States. He would like the opinion of the Supreme Court. A deposit was accepted for Hardy, pending the appeal.

FOREST FIRES ARE RAGING

People in the Settlements Are Alarmed at Their Approach.

A despatch from Fort William says: When the sun went down on Wednesday night it looked as though it was making a plunge into a mass of flames. All night the south-eastern heavens showed red and some people here declare that ashes and cinders were carried through the air, coming from either the stricken settlements on the south shore or from the burning districts in the Whitefish Valley.

For the last week there have come stories of burning forests. The whole south side of Mount McKay has been burned over and on Wednesday morning a telephone message from Hyman says that the people of that settlement are very uneasy. Only a few miles south of them the fires are burning and one settler has already been burned out. In the unsettled portions of Gillies and Scoble small fires are burning, but there is no possible way to check them except a heavy rainfall. The fire back of the moun-

tain is in the Township of Phipps, but up to the present has not reached any of the settlements.

SOLID WALL OF FIRE.

A solid wall of flames twenty-five miles in length is said to stretch from Grand Marais to Chicago Bay on the international boundary line. The Pigeon River Lumber Company's camp at Chicago Bay is said to be destroyed. The flames are now approaching close to Hymers on the Gunflint branch of the Canadian Northern and the settlers are said to be very anxious. The flames are devouring everything in the White Fish Valley. There is a bad fire at Silver Mountain and Gunflint. Two Pigeon River lumber camps on the International boundary are destroyed. The fire in the Indian reserve is still burning, but the Indians have it in check. There is another large fire burning on Thunder Cape, near Silver Island.

STILL RULES THE WAVES

Great Britain's Largest and Heaviest Warship Launched.

A despatch from Portsmouth, England, says: The St. Vincent, the largest and heaviest battleship ever built for the British navy, was launched successfully here on Thursday. The weather was fine and the sea smooth, and a great crowd saw the vessel take the water. As the warship slipped from her blocks she was christened by the Countess Beauchamp.

Counting the three cruising battleships of the Invincible class, the St. Vincent is the eighth vessel of the Dreadnought type to be launched in this country. The Admiralty has observed its usual reticence with regard to the details of the design and construction of the St. Vincent, but from certain figures

that were given out it is manifest that the experience gained from the construction of the Dreadnought has been utilized in this vessel. It is believed that some of the additional weight of the St. Vincent is to be accounted for by heavier armament for protection against torpedoes, and by improvements giving greater security to those controlling the movements of the ship while in action. A number of foreign naval attaches attended the launching, on the invitation of the Admiralty.

The St. Vincent was laid down in December of last year. She is supposed to be of about 19,250 tons and her cost has been given at \$9,500,000.

THE
EMPRESS
SHOE
"SET THE SHOE FASHIONS"



This beautifully designed style is made of fine Patent Colt with dull matt tops, and is one of the up-to-the-minute Blucher styles. Although we offer this style to you for \$4.00 it looks and fits better than most \$5.00 shoes.

THE J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES, Napanee, Belleville, and Trenton.
Largest Dealers in this Section of Canada.

THE BEST FLOUR. DAFOE'S NONESUCH DAFOE'S MANITOBA PATENT

By numerous tests by the best Bakers the above mentioned grades have been proven to be the best Flours in the market. When buying Flour ask for Dafoe's, and patronize your home mill, thereby producing Bran and Shorts that you can purchase cheaper than the product of the Western mills, which has to be transported thousands of miles at great expense, and usually, when it reaches you, of inferior quality.

The grocer complains if the farmer or the mechanic sends to Toronto or to outside points for an article he can get at the home store just as good, but he does not hesitate to buy Flour from mills hundreds of miles away, and sell you an inferior Flour for more money than you can purchase the home product for, every bag of which is guaranteed.

CHOICE CORN MEAL and BUCK-WHEAT FLOUR always on hand.

FEED GRINDING a specialty, with the best feed mills known to the trade.

A full stock of the best ANTHRACITE COAL. Also in the market for the purchase of all kinds of Grain.

Ask for prices at the big Mill before purchasing your Flour, Feed or Coal.

Cambridge's Bread

wins its way on its merits. It is unequalled for lightness and flavour. Give it a trial.

Try our Ice Cream and Ice Cream Sodas.

made of purest materials.

Just received shipment of Lowrey's high grade Chocolate also COGNAC MAPLE

SEE OUR WINDOW

for New Fall Styles of

EMPRESS BOOTS.

We have them for Dress or Street Wear, made of Finest Patent Coltskin, Velour Calf, Gunmetal Calf, Tan Russia Calf, of Fine Vici Kid.

PRICES ARE

\$3.00, 3.50 & 4.00.

Sole Agents in Napanee.

Better Values

than are usually given

WE GIVE

—in—

UNDERWEAR HOSIERY, SHIRTS

A.E. Lazier.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP F. S. SCOTT, Proprietor.

First-Class Workmen.
Lightest and Brightest Shop in Napanee.

GIVE US A CALL.

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Near Royal Hotel
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential.

F. W. SMITH,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee.

Teachers' Convention.

Lennox & Addington Teacher's Convention will be held in Napanee on Thursday and Friday, October 15th and 16th.

Wallace's Good Spices
Make Good Pickles.

We pay more for our spices than most of other stores, but they cost you no more. Our profit is increased business. Your fruit or catsup won't spoil, if you use our preserving powder.

Church of St. Mary Magdalene.

Sunday Sept. 20th, Matins and Holy Eucharist at 11 a. m., evensong 7 p. m. A confirmation for adults only will be held D. V., early in November by the Bishop. Those desirous of receiving this holy rite are requested to give or send their names at once to the Vicar, Rev. Rural Dean Dibb.

Naylor's Theatre, Deseronto.

On Tuesday evening, Sept. 22nd, J. C. Rockwell's New Sunny South Co. will be there. It is America's greatest of all colored shows, largest in number, best in quality, band and orchestra and real colored talent, direct from the Sunny South introducing, Buck and Wing dancing, quartette singing, plantation scenes, grand female of 20 voices. Popular prices.

Hospital Meeting.

The regular monthly meeting of the Hospital Aid Society, will be held on Monday afternoon, Sept. 21st, at 3.30.

Keep Flies Off Your Cattle.

The best thing found yet is sold at Wallace's Drug Store, \$1.00 per gallon can or 75c a gallon and bring your own can.

Card of Thanks

Mr. and Mrs. E. McAfee, Tamworth, wish to convey their thanks to their many friends for their kindness and sympathy in their recent bereavement.

Music.

Miss Pearl A. Nesbit, pupil of Dr. Vogt, Toronto conservatory of music, (conductor of the Mendelssohn choir) wishes to state that she is prepared to give instruction in organ and piano music. For information address Newburgh, Ont.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Amatite Roofing, mineral surfaced, needs no painting. Made of time-tried roofing material only. Durable, lasting, easily applied, waterproof, fire retardant, especially adapted for flat roofs. An attractive roof, practical at every point. Cheaper than shingles. For sale at the Frost & Wood agency, John St., Napanee. C. A. Wiseman, Agent. 40 c p.

Card of Thanks.

My barn, which was insured in the Lennox & Addington Mutual Fire Insurance Company, was struck by lightning and burned with all its contents on August 4th. At the first meeting of the directors after the fire, Sept. 5th, my claim was fully paid and I would recommend the farmers of these Counties who wished protection from fire and lightning to insure in your own home company where you receive courteous and fair treatment from the Directors who you elect annually on the fourth Saturday in January.

S. M. CARD.

Another Triumph for the Heintzman & Co. Piano.

In a short time the Sheffield Choir, probably the finest musical organization in Great Britain, will cross the Atlantic to give a series of concerts in the leading cities of Canada. The management have selected a piano of the old firm of Heintzman & Co. to be used at all concerts. Coming closely upon the high compliment paid this firm by the Prince of Wales in selecting a diminutive grand piano for use in his private apartments at the Citadel, Quebec, tercentenary week, citizens generally have reason to be proud of the distinction won by this Canadian house. Messrs. Vanliven Bros., Moscow, sell the Heintzman.

We Lead in School Boots for the Children.

—EVERYTHING
—NEW.

The People's Shoe Store,

Hawley & Maybee,

Opposite Royal Hotel.

Police Court Tuesday.

Robert Richardson, Deseronto, appeared in the Police Court charged with having stolen a horse, buggy and harness, the property of Milford Dupree. Richardson took the rig from the Royal Hotel shed and tried to sell it at the market Hotel, not finding a purchaser he left the horse and rig at the Market Hotel. The prisoner pleaded guilty and was remanded for eight days for sentence.

Bert Perry, bailing from Deseronto, was up for stealing a gold watch from John Harris Sept. 5th. Perry pleaded guilty, giving drink as the excuse. He was remanded until Monday 21st for sentence.

William Elliot, for whom a warrant has been out since February, 1907, for stealing copper scrap from Chas. Stevens, also another charge of same date of drunk and disorderly was remanded until Tuesday next. Elliot was captured in Deseronto on Monday eve.

It is a Pleasure to Cook.....

when you use a

Peerless or Grand Peninsular Range

Do you want a range which will BAKE QUICKLY, HEAT WELL, and WILL LAST A LIFE TIME?

If so we are prepared to supply you with that kind. You needn't take our word for it, but ask the great number of satisfied customers who are using our line of Ranges.

Cambridge's Bread

wine its way on its merits. It is unequalled for lightness and flavour. Give it a trial.

Try our Ice Cream and Ice Cream Sodas.

made of purest materials.

Just received shipment of Lowmy's high grade Chocolates, also COWAN'S MAPLE BUDS and MEDALLIONS, fine goods.

Lunches served at all hours at

Cambridge's Confectionery.

Next A. E. Paul's, and The Robinson Company, Limited.

C O A L

Anthracite Steam Smithing and Cannel

—ALSO—

DRY SLABS AND HARDWOOD FOR SALE.

Office, West Side Market Square, Phone 194
Yard: Foot of West Street. 1-11

CHAS. STEVENS,

STR. REINDEER.

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

Daily, Sundays Excepted. Effective Wednesday, April 22nd, 1908. Subject to change without notice.

	A. M.	P. M.
Napanee	Leave 9:03	
Deseronto	7:30	
Hough's	7:20	
Thompson's Point	7:30	
Glenn Island	8:00	
Glennora	8:30	
Pictou	Arrive 8:50	
Pictou	Leave 9:00	
Thompson's Point	10:00	
Hough's	10:20	
Deseronto	Arrive 11:00	
		P. M.
Deseronto	Leave 1:15	
Hough's	2:00	
Thompson's Point	2:20	
Pictou	Arrive 3:10	
Pictou	Leave 3:30	
Glennora	4:30	
Glenn Island	4:45	
Thompson's Point	5:15	
Hough's	5:30	
Deseronto	Arrive 6:20	
Napanee		

—Stop on signal.

CONNECTIONS.

At Deseronto with Bay of Quinte and Grand Trunk Railway Trains for all points East, West and North, with Steamer Ed's Boat for Upper Bay of Quinte. At Pictou with Central Ontario Railway.

JAS. COLLIER, Captain.

A. S. Kimmery continues paying 17 1/2 cash or trade for new laid 1908 from the farm stone, and millers eggs not wanted. 22 nutmeg 5c. Toasted Corn Flakes 3 packages 25c. Five Boxes Flour \$5.00. Good Flour \$2.80. Car of Seed Corn in stock.

An action for absolute divorce has been commenced by Agnes A. Woodcock against George F. Woodcock. The parties were married at Napanee, December 17th, 1884, and lived in Canada until 1889, when they moved to Brownville, N. Y., having separated seven years ago. They have five children. Kingston Whig.

It's a pity when sick ones drag the stomach or stimulate the Heart and Kidneys. That is all wrong! A weak Stomach, means weak Stomach nerves, always. And this is also true of the Heart and Kidneys. The weak nerves are instead crying out for help. This explains why Dr. Shipco's Restorative is promptly helping Stomach, Heart and Kidney ailments. The Restorative reaches out for the actual cause of these ailments—the failing "inside nerves". Anyway test the Restorative 48 hours. It won't cure so soon as that, but you will surely know that help is coming.

SOLE AGENTS

Cambridge's Bread

Do you want a range which will BAKE QUICKLY, HEAT WELL, and WILL LAST A LIFE TIME?

If so we are prepared to supply you with that kind. You needn't take our word for it, but ask the great number of satisfied customers who are using our line of Ranges.

Headquarters for "Star Cement"

M. S. MADOLE.

PHONE 13.

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.

We think we can please you. TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.

PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

J. N. Osborne

Barber Shop is on the north side of Dundas street near Steacy's. Call and see how well he can suit you.

The gate receipts at the County Fair Tuesday and Wednesday was \$1000.00.

Mr. Robt. J. Pybus has sold his residence on Roblin's hill to Mr. G. B. Joy.

Mr. W. T. Gilbard has purchased the next lot to Jas. Young on Centre street.

Furnaces and stoves, we have had years of experience, worth while asking about what we have, no trouble to show and explain advantages.

BOYLE & SON.

A meeting of the Poultry Association will be held in Mr. Jas. Walters' store at 7 p. m. on Friday. The members are requested to be present and arrange necessary matters in connection with the next show.

No matter who tested your eyes, nor where you were fitted with glasses, if they are not giving present satisfaction you can have them made right at The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

On Tuesday morning three prisoners from Kaladar were brought to Napanee and lodged in gaol. Chas. Goni is charged with setting fire to W. H. Vance's barn; Stanley Peterson is charged with burning Philip Peterson's barn, and Francis Goni is charged with threatening to kill his father and burn his barn and house. The three had a preliminary hearing before J. M. Dufee, J. P. Flinton, and will appear before Judge Madden on Saturday.

The Frontenac Business College, Kingston, Ont., opened its Fall term September 1st, with the largest enrolment in its history. This is the direct outcome of our superior courses of training and our success in securing good situations for our graduates. There are a few special scholarships still open for students residing outside our city. You can save \$10 on any course if you write at once. New students registering each week—individual instruction. T. N. Stockdale, Principal.

"AS GOOD AS DEAD."

Heart Disease that Baffled the Cleverest Physicians Gives Up the Fight—Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart Wins Again.

It isn't a bit of boast to say that Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart works miracles every day. A Toronto lady, living on Queen street west, was given by her doctor "till morning at most to live," and when the life cord seemed just about to snap this great remedy was suggested as a last resort—and it saved the life—stopped the pain inside of 20 minutes, and today she is enjoying excellent health, free from all heart suffering. (19)

Sold by T. R. Wallace

of all colored shows, largest in number best in quality, band and orchestra and real colored talent, direct from the Sunny South introducing, Buck and Wing dancing, quartette singing, plantation scenes, grand female of 20 voices. Popular prices.

Hospital Meeting.

The regular monthly meeting of the Hospital Aid Society, will be held on Monday afternoon, Sept. 21st, at 3:30, in the Board room of the Public Library. Will the Committees that were appointed at the June meeting please attend to the work assigned them and bring in reports and membership fees. A full attendance is earnestly solicited.

Army Harvest Festival.

The Salvation Army commences its annual Harvest Festival on Saturday, Sept. 19th. The proceeds of this effort will be devoted to the maintenance and extension of the work. We shall be calling upon our many friends to help us in gifts of money, all donations will be thankfully received. We sincerely thank you for your past interest in our work of love, and hope for your future patronage. God bless you.

A. BAKER, Adjutant.

Big Fire at Bath.

The village of Bath was visited by a disastrous fire, on Wednesday evening, and for a time the whole place was in danger of being consumed. Only the heroic work of villagers saved Bath from being wiped off the map. The blaze originated at 9:20 o'clock, in the house of Mrs. McTaggart, on the main street, an oil stove being the immediate cause. It soon was beyond control, and houses in the immediate vicinity were in danger. It wasn't long before the fire attacked them, one after the other, and within an hour and a half, five dwellings, three barns and an out-house were in ruins. The dwellings destroyed were occupied by Mrs. McTaggart, James Shibley, R. Blackadder, and a double house by William Quinn and William Smith. The barns were owned by Messrs. Shibley, who also had an out-house burned, Blackadder and Smith. The post office was saved, after some strenuous work by the village volunteer brigade. The village had no fire-fighting appliances beyond buckets. The total loss will be between \$4,000 and \$5,000. The burned buildings are fairly well insured.

Golf.

A party of Pictou golfers numbering twenty eight were in Napanee on Friday last and played a match with the Napanee club. The visiting golfers were entertained at the Campbell House for dinner and after the game, the visitors and their friends, with the Napanee club were entertained by the Napanee Ladies to tea at the golf grounds. The visitors were well pleased with their reception though the Napanee team beat them handsomely.

PICTON.

	Holes up.
H. D. McMillan	1
B. Way	0
B. McMillan	2
J. R. Brown	0
J. D. Hepburn (Capt.)	0
S. B. Geering	0
R. McMullan	0
G. A. Trumppour	0
Dr. Knight	0
D. J. Barker	0
H. B. Bristol	0
G. Williamson	0

NAPANEE.

	Holes up.
W. C. Smith	0
W. A. Bellhouse	1
H. Daly	0
R. A. Leonard	0
C. M. Warner (Capt.)	0
J. W. Robinson	5
A. Hawley	10
D. L. Hill	1
T. B. German	2
F. T. Dibb	2
C. E. Freer	3
J. B. Allison	9

John Harris Sept. 5th. Perry pleaded guilty, giving drink as the excuse. He was remanded until Monday 21st for sentence.

William Elliot, for whom a warrant has been out since February, 1907, for stealing copper scrap from Chas. Stevens, also another charge of same date of drunk and disorderly was remanded until Tuesday next. Elliot was captured in Deseronto on Monday eve.

When Prince Arthur, of Connaught was travelling through Canada, McConkey's Chocolates were served on the train. "The choice of Royalty." The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper, sole agent for Napanee.

Married in Toronto.

Mrs. Mina Benson Hubbard, widow of the late Leonidas Hubbard the Labrador explorer, was married in Toronto on Wednesday to Mr. Harold Thornton Ellis, only son of Right Hon. John Edward Ellis M. P. for Rushcliffe, Nottinghamshire, England. Mrs. Hubbard was one of three daughters of James Benson, well known in municipal politics in Northumberland County and served as reeve of the Township of Hamilton. He has been dead about two years. Her two sisters are her seniors, Mrs. Roberts is a widow, and her son, Dr. Grattons, Roberts, is in the city for the ceremony. Her other sister is married to Rev. G. W. McColl, of Napanee, and he officiated in uniting the happy pair. The whole ceremony was strictly a family affair, no outside guests having been invited and the strictest privacy being desired. The groom's father and mother are here from England for the occasion. Mrs. Hubbard's notable achievement in the completion of the task attempted by her late husband in Labrador has given her an undying name in the chronicles of science, and her literary record of the feat, "A Woman's Way thru Unknown Labrador," has secured her a place in literature.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of The Kind You Have Always Bought



BOYS' BLOUSES CLEARING AT 40 cts.

Wash Suits at 75c.

Boys' 2 and 3 Piece Light Summer Suits at

CLEARING PRICES.

Graham & VanaIstyne.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF



Fine Black Suits,
Dress Suits and
Tuxedos, Single and
Double Breasted
Frock Suits, Clerical
Suits and Cossocks.

All correctly fashion-
ed in a diversity of
styles.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailor, - Napanee.

PERSONALS

Mr. Sperry Shibley, of Wilton, was in Napanee for the County show.

Mrs. Clarence VanAlstyne, Palace Road, has returned home from a visit with her sister, Miss Gertrude DaFoe, of Toronto.

Miss Sarah Nagle, Perth, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Savage.

Mrs. A. E. Cline, Ogdenburgh, N. Y., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Greene.

Mrs. Mark Maybee and son left on Tuesday for Salt Coast, Sask. where Mr. Maybee has secured a position.

Mr. E. McAfee, Tamworth, is spending the week with friends in Napanee.

Mr. Thomas Johnstone returned last Saturday from his trip to Edmonton, Alberta.

Mrs. Dr. McDonald and Mrs. Henry Perry, of Kingston, formerly of Japan are spending a week with friends in Napanee.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Watson Duncan, Glasgow, and Miss Anderson, Edinburgh, Scotland, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Symington and Dr. Symington.

Mr. Alex Magee and wife returned on Saturday from Hamilton and the Toronto Fair.

Mr. Thos. Freemantle and son, Thomas F., Odessa, were in town Saturday and were callers at our office.

Miss Winnifred Robb returned to Montreal this week.

Miss Janet Templeton left this week to spend the winter at Brandon, Man.

Mr. W. J. Doller spent a few days in Toronto this week.

Mr. Fred Stevens, of Toronto, was renewing acquaintances in town this week and returned home on Tuesday evening.

Miss Libbie Jenkins, Leinster, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Geo. Grieve.

Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas VanAlstyne, Mill Street, are spending a few days this week in Brockville, the guest of their son, Mr. Ezra VanAlstyne.

Mr. W. J. Doller is spending a few days in Montreal.

Mr. John Wallace is spending a couple of weeks in Little Current visiting his son, Mr. Jas. Wallace.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Frizzell, Toronto, are guests of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Frizzell.

Miss Clara Bowen has returned home after spending two weeks very pleasantly with relatives in Toronto and Niagara on the Lake.

Mr. Alf. Connolly and Miss Helen Trickey, Yarker, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Lowry on Wednesday.

Mrs. Alvy Snider, of Wilton, Mr. and Mrs. James Johnson, of Ernestown, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Wright, of Violet, and Mr. James Huff, of Wilton, took in the county show on Wednesday.

Mr. J. M. Graham is improving steadily and his many friends may expect to see him around again shortly.

Mr. Sylvester Dunning is quite ill at the residence of his sister, Mrs. Leatch. His daughter-in-law, Mrs. A. B. Dunning, of Albany, N. Y., is here attending him and will take him to Albany as soon as he recovers sufficiently.

Mr. McAllister, of the Merchants' Bank, has been transferred to Athens.

Mrs. C. E. Bartlett is attending the wedding of her friend, Miss May Wilson, of Perth.

Miss Gertrude Gardner, of Bellevue, Ohio, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Jewell.

Mrs. Miller, Peterboro, is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. J. S. Ham, Dundas street.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Cunningham, Kirkland, Ill. are guests of her parents Mr. and Mrs. Jas. McCarty, Sillsville.

Mr. Fred Parrott, Belleville, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Mark Parrott.

The Napanee Express

will be sent to any
address in Canada
from now until

January 1st, 1909,

—for—

25 Cents.

Send it to your friends.

Subscribe Now.

NEW BOOKS FOR THE LIBRARY.

For the past two months the eyes of all Canadians have been directed towards the early history of America, and a few chapters from that history were presented at Quebec at the Tercentenary Celebration. To meet the demand for interesting books dealing with these early periods the Board of Management has purchased the entire series of the "Trail Makers." These books are intensely interesting from a historical standpoint, and it is earnestly hoped they will be freely circulated. They are as follows:

Voyages of Champlain, 1604-1616, as narrated by himself. In these volumes will be found Champlain's narrative of his famous hunting expeditions in these Counties.

The Journeys of La Salle and his Companions, 1688-1687, as related by himself and his followers. The thrilling adventures of this intrepid explorer, the first white man to be a landowner in this County, should be of interest to all.

The Journey of Alvar Nunez Cabeza de Vaca and his Companions 1528-1536. This is the story of the first white man to cross our continent told by himself. His narrative newly translated is now made accessible to the general public for the first time. It is a story of shipwreck and battle, of captivity, strange adventures and extraordinary experiences among the Indians.

Narratives of the career of Hernando de Soto, in the Conquest of Florida, relates the experiences of this celebrated adventurer in America.

The Wild Northland presents the other extreme from a climate standpoint, being the story of a winter journey across the Northern part of the continent, by General Sir William Francis Butler.

Lewis & Clark Journals. There has been considerable controversy over the originality of the discoveries of these explorers. This is a complete history of the expeditions under their command to the source of the Missouri

Home Seekers Excursions

TO—
Manitoba, Saskatchewan
and Alberta.

APRIL..... 11th and 28th
MAY..... 12th and 26th
JUNE..... 9th and 23rd
JULY..... 7th and 21st
AUGUST..... 14th and 18th
SEPTEMBER..... 1st, 15th and 29th

For full particulars apply to

E. McLAUGHLIN

17-3m Agent C. P. R.

In Town Hall.

On Sunday afternoon next, September 20th, at 3 p. m., J. Stovel will preach Jesus Christ and Him crucified. All are invited to attend.

St Jude's Church, Strathcona.

Rev. R. W. Spencer, Rector of Camden East has kindly offered to hold services in this church every Tuesday evening at 7.30 o'clock, beginning next Tuesday, Sept. 22nd. All are earnestly invited.

Sunny Jim Again.

Jim Dumps was once a wretched man. Try as he would, he could not plan. To make what money was allowed Buy school books for his lousy crowd.

"What shall I do?" the poor man calls. Why go and buy your books at Paul's. Your money will go round with him." He did and now he's Sunny Jim.

A. E. Paul, For School Books.

Musical Club.

The last Club meeting under the present management will be held Wednesday next, September 23rd, in the Town Hall at 4 o'clock. Miss Muriel King, pianist of Kingston, who also illustrated Rev. Harper Gray's lecture in the Club last November, will be assisted by Miss Molina a very distinguished soprano of New York. This meeting will of course be open to members on presentation of tickets and to non-members on payment of 25c.

Wedding at Stella.

On Wednesday morning, September 9th, in the presence of an audience which filled the Methodist church to the doors, Robert Patterson Saunders and Miss Deborah Carrie Fleming, were united in marriage. The church was beautifully decorated with flowers. Rev. Dr. Porter, pastor of the Methodist church, officiated. After the ceremony a sumptuous wedding breakfast was served at the residence of Hartley Fleming, brother of the bride. The happy couple left for Toronto by the boat, showered with rice, and followed by the best wishes of a large company of relatives and acquaintances assembled on the wharf. —Whig.

An Ernestown Wedding.

On Wednesday, September 9th, a delightful event took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Parrott, Odessa, when their only daughter, Keitha, A., was united in marriage to William O. Hagerman. The ceremony was performed by Rev. G. W. McColl, Napanee, in the presence of a large number of friends and relatives. The bride looked charming in

Wedding Gifts

We are able to supply any want in the wedding gift line from a \$100 present to the highest. You will travel many miles before you find an assortment of cut glass and sterling silverware equal to ours. The newest designs at enticing prices. Engagement rings and wedding rings, our specialty.

Marriage Licenses
Issued.

An Ernestown Wedding.

On Wednesday, September 9th, a delightful event took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Marshall, Parrott, Odessa, when their only daughter, Keitha, A., was united in marriage to William O. Hagerman. The ceremony was performed by Rev. G. W. McColl, Napanee, in the presence of a large number of friends and relatives. The bride looked charming in her gown of point d'esprit over white silk, trimmed with silk lace, and satin baby ribbon, with a wreath and veil, as she entered the parlor on the arm of her father to the strains of Mendelssohn's wedding march, rendered by Mrs. H. Jamieson, Hartington. The bride and groom took their places beneath an arch of evergreens decorated with a large white bell and flowers. After congratulations, all were ushered into the dining room, where a fine repast was served. Mr. and Mrs. Hagerman took the midnight train at Napanee for Toronto, Niagara Falls and Buffalo. The bride's travelling suit was brown broadcloth, shot silk waist with hat and gloves to match. The esteem in which the bride and groom are held was manifested by the fine array of beautiful and costly presents. The groom's gift to the bride was a gold watch and fob.

Gas Fixtures, Mantles, Inverted lights. Reduce your gas bill by buying the best fixtures. Sold only by
BOYLE & SON.

THE HICKORY TREE.

It is wholly North American and Belongs Here Alone.

Strictly speaking, there is only one North American tree—only one tree family, that is—no member of which has ever been found on any other continent. This is the hickory. It belongs to America alone, and its very name is a legacy from the former owners of the land. The "Historic of Travels into Virginia Britannia" says:

"Hickory is derived from the Indian name of the liquor obtained by pounding the kernels. These the Indians beat into pieces with stones and putting them, shells and all, into mortars, mingling water with them, with long wooden pestles pound them so long together until they make a kind of mylke, or oylie liquor, which they call Powcohicora."

There are nine varieties of this tree on the American continent, and, although the tree is a stranger to Europe, and so has not shared in the legacy of ancient legend and story with the oak, the ash and the other trees familiar to Greek and Teuton, it has made up for its poverty in this respect since the time of the early settlers in its own native country. Its qualities are celebrated in the proverb, "Tough as hickory."

Commercially it is valuable where a strong and close grained wood is needed, and no doubt the excellence of the American axe is due quite as much to its handle of hickory as to the quality of its steel.

Hickory nuts were highly appreciated by the Indians. Bertram in his "Travels in North America" states that he has seen over a hundred bushels of these nuts belonging to one family. The Indian name of the nut appears in English as kiskatomas, kiskiyom and kiskiythomas, all of which are probably corruptions of the word kwaskadamgune, a word which we translate by the phrase, "It must be cracked by the teeth." The Indians certainly had the secret of creating what Humpty Dumpty called "portmanteau words."

In the hungry days of spring, before the earth was producing other food, the Indians are said to have kept off starvation by eating the young buds of the hickory. Having tried to follow in their footsteps, I found that the buds, while delicious in flavor, are rather like a mixture of shoe leather and wool in texture, so they cannot have been a very satisfactory diet.

Ohio, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. Jewell.

Mrs. Miller, Peterboro, is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. J. S. Ham, Dundas street.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Cunningham, Kirkland, Ill. are guests of her parents Mr. and Mrs. Jas. McCarty, Hillsville.

Mr. Fred Parrott, Belleville, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Mark Parrott.

Mr. W. B. Grievy was in Deseronto on Thursday.

Mrs. E. M. Hogle, Rutherford, N. Y. is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Don Thompson.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Donaldson, Peterborough, spent a few days last week the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Vine.

Mr. W. S. Herrington went to Deseronto Thursday.

Miss Heck left for Perth Wednesday to visit friends.

Miss Carrie Crawford, of Ingle, spent last week the guest of Miss Jetta Gould, who returned with her and is spending the week with friends there.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Grooms returned on Tuesday from a month's visit with friends in Michigan.

Mr. Ernest Madden is confined to the house with typhoid fever.

Ward Sherman had the misfortune to break his arm while playing ball at the park on Wednesday afternoon.

Those beautiful lamps at Boyle & Son's are cheaper than any they have had, new up to date decorations.
BOYLE & SON.

SEAGOING SANITARIUM.

Ship For Invalids Undertaken by Builders of Mauretania.

According to the Neue Freie Presse of Vienna, a company is being formed to provide a floating sanitarium for invalids likely to derive benefit from a sea voyage, but whose requirements are not at all or only imperfectly met by a voyage on ordinary vessels. An English firm, builders of the Mauretania, have undertaken to build for \$500,000 a vessel specially designed for invalids and devoted entirely to their needs.

Whereas ordinary vessels are obliged to follow a pre-established course and to take storm and sunshine as they may come, the floating sanitarium would go in search of good weather, seek shelter from bad weather and consult solely the welfare of its invalid passengers. The ship is to be designed to contain a swimming bath, hydrotherapeutic institutes and a hall for gymnastics and other exercises. All cabins are to be constructed so as to afford their occupants a maximum of direct light and air. The Adriatic and in particular the Austrian Riviera and the Dalmatian coasts are contemplated as the usual cruising ground of the new vessel.

Melancholy Thought.

When a man really gives his thoughts up chiefly to catables and drinkables he generally ceases to think of anything else after awhile. It is related in an old book on French cookery that Fontenelle, a French author of the early part of the eighteenth century belonging to the school of the precieuses, or literary exquisites, was found one beautiful morning lying at ease on the slope of a hill.

In the valley was a large flock of sheep. They skipped about daintily, waiting for their guardian to take them home. A friend of Fontenelle surprised him gazing meditatively upon these sheep.

"Ah!" said the friend. "The amiable philosopher ponders without doubt upon the vicissitudes of life."

"Y-yes," said Fontenelle. "I had been carefully looking over this flock, and I said to myself, 'It is possible that among these 200 sheep there is not one tender leg of mutton!'"

The Wild Northland presents the other extreme from a climate standpoint, being the story of a winter journey across the Northern part of the continent, by General Sir William Francis Butler.

Lewis & Clark Journals. There has been considerable controversy over the originality of the discoveries of these explorers. This is a complete history of the expeditions under their command to the source of the Missouri thence across the Rocky Mountains and down the Columbia River to the Pacific Ocean.

The History of the Five Indian Nations, by Cadwallader Colden. The history of our country is so interwoven with that of the original Indian Tribes that a knowledge of these nations is essential to a clear understanding of their displacement by the white men.

Voyages of Alexander Mackenzie, 1780-1793, is a vivid description of the perilous adventures of this early traveler from Montreal through the continent of America to the Pacific and frozen Ocean.

The Journey of Coronado, 1540-1542. A description of his trip from the Ancient City of Mexico to the Grand Canon of the Colorado and the buffalo plains of Texas, Kansas and Nebraska.

A Journey of Voyages and Travels in the Interior of North America, by Daniel William Harmon. This is one of the most important of the series, is of a popular character and should not be overlooked.

While the Board does not deprecate the reading of fiction, they would respectfully remind the subscribers that the best modern books in the Library will not be found among that class. Large sums of money are annually expended in the purchase of excellent books a great many of which are rarely called for. A complete list of all recent purchases not appearing in the printed Catalogue will be found posted upon the Bulletin Board in the reading room. A large consignment of new books is now passing through the hands of the reading committee. Among those which have already been added during the past week, will be found "The Old Pioneer" by Allen Davis, formerly of our town.

Mr. Crewe's Career by Winston Churchill, and "A Canadian Girl in London," by Everard Coates.

Customs and Fashions in old New England, by Alice Morse Earle. This author has spent many years in careful research and has won the reputation of being a standard authority upon everything relating to the old colonial days.

A Pilgrimage to Jerusalem by Charles Cannadett Trumbull, is the story of the cruise of the World's Fourth Sunday School Convention and of a ride through Palestine. This is a large volume, beautifully illustrated. The reader in search of an instructive and well written book of travel, will not be disappointed if he selects this one.

Popular Fallacies by A. S. E. Ackerman. It is surprising what a number of pet theories are dismissed in this volume. The divining rod, table turning, mind reading and a thousand other popular beliefs all meet the same inglorious fate. We learn that the Pilgrim Fathers did not sail direct from England to America. That King John did not sign the Magna Charta, that it is not wise to kill a dog when he has bitten a man as a safeguard against hydrophobia, that a cat cannot suck a baby's breath, and that Watt did not invent the steam engine.

Yes.

We want you to come and see us and bring along your cash, and we think we can show you that you can save money by buying from us. We are offering a big discount off all lines of crockery and glassware in order to reduce our stock, which is far too large for this season of the year. You will find as good value with us in all lines of groceries etc., as any where in town. Our tea at 25c. has them all whipped in the cup. Will pay highest price for eggs
THE COXALL CO.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Bowel Laxative.

pieces before you find an assortment of cut glass and sterling silverware equal to ours. The newest designs at enticing prices. Engagement rings and wedding rings, our specialty.

Marriage Licenses Issued.



500 Oak Children's Savings Banks

TO BE GIVEN AWAY

During Fair Week

AT FISHER'S

MUSIC :: STORE

In order to make this store more widely known, we shall give away, to each purchaser of the value of 10c, an Oak Child's Savings Bank, new and strongly made. This offer is good from 8 a. m. on Tuesday the 15th inst., and will continue until the 500 are given away.

No matter what you buy. Sheet Music, Post Cards, Stationery, Books, Pictures, Wallpapers and a host of other goods. This is an advertising offer pure and simple, and there are only

500 Savings Banks

to be distributed, so those who come first will get them.

FISHER'S

MUSIC :: STORE

(Opposite MacMill's)

USE GAS

—for—

Lighting,
Heating,
Cooking.

No House is Complete
Without it.

The consumer who has once experienced the convenience and comfort of a gas range, hot water heater, or other convenience is never satisfied without it. Consumers know

The Time Saved.
The Money Saved.
And the Labor Saved.

The Napanee Gas Co.